Pittsburgh Commercial.

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CITY ITEMS.

Cheapest in the World. Boots and Shoes at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Do You Wish a Fashionable Hat, And at twenty-five per cent. cheaper than at any other place. Call at Charley Moore's next door to the Commercial office, 74 Fifth street, and you can get it.

Anthropoglossus. The wonder of all wonders, the most startling and perfect illusion ever conceived, at the Opera House, to-night.

Robert Heller Remains three nights more at the Opera House. New music and illusions never before produced in America, to-night.

The Dry Goods Trade. The rapid advance in prices for cotton fabrics, with the probability that prices will be well sustained during the season, has taken a great many of our merchants by surprise. The difficulty at putting up prices at retail, an experience always most undesirable is again devolved upon merchants, and buyers at retail must make up their minds to submit to the advance with the best grace they can command. We are glad to be able to say, in this connection, that once again, owing to their having buyers constantly in the market, and thoroughly acquainted with it, and so able to anticipate an advance, our wide awake friends, the Messrs. Barker & Co., 59 Market street, have provided themselves with a large stock of choice things, which, with their usual liberality, they propose to sell at less than Eastern prices. Acting in the interests of our readers, who are wanting goods either at wholesale or retail, we publish this fact, and recommend them to use their earliest opportunity to visit their store, as, when this is known, no quantity of goods, no matter how large, can be long retained by them.

The Annual Pic-nic Of the Eagle Fire Company, will be held at Glenwood Grove, on Tuesday, June 5, 1866. Trains will leave the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Depot as follows: 8:30 and 11 A. M., and 1 and 3 P. M.

Hernia or Rupture. Trusses and mechanical appliances of every kind for the cure of all diseases requiring mechanical support. Also, a new and perfect appliance for Prolapsus Uteri at Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood street. Private office, 120 Penn street.

Skin Diseases. Dr. Keyser's private office, No. 120 Penn street. For the treatment of all Chronic, Ulcerative Diseases of the Skin, Hair, Scalp, Tongue, Forehead, Eyes and Ears. Also, Deafness and Catarrhal Affections.

Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bedbugs. Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bedbugs. Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bedbugs. Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bedbugs kills upon touch, curls them up as fire does a leaf, and remains of permanent effect. Try it, and sleep in peace. Sold by all live druggists.

The Daily Commercial

The Soldiers' Convention To-morrow.

The delegates to the Soldiers' Convention, which meets at the Academy of Music in this city to-morrow, will commence arriving to-day. The Philadelphia delegation, in command of Gen. Joshua T. Owen, left that city last night at eleven o'clock, and will arrive in this city at noon to-day. Other delegations from points along the Central railroad will arrive in the same train.

At a meeting of the soldiers in Beaver county, held at the court house, on Thursday, the following delegates were chosen to the Convention: Sergeant Robert Dickey, Sergt. J. R. Hanna and Capt. J. Weyand.

The soldiers of Erie county, at a meeting held Friday, appointed the following delegates: Col. Charles M. Lynch, Col. C. P. Rogers, Col. D. B. McCreary, Capt. John Graham, Capt. Thomas Elmers and Capt. Frank Wagner. The meeting adopted resolutions endorsing the nomination of Gen. Geary for Governor, and pledging him the support of the soldiers of Erie county. It was also determined to hold a Soldiers' Convention in Erie, at a day to be designated by the chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, Col. D. B. McCreary.

The soldiers of Lawrence county on Wednesday elected the following delegates to the Pittsburgh Convention: Colonel O. L. Jackson, Lieut. W. W. Gibson, J. Smith Dushane, C. B. Lower, and Mr. Eckles. A resolution was also passed recommending a county meeting on Saturday, the 9th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., for making arrangements preparatory to the celebration of our National Independence in a proper manner.

The soldiers of Chester county, at their meeting to elect delegates to the State Convention, adopted a series of strong Union resolutions, among which are the following:

Resolved, That it is the sentiment of this Convention that an eternal line of demarkation should be drawn between the loyal and the disloyal sentiment of the country, and those who opposed the Government in its late painful struggle for national existence, should not be allowed to creep into the loyal ranks, but should be stamped with perpetual contempt and disgrace by all good citizens.

Resolved, That we hereby ratify the nomination of General John W. Geary, the candidate for Governor of the loyal men of Pennsylvania.

LAWRENCE COUNTY UNION CONVENTION.

Nominations and Resolutions—Sound Union Doctrines Enunciated.

The Union Republican Convention of Lawrence county met in New Castle, on Monday last, and placed in nomination the following ticket: For Congress, Hon. Geo. V. Lawrence, of Washington; Assembly, William C. Harbison, of Shenango, subject to decision of Representative Conferees; Associate Judge, Samuel Taylor, of Little Beaver; Prothonotary, Jacob Haus, of Pollock; Commissioner, Asa Eckles, of Big Beaver; Auditor, P. K. Sedgwick, of New Castle. John L. Hays, John McKeivy and Samuel McKinley were appointed Representative Conferees, and Dr. John W. Wallace, T. J. Alford and Arney Biddle were chosen Congressional Conferees. The Convention adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we deeply deplore the breach between the President and the Congress of the United States, as tending to retard the speedy, effective and permanent inauguration of an era of good among the people of the different sections of the Union; as promoting unnecessary strife, and a tenacious and useless adherence to issues which are past, and which ought no longer to occupy the attention of the public; and as interfering with the careful and judicious considerations, selection and adoption of measures which are so evidently necessary, and so urgently demanded for the future welfare of the nation.

Resolved, That the basis of representation in the Congress of the United States having been adopted in reference to an institution and state of affairs which no longer exists—ought to be so changed as to conform more justly with the present and future political rights and privileges accorded and to be accorded to all persons therein represented.

Resolved, That the rebellion having been effectually crushed—the honor of the Government vindicated, and its power and authority permanently established, we regard it as the right and duty of Congress to enact such laws and adopt such measures as shall afford special security to life, liberty, reputation and property in all the disaffected districts of the country, to all persons within its protection—and that in the execution of laws and measures, it is the duty of the President to discriminate judiciously, so that the band of arbitrary power, or governmental espionage shall not oppress those who persons, or districts which honestly endeavor to conform to the requirements of the constitution and laws of the country.

Resolved, That among the unsolved problems for our future security and prosperity and which ought to be as speedily settled as the same can be done, are, better provision for the moral and intellectual progress of all the laboring classes of the country—a system of internal finances which shall include a prohibition of payment of the rebel debt—which shall make ample provision for the payment of the Federal debt; a more perfect revenue system; the extension of the Federal banking system till it shall meet all the necessities of the legitimate and growing business of the country; the funding of the short time paper of the government; better facilities for the development of the mineral, agricultural and mechanical resources of the whole country, and a tariff system which shall enable all the industrial interests of the country to establish themselves on a permanent basis of prosperity, and which shall protect us against the ruinous effects of a prostrating foreign competition, founded on ill-fed, ill-paid, and uneducated labor.

Resolved, That we rejoice in the prospect of the speedy deliverance of Mexico from the arbitrary dominion of a foreign power, and that this nation has reason to be proud of the handsome manner in which the foreign department of our Government has relieved us from the danger which menaced us in that quarter.

Resolved, That the citizens of Pennsylvania owe it to their good name, and to the best interests of the State, to guard well the purity of their Legislature (now so openly assailed) by the election thereto of none but capable men of undoubted integrity, and that we believe the adoption of a free railroad law, and a more complete code of laws upon the subject of corporations generally would be in themselves beneficial, and remove much of the causes of complaint, and the sources of temptation to corrupt practices.

Resolved, That we seize this opportunity again to express our thanks to His Excellency, Gov. Andrew G. Curtin, for his patriotic and unselfish devotion during the whole two terms of office to the honor and interests of the State, and to foreshadow our gratification if he shall hereafter be called to occupy a seat of power and dignity in the highest legislative council of the nation, and we hereby request our Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly to use their influence to secure that result.

Resolved, That in Hon. George V. Lawrence we have found a faithful representative, and that we have this day given the most emphatic endorsement of his course in Congress, of which we are capable, by our unanimous re-nomination of him for the same high office.

Resolved, That our confidence in the integrity, ability, patriotism and energy of our candidate for Governor, John W. Geary, will be made manifest by the increased majority which we expect to deliver for his election, at the polls, in October.

MR. SUMNER.—A Washington correspondent says: It is not generally known, I believe, that Senator Sumner is and has been for six or eight weeks suffering seriously from a recurrence of the cerebral and nervous troubles caused by the bludgeon of Brooks ten years ago. He is unable to perform continuous and severe mental labor. Powerful anodynes alone bring him sleep. His physicians say that he has overtasked his brain and needs rest.

DEATH OF THE SPANISH ADMIRAL.—The New York correspondent of the Boston *Advocate* states that he learns from good authority that Admiral Nunez, commander of the Spanish squadron in the Pacific, died of his wounds a few days after the bombardment of Callao. The news was for the time suppressed by the efforts of the Spanish authorities.

RUNAWAY.—A horse attached to a car on the Manchester Passenger Railway, took fright on Saturday, at the corner of Ohio and Federal streets, in Allegheny, and drew the car off the track, and over the pavement, striking against the Market House. The car was damaged but slightly.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

INTERNAL REVENUE FINE REMITTED.

DESTITUTION IN MISSOURI AND KANSAS.

THE FENIAN INVASION OF CANADA.

Applications for Pardons.

Shipments of Fractional Currency.

MEETING OF UNITED STATES COURT AT RICHMOND.

THE CASE OF JEFF. DAVIS TO BE CALLED UP.

A MOTION WILL BE MADE FOR HIS RELEASE ON PAROLE.

ILLNESS OF THAD. STEVENS

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, June 2.

Internal Revenue Fine Remitted.

President Johnson has remitted seven hundred dollars of a fine of eight hundred dollars, imposed upon Nicholas O'Daniels, of Kentucky, convicted of a violation of the United States Internal Revenue. It was in evidence, having been submitted to the Executive, to show that O'Daniels is a poor, uneducated man, and had violated the law through ignorance and without criminal intent.

Destitution in Missouri and Arkansas.

The Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees and Freedmen in the district containing the States of Missouri and Arkansas, reports to the Commissioner that the number of rations estimated as necessary to be issued to the destitute of that district during the month of June, are as follows: Whites, 89,000; freedmen, 11,000; total number of rations, 100,000.

The Fenian Invasion.

The Fenian invasion has continued to-day to excite lively comment and action in Government circles. Both the State and War Departments, and the British Legation have been in receipt of dispatches, though in many respects almost as contradictory as the press telegrams. The advices from Toronto and Ottawa show that the Canadian Governments have made great progress in the past twenty-four hours towards repelling the invasion, while the United States authorities have sent instructions to every officer on the border to use force to prevent any reinforcements from crossing to the Fenians. Both the authorities here, and Sir Frederick Bruce, are of opinion that the invasion will not last a week. The statement that General Fitzhugh Lee is in command of the Fenian cavalry, is doubted here, as on last Thursday night he was at a social party in Alexandria, Virginia, and returned to his farm a few miles below that city.

Applications for Pardon.

Very little is done by the President in the way of pardoning at present, as quite a large number of pardon warrants are awaiting completion at the Department of State. The number of applications received to-day was only eleven, mostly petitions of persons coming under the thirteenth clause of the Amnesty Proclamation. No pardons at all were granted.

Shipment of Fractional Currency.

During the week ending to-day, the Treasurer of the United States authorized the shipment of fractional currency as follows: To the United States Depositary, Cincinnati, Ohio, one hundred thousand dollars; Assistant Treasurer at New York, one hundred thousand dollars, and to National Banks eighty two thousand six hundred and twenty two dollars and forty cents. Total, two hundred and eighty two thousand six hundred and twenty two dollars and forty cents.

Disbursements for the Week.

The disbursements of the Treasury on account of the War, Navy and Interior Departments for the week ending to-day are as follows: War Department, $819,724; Navy Department, $617,764; Interior Department, $412,690. The disbursement on account of the same departments for the month of May last, were: War Department, $1,179,776; Navy Department, $4,901,175; Interior Department, 1,776,318.

Internal Revenue.

The receipts from internal revenue to-day were $3,421,385 49. The receipts for the week ending to-day amount to $7,176,715 14; and the total receipts for the month of May, were $21,724,089 10.

The Trial of Jeff. Davis.

Judge Underwood sends word that he shall convene the court at Richmond, Va., on Tuesday, and call the case of Davis. District Attorney Chandler will then move that the case be continued till October term. O'Conner will then move that the prisoner be released on parole.

Illness of Thaddeus Stevens.

Thaddeus Stevens was taken ill on Thursday, and has not continued to improve. His friends express some apprehensions as to condition.

Steamers Burned at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 2.—The steamers Ida Handy, Bostona and James Raymond, the two latter dismantled, were burned on the upper part of the levee early this morning. The Handy was owned by the Atlantic and Mississippi Steamship Company, valued at seventy-five thousand dollars, and was insured for fifty-six thousand dollars in Cincinnati offices. The value of the other boats was not ascertained, but is small.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The receipts from Internal Revenue, for the week ending Saturday, were over seven millions dollars. The total receipts for the month of May amount to nearly twenty-two millions.

The frequency of fires in New York has induced the belief that there is an organized band of incendiaries in the city, and the police have been instructed to be particularly vigilant.

Twenty steamers left New York on Saturday for foreign and seaboard cities.

The contest for double bird shooting was resumed at Palmyra, New York, on Saturday morning. R. Newell won the first prize, W. H. Cobb the second, and George Marsh the third. The Forester Club, of Buffalo, carried off six out of the seven prizes given for shot gun shooting.

The Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau in the district of Missouri and Arkansas, reports the number of rations estimated as necessary to be issued to the destitute during the month of June as follows: Whites, 89,000; Freedmen, 11,000.

Leonard Huyck, late President of the Merchants' National Bank, was arrested in Washington, on Saturday, on a warrant charging him with all the offenses enumerated in the 55th Section of the national currency act. The affidavit was made by the Comptroller of the Currency, who charges Huyck with having taken and misapplied $200,000, by paying that sum to S. P. Bayne & Co., of Baltimore, unlawfully and without authority. Another charge against Huyck is that he, without authority, endorsed as good a check for $31,000 on the Merchants' National Bank, on which the person who drew it received that amount of money, Huyck knowing at the time that the person had no funds on deposit, nor any claim upon it. Huyck appeared before the Justice with counsel, but waived an examination. The Justice required two hundred thousand dollars bail.

The agent of the State of Alabama for the distribution of supplies to the destitute, says gentlemen of prominence send up the most earnest and touching appeals for an increased supply of food, and represent the wretchedness and suffering of their people. This destitution, which has so rapidly increased since January, must continue to increase rather than diminish until something can be realized from the present growing crops.

POLITICAL.

Hon. Thos. Hege, of Venango county, is again a candidate for the State Senate. His opponent in Mercer county will be I. C. Brown.

James Bell, of Tyrone, says to the Republican voters of Blair county: "If you will nominate me for the Assembly at your next County Convention, I will accept, and if elected I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability."

Judge Woodward, who was a candidate in opposition to Gov. Curtin in 1863, it may be remembered—recently made a little speech at York, Pa. In the course of it "he spoke very highly of Hon. Hiester Clymer, and said the support he would receive from the people of York county will doubtless be as cordial as that given to himself in 1863." Yes, doubtless, and we would add, besides, that the support Mr. Clymer will receive from the people of Pennsylvania will also be as cordial as that given to Mr Woodward in 1863—just!—*Norristown Herald & Free Press.*

The editor of the West Greenville, Mercer county, *Argus*, comes to the defense of Judge Pettis, candidate for Congress in the Twentieth District, as follows:

"THE CHAMBERSBURG REPOSITORY.—We see by an extract from this paper, edited by A. K. McClure, that he has had the audacity not only to interfere with the action of the Republican party in this district, in relation to the selection of a candidate for Congress, but that [illegible] charges against one of the candidates which may justly be pronounced untrue. Mr. Pettis was never "general mail agent for the Mississippi Valley," or any other place, therefore no such appointment could have been revoked by President Lincoln. Nor did Mr. Pettis oppose Governor Curtin's re-election, nor to his knowledge he made speeches in favor of his election up to midnight of the day preceding the election."

The Philadelphia *News* of Saturday says: "We learn, from West Chester, that Thomas J. Cheyne, assessor of internal revenue for the Seventh Congressional District, died suddenly at his residence in West Chester yesterday. Mr. Cheyne had held the office of assessor since its first establishment."

THE FENIANS.

THE CANADA INVASION.

CAPTURE OF FORT ERIE AND WATERLOO.

SUBSEQUENT EVACUATION OF FORT ERIE.

Col. O'Neill and Staff and Seven Hundred Fenians Prisoners.

DEFEAT OF THE CANADIANS AT RIDGEWAY.

FENIAN FORCES HURRYING FORWARD TO THE FRONTIER.

Gen. Sweeney Reported in Position at St. Albans.

The actual invasion of the Canadian Provinces, the raising of the Fenian flag on British soil and the news of the capture of Fort Erie has revived the importance of the Fenian movement, and the eyes of thousands are turned northward anxious for all the intelligence from that direction. So far the news has been of the most contradictory character, and is made up of rumors. One thing is evident—there is a general movement throughout the country of that portion of the Fenian Brotherhood, which is presided over by the seceding Senators, President Roberts and Gen. Sweeney. The movement on Fort Erie and the capture of the place has not been attended with any brilliant result, and it will doubtless transpire that the present invasion will prove even a more farcical failure than did the attack on Campo Bello by Doran Killian, of the O'Mahony faction. In order that the reader may understand the dispatches subjoined, we give a brief description of

The Locality of the Invasion.

Having made some weeks ago a futile demonstration upon Nova Scotia from Eastport, Maine, the Fenians have now turned their attention to an entirely opposite quarter, viz: Canada West. This Province is an irregular strip of country about five hundred miles in length, by an average of one hundred and twenty miles in width, lying in an easterly and westerly direction along the north shores of Lakes Erie and Ontario, and the St. Lawrence river for the first 150 miles of its course. Windsor, across the river from Detroit, occupies its most western extremity, and Montreal, in Canada East, is just across the line from its eastern extremity.

Toronto, the old capital, is on the shore of Lake Ontario, about midway the length of the Province. Thirty miles west of Toronto is Hamilton, at the head of Lake Ontario, and next to Toronto, the most important city in Upper Canada. Buffalo, situated at the foot of Lake Erie, and southeast of Toronto and Hamilton, forms with those places almost an equilateral triangle.

The Niagara river, 25 miles long, connects Lakes Erie and Ontario. At the head of this river, Buffalo occupies the right bank and Fort Erie the left. About 10 miles below, on the Canada shore and a couple of miles above the Falls, is Chippewa. Clifton is just below the Falls, at the point where the Suspension Bridge crosses the river.

The Welland Canal lies parallel with the Niagara river and about ten or twelve miles back from it. At its Lake Erie end is Port Colborne, and at its other extremity Port Dalhousie and St. Catharines, on the canal ten miles from Port Colborne is Welland, and from this point a branch canal strikes off to Port Maitland, a place on the shore of Lake Erie, some fifteen miles west of Port Colborne.

Passengers coming from Buffalo to Detroit *via* the Grand Trunk railway, cross the Niagara on a ferry boat to Fort Erie, and then in succession pass through Port Colborne, Port Maitland and Bradford to Paris, where the Great Western railway crosses the Buffalo and Lake Huron, upon which we have been traveling thus far. Thirty miles further on Stratford is reached, and from this point we come on the main line of the Grand Trunk to Sarnia, and thence to Detroit.

Fort Erie

is a small village of 500 inhabitants. The fort is a ruined earthwork—a mere sand-hill—not having been for years maintained as a fortification. Fort Erie figured conspicuously in the war of 1812. After the battles of Chippewa and Niagara, the American army under Gen. Brown retired before the superior force of Gen. Drummond towards Buffalo. On reaching Fort Erie he resolved to make a stand there. He entrenched himself, and for 50 days gallantly held out against repeated bombardments and assaults, and finally compelled the besiegers to abandon the attempt to reduce the fort. Again, during the Patriot war, in 1837, Fort Erie became a point of great military importance.

Chippewa is a village of about 1,200 inhabitants, on the Niagara River. It has some extensive machine shops and a large stove factory. It is celebrated as being the scene of a decisive victory gained July 4th, 1814, by the Americans under General Brown, over the British, commanded by Generals Rial and Drummond.

Port Colborne.

This place, upon which Friday's accounts said the invaders were moving, is a small place, but of great value in a strategic point of view. It is the main entrance to the Welland Canal, and is the location of probably the largest and most substantially constructed locks upon the whole canal. It is several miles distant from the next lock, and if destroyed could not possibly be repaired for months. There is another outlet to the same canal by way of Port Maitland, capable of floating the largest vessels, but if the Fenians are marching across the foot of Lake Erie, as reported, they will not be likely to permit the pier or locks at that place to remain unharmed.

The importance of the latter two points to an invading army is incalculable. By thoroughly destroying the harbors it of course would be an impossibility to pass gunboats through the canal to Lake Erie, and as the Government have no armed vessels upon the latter, the Fenians may be enabled to do an immense amount of damage. If the invaders should, however, conclude to remain for the time being in the above vicinity, they might easily fortify themselves and bid defiance to a large army. They would be in good harbors, within easy access of the American shore, from which they could draw supplies.

Invasion of Canada in 1812.

On the 13th of October, 1812, there was another invasion of Canada at the place selected Friday night by the misguided army of Fenians. At that time six hundred Americans, regulars and militia, under command of Colonel (the late General) Scott, crossed the river and fought a fierce battle with a superior force, at the close the British numbering 1,300, while the Americans had been reduced to 300.

The invading force was, after heroic efforts by their commander to change the aspect of affairs, finally compelled to surrender. A large number of General Scott's men were Irishmen, and their captors threatened to shoot them, claiming that they were British subjects, but were deterred by threats of retaliation.

The Fenians Repulsed at Ridgway.

TORONTO, C. W., June 2—12:25 P. M.—Last night the forces at Port Colborne were augmented by the arrival of the Toronto University company. Early this morning the troops took the train to Ridgway. They are under command of Col. Booker, Col. Dennis having gone on an expedition down the river. Three miles from Ridgeway station the Fenians were found encamped in the bushes. The column at once attacked them, the Queen's Own firing the first shot. The fight now became general, the volunteers driving the Fenians. A number have been killed on both sides. The volunteers behaved splendidly, rushing at the retreating Fenians with the utmost gallantry. It is thought that the volunteers will at least hold their own until the arrival of the British regulars and artillery.

The Whole Fenian Force Moving.

BUFFALO, June 2, 9:25 A. M.—The latest news from the Fenian camp states that the whole Fenian force is moving. It is stated that the bridges across Frenchman's Creek and Miller's Point was burned last night. Telegraph communication with Canada is open. Niagara river was patroled last night by the United States steamer Michigan and tugs Harrison and Farrar. Canadian accounts represent that the Fenians will find themselves very much disappointed in expecting aid from their brothers and friends in Canada.

BUFFALO, June 2, 11:50 A. M.—It is understood that the patrol tugs fired on and stopped several boats last night, trying to reach the Canadian shore. We learn that the intended proclamation from the Fenian leaders to the people of Canada, is now in the hands of a gentleman of this city, and was expected to have been issued yesterday if affairs had warranted. English troops now occupy Fort Erie. It is not yet known whether the reported fight at Ridgeway was with a portion of Fenians who were at Fort Erie yesterday or another party. It is understood that the Fort Erie Fenians went down the river. Ridgeway is seven miles up the lake towards Port Colborne. It is stated that the steamer International has arrived at Fort Erie with troops from Port Colborne. It is reported the English troops are retreating from the Ridgeway fight. There are no particulars.

Both Sides Claim a Victory at Ridgeway.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 2—2 P. M.—The afternoon papers publish the latest news from Ridgeway, stating that the Canadian volunteers are being hard pushed by the Fenians, and that a number have been killed on both sides. From parties who have the best means of information it is about concluded that the Fenian movement from this quarter is a feint, and that Potsdam is to be the base of supplies, and the real point of attack is Prescott. Gen. Barry, who has taken command of the frontier, says the Government will do the utmost to preserve order and prevent incursions into Canada. It is stated for a fact that the Fenian leaders encourage their men by saying the American Government is favorable to them. They will find out their mistake in this quarter. One company of regulars arrived here this noon.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 2—4 P. M.—A gentleman from the other side gives the following particulars: About eight hundred troops, all volunteers, left Port Colborne, at 5:30 this morning. They took the Grand Trunk Railroad to Ridgeville, and marched in the direction of Stevensville. They soon encountered a force of Fenians, now said to be the same that went from here to Fort Erie. A battle ensued, and the Fenians were worsted. Our informant states that two of the English troops were killed and a number wounded, and that the Fenians suffered to a greater extent. At all events there were about sixty taken prisoners and brought to Fort Erie. The Semerwein bridge has been rebuilt. It is reported that one of the prisoners stated that the Colonel commanding the Fenians told them to save themselves the best way they could.

A gentleman just from the other side reports the following:

The tug Robb, from Dunnville, with about forty Fenians prisoners taken at Ridgeway, was lying at Fort Erie dock about three o'clock P. M., when about three hundred Fenians came over the hill and fired into the tug. The tug backed into the stream, and fired two shots while floating down. The Fenians then attacked a company of volunteer artillery posted in the town. After a brief resistance, the Canadians wavered and finally gave way, retreating down the river bank, rallying at times. The tug steamed down, keeping abreast of the Canadians. The firing shortly ceased, and the Canadians surrendered. The affair lasted about twenty minutes. The Fenians did not recapture their men. The fight was witnessed by a large number of persons on this side.

LATER.—The force in the Fort Erie fight was all volunteers, consisting of detachments of the Welland Canal field battery and a Dunville company of about eighty men. The fight lasted only twenty minutes. Capt. King, of the Welland battery, was severely wounded in the legs, and will have to suffer amputation. Two other volunteers were wounded, but none killed. It is reported a Fenian captain was killed, name not given.

The *Express* publishes the following list of killed and wounded Fenians: Thomas Gilman, Schuylkill, Pa., bayonet wound; Thos. Rafferty, Cincinnati, mortally wounded in the stomach. Canadians: Ferguson Schofield, Port Colborne, severely in the leg; John Bradley, in the leg; John Hartshon, Port Colborne, severely in the thigh and below the knee. The Fenians, at last accounts, still held the place, but the force is too small to cope with the British regulars and volunteers now on the way from Chippewa to the scene of action. They had reached Black creek, a few miles from Fort Erie. The British force consists of the 47th, 16th and 10th Royals, and the Royal Artillery, and several companies of Canadian volunteers, making in altogether less than 2,500 or 3,000 men.

In the battle at Ridgeway, neither force had artillery, but some of the Canadians are said to have had repeating rifles, while the Fenians were armed mostly with ordinary muskets. Col. Starr, of Kentucky, is said to be the one that gave the word to the Fenians to scatter and save themselves. The number of men on both sides did not exceed 2,000. The accounts of parties who did witness, or pretend to have witnessed, the battle of Ridgeway, are conflicting. It is almost impossible to get a true account. Some still assert that the Fenians drove and whipped the Canadians, and others state just the contrary.

LATER—8:50 P. M.—A fight at Fort Erie is considered certain to-night. I can learn of no additions to the Fenian ranks in the last twenty-four hours. Surprise is expressed that no news has been received from other points of any demonstration. Somebody has failed to come to time, and the Fort Erie Fenians will be sacrificed, as they have no supplies, and must be hopeless of any success in this region, as the British force is concentrating around them.

General Sweeney in Position at St. Albans.

The volunteers have fallen back upon Port Colborne, and intend to fall back upon St. Catharines, if reinforcements do not arrive soon. It is reported that the Sixteenth and Forty-seventh Regulars and a battery of artillery have reached the battle-field and are driving the Fenians before them.

The *Telegraph's* Montreal special says that reliable intelligence has been received that General Sweeny is in position at St. Albans with a large force. The operator at St. Albans says he cannot get any reliable information. The report for the Boston papers says there are fifteen hundred men under command of Colonel O'Connor. They have no arms in sight, but have orders to go into camp at Fairfield, five miles above St. Albans.

A later dispatch says the Queen's Own has lost nineteen killed and several wounded.

Another dispatch, from an operator below, says that the Fenians, in large numbers, are at Malone, New York, opposite Cornwall, evidently bound for that place, twenty-eight miles distant. Ex-M. H. P. Daly is circulating a petition to the Government to proclaim martial law.

One Hundred Volunteers Captured by Fenians.

BUFFALO, June 2.—It is stated there were about one hundred volunteers captured by the Fenians. There were three Fenians killed and two Canadian soldiers. Captain King, who is a doctor at Welland, will probably lose his leg. He has by permission been brought to Buffalo. A well known Buffalo Fenian, named Bailey, is so badly wounded that he is not expected to recover. The Fenians are now encamped at the Old Fort, and picket the river down to the village of Fort Erie, a distance of two miles. Watch fires can be seen and apparently signals.

From present appearances, and from the present position of the English troops, there will be no engagement to-night, but it is apparently unavoidable early to-morrow.

A United States revenue cutter has arrived this evening from Cleveland, and another is expected immediately. The river is patroled and orders given to fire on anything trying to cross; but the Fenians now in the neighborhood express a determination to cross at all hazards. A prominent Fenian asserts to-morrow will be a big day, and important news will be heard from other points. When the Fenians gobbled up and drove the Canadian volunteers at the Fort Erie fight, the spectators on this side cheered lustily. There is a doubtful rumor that Colonel O'Neill was slightly wounded.

United States Troops Gone Forward.

ST. ALBANS, VT., June 2.—Detachments of United States troops have gone hence to Malone, on the Ogdensburg road, midway between Ogdensburg and Rouses Point, and will probably picket the frontier. General Mahony is expected to-night with more Massachusetts Fenians. He will take command of the troops from that State. General Sam. Spears is in chief command, and the Fenians will not move at once from this point. There are but few in the town, which was as quiet as any country village on the Sabbath.

Important Order from Lieut. Gen. Grant.

BUFFALO, June 2.—Lieut. Gen. Grant passed west this noon. He sent the following telegram to General Meade:

BUFFALO, June 2.
To Maj. Gen. Meade, U. S. A., Philadelphia:

General Barry is here. Assign him to general command from Buffalo to the mouth of the Niagara river. The State authorities should call out the militia on the frontier to prevent hostile expeditions leaving the United States, and to save private property from destruction by mobs.

U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant-General.

"Ominous Reports" to the Herald.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The *Herald's* special from Toronto, C. W., says: There was the wildest excitement on the streets when the news of the battle appeared, and business was entirely suspended. Private dispatches are constantly arriving announcing the death of some well known citizen, and cause general gloom as one after another falls in defense of his country. The operator, telegraphing from Port Colborne at 11 o'clock, says the battle commenced at eight o'clock and was a pretty smart affair. Our men are retreating, but there is no doubt of the result before evening. Quite a number have been killed and wounded on both sides. There are ominous reports from St. Albans.

The Capture of Fort Erie and Waterloo.

NEW YORK, June 2.—A dispatch, dated Frenchman's Creek, Canada West, at 1:30 yesterday, says: Fifteen hundred Fenians, under General O'Niell, crossed the Niagara from Buffalo, captured Waterloo and Fort Erie, tore up a small portion of the track of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railroad, and cut the telegraph wires leading to the Canadian interior. They then moved down the river towards Chippewa, halting at Frenchman's Creek, where rumors prevailed of the advance of Canadian troops.

Breastworks were hastily constructed, and the Fenians were put in line of battle. A man had just come in wounded in the leg. Skirmishers were pushed to the front, and flanking columns sent out on double quick, and every preparation made for an engagement.

Fenian Troops Going Forward from New York.

NEW YORK, June 2—*Midnight.*—Great excitement prevails here, respecting the invasion of Canada by Fenians. It is reported that one thousand armed Fenians left the city to-day for Canada, and that five thousand will depart for the frontier during the coming week. It is believed that the Fenian forces will receive aid from the disloyal portion of the Canadian population, and that the aggressive movement has long been planned, and will be entirely successful. Many enthusiastic Irishmen think that the most important results will follow the invasion of Canada—that the actual strength of the Fenian organizations in Canada is much greater than that of the opposing British forces, and that it will sweep the provinces before the present month is over. Stephens's adherents are greatly chagrined at what they regard as the too early striking of the blow to liberate Ireland, and declare that it will embarrass operations in the Green Island. Stephens' but energetic efforts are making to recruit troops in the city, and it is reported that large sums of money have already been contributed to the cause.

A man is marching in Broadway to-day, carrying a board on which is printed these words: "Fifty Thousand Fenians wanted this day; headquarters, Canada."

4,000 Fenians Sailed from Chicago.

The Chicago papers of Saturday announce that within the previous twenty-four hours "Chicago, faithful to the promise she made Sweeney and the Congress at Pittsburgh, has forwarded her quota to the front, wherever that may chance to be." Four thousand men have gone on the fleet, composed of two steamers and two sailing vessels, having sailed on Friday. The men were fully armed and equipped and provided with five days' rations. The loading of the vessels and their departure was conducted with the greatest secrecy, and but few outside of the Brotherhood knew aught of the contemplated movement.

The Chicago Fenians in Council.

In order to celebrate the departure of the Chicago forces, the Fenians of that city held a meeting on Friday night, at Turner Hall, which was addressed by Senator Morrissey, who said that General Sweeney had fulfilled his promise—that "that night the young chivalry of Ireland stood on English soil." He claimed that the Fenians for once had acted like men of common sense. Before they had fought England where she was strong. Now they struck where she was weak. The work was but begun. The people had said: "Show us that you are in earnest, show us a flashing bayonet, or an Irish flag, and we will give you all you want." It has been done. The Senate had told the people they would strike the enemy, and they had done it. It looked ominous that an O'Neill again led the bloody bands to victory over the English. American men whose names had become illustrious during the late war, were eager for a chance of mingling in the fray. He knew them by hundreds. While they were sitting there the Irish soldiers were destroying the Welland canal, were tearing up railroads, and capturing English soldiers. It was to be a war such as England would understand. The United States had done their duty. But a few days before Sir Frederick Bruce had thanked the American Government for what they had done in trampling out Fenianism. What British neutrality was everybody well knew. Of one thing they could be assured—that American law would not be violated unless it could not be helped. They were going to carry out the Monroe doctrine. They did not want Canada. One acre of Irish soil was dearer to them than all Canada.

The Striking of the First Blow.

Senator Morrissey read a dispatch from Gen. Sweeney, announcing that the first blow had been struck, and requesting immediate reinforcements. The speaker did not think the English would hang any Irish prisoners, for they had seized a number of hostages to guard against that. There was a great deal in having a soldier at the head, and instead of having to fight their way ashore, they landed without opposition. Before that time next week many a gallant man would be laid low in death. On the morrow morning, however, there would be no Welland canal, and every bit of grain would have to pass over American roads, and their American friends would make money by the pocket-full. By destroying the canal, too, no British gunboats could be sent into the great lakes. The result of the recent declaration of Napoleon III. would be that England could send no troops to Canada. Reinforcements were flowing in to Fort Erie from Canada itself. He had seen men from Canada within a few weeks who were more eager than the Irish in America. They had but heard the beginning. Railroad bridges, canals, and everything else would be destroyed behind the enemy by Canadians living there. It was not an enemy's country. Thousands of the French Canadians were sworn foes of England. Thousands of Irish Protestants would draw the sword against the common foe.

Gen. Sweeney's Plans.

The speaker said they would be recreant if they did not feel on such an occasion. On walking up the street after the band wagon, he had seen the women dancing with joy, and the men groaning that they were not at Fort Erie with their brothers. What Gen. Sweeney was to do next was not known. He kept his plans very closely. But five men knew the manner in which the Irish troops were to be transported. He knew what was next to be done but he would not mention it. There might be a British spy near. There were English regiments in Canada that could not be trusted to fight the Irish. In one regiment there were 500 Fenians. One artillery company was looked upon as being fully Irish. He believed half the British army would not fire a shot, nor the militia companies either. Men had gone from New England and enlisted in the British service in order to demoralize the soldiers. He believed that before two months went around they would be a recognized belligerent power in Canada.

Sketch of Colonel O'Neill.

The captor of Fort Erie is an Irishman by birth, as his name indicates, although a resident of this country since the years of his youth. Enlisting in the regular cavalry, as many of his adventurous countrymen did, he served an eight years' apprenticeship to the art of war, in that most instructive of all military schools—the life of an Indian fighter, on the plains of the West—a life which first developed the sterling qualities of such soldiers as Phil. Sheridan, Gordon Granger and others, who rose to the highest rank in the late war for the Union.

At the commencement of the rebellion O'Neill, like many of his brave and adventurous comrades in the regular service of the line, struck for advancement in the volunteer service. Such men proved especially fitted for the cavalry branch of the service, and in it many of them rose to distinction in the military records of the States in whose behalf they cast the weight of their sabres. It was noticeable during the rebellion that the most dashing and successful among the subordinate officers of the cavalry arm were men of this class—men whose experience and military schooling under the best regular officers of the time fitted them to command when the less experienced hosts were brought into the field. O'Neill was one of these. From a captaincy in an Ohio regiment of cavalry, we believe, he rose to a lieutenant colonelcy, greatly distinguishing himself in the course of his service. On one occasion, it is related of him, as an example of his bravery and decision, that the regiment to which he was attached was surrounded by a much superior Confederate force, and summoned to surrender. The Colonel in command counselled submission and advised his men to retreat and save themselves the best way they could. To this arrangement O'Neill demurred, and, upon the command being given up to him, made a desperate fight and cut his way out. O'Neill was also active in the chase of John Morgan, when that worthy invaded the North, and was chiefly instrumental in his capture. The selection of such an officer as O'Neill to lead the advance on Canada shows that the Fenian leaders exercise careful discrimination in the selection of materials.

Fenians Hastening to Scene of Action.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 2.—A hundred Fenians or more left Washington this week for the scene of war, and an additional number are prepared to follow.

ALBANY, June 2.—About one hundred Fenians left Lockport last night for the west. The people of Lockport are driving to the frontier to-night in anticipation of witnessing a battle between a body of Fenian and British troops, reported 1,500 strong, early to-morrow morning. The Fenians here are very active. They have been engaged to-day in raising money to forward men. Another detachment goes at midnight for the scene of war. If the leaders had money they say they could send one thousand men forward in twenty-four hours. Prominent Fenians here say they anticipate stirring news to-morrow, but decline to even indicate from what quarter it may be expected.

ELMIRA, June 2.—Two companies of Fenians from Baltimore, and a company of sixty from Philadelphia, passed through this city to-day, bound for the border.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., June 2.—Three cases of arms were seized at the depot here by the United States Deputy Marshal this morning. They were consigned by express to a party at Malone.

TITUSVILLE, PA.—Two companies of Fenians, one from Titusville and the other from Petroleum Centre, were to leave Saturday for the scene of action.

CINCINNATI, June 2.—There is considerable excitement here over the Fenian news. Nearly three hundred men have left here for Canada. About seven hundred passed through Indianapolis yesterday for the border. Dispatches from Columbus deny the report of the purchase and shipment of arms and ammunition by the Fenians from that city.

RUTLAND, VT., June 2, 1:30 A. M.—About one hundred and fifty Fenians passed through here this morning *en route* North. They were in charge of officers wearing side arms, and were mute as regards their destination or object, but from parties who arrived on the same train with them, we learn that they intend to bring up at or near St. Albans, and there await further instructions from the commander of the army of the Irish Republic in Canada.

Various Reports.

NEW YORK, June 2—A dispatch from Albany says: Governor Fenton will issue a proclamation to-day, warning the citizens of the State against countenancing the Fenian invasion of Canada; also, that twelve regiments of militia are to be sent to the frontier, drawn from the counties of Niagara, Monroe, Onondaga, Oswego, Jefferson and St. Lawrence.

A dispatch from Montreal says it is reported that the Fenians have seized the arms at Rouse's Point and were marching on the British fort at Isle Aux Noix. Also that the Canadian Government had been informed that the United States gunboat Michigan has intercepted some Fenian reinforcements to those at Fort Erie.

British troops were marching from Hamilton to capture the Fenians at Fort Erie.

A Buffalo dispatch says the Michigan is patroling the river from Black Rock to the head of Grand Island, with two armed tugs, with orders to sink anything crossing during the night.

THE LATEST.

Fort Erie Evacuated by the Fenians—The "Captors" Captured by the United States Boats—Col. O'Neill and Staff Prisoners.

BUFFALO, June 3—9 A. M.—The Fenian force evacuated Fort Erie last night, and most of them attempted to reach this shore, but only a small number succeeded, and about seven hundred were gobbled by the United States' boats guarding the river, and are now prisoners under the steamer Michigan's guns at Black Rock. The English forces, under Col. Peacock, are now in possession of Fort Erie, without a skirmish. The ultimate disposition of the prisoners is a matter of uncertainty, but the British Minister has been telegraphed to.

Col. O'Neill and staff are captured. The only Fenians captured by the English appears to have been 32 pickets who were left by their friends in the hurry.

By order of General Barry, all communication is forbidden with the Canadian shore.

It is reported that a small Fenian force left this neighborhood last night. Destination unknown. Those that tried to reinforce their friends at Fort Erie, were prevented by the United States picket boats.

We have conversed with some of the escaped Fenians, and they say that having no artillery, and they positively assert that they have had none, and finding English troops with Armstrong guns closing round them, no prospects of reinforcements, and no supplies, they concluded not to be gobbled, and perhaps hung, as it is anticipated those caught will be, so they got off the best way they could. The men were completely worn out, have fought two battles, though the Fort Erie affair they only call a skirmish, had little or nothing to eat and no sleep.

It is pretty generally believed that the English at Ridgeway were defeated and driven back.

STATE ITEMS.

A fugitive from justice, Peter J. Fundy, charged with a robbery perpetrated in New York, was arrested on Thursday, near Titusville, and confined in jail at that place. During the night, Fundy set fire to the jail, in the hope that in the confusion he could escape; but he was disappointed, and was ironed and taken to New York.

The Committee of Arrangements of the Berks County Agricultural Society, at a meeting held last Tuesday afternoon, fixed upon Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th, as the days for the holding of the Society's Annual Exhibition for the year 1866. The Committee have also made arrangements to the Trotting Course in the form of an elongated ellipse so as to make a full half mile. The contemplated improvements will cost from five to eight thousand dollars.

The Pennsylvania Hose Company, of Philadelphia, left that city on Saturday evening for Buffalo, by the way of Williamsport and Elmira, taking with them their new carriage. About fifty members will participate in the excursion. After a visit to Niagara Falls, the Company will return by the way of Albany and New York, reaching home on Saturday week.

Hon. E. B. Chamberlain, of East Randolph, N. Y., has recently made a donation to the Allegheny College, at Meadville, of twenty thousand dollars. Twenty-three boxes of fossils gathered by Professor Ward in Europe, have lately been received at the College, and are now being arranged in the cabinets.

A trestle bridge on the Atlantic and Great Western Road, near Kennard Station, formerly Taylor Town, broke through Thursday with a passenger train upon it. The engine had passed over, and the train was upon the bridge, which was broken through by the weight of the cars. Three cars were carried down, but fortunately none of the passengers were injured in the slightest. The Meadville *Republican* says: It was a narrow escape, for the cars, which were well filled with passengers, were broken and tumbled. The supports of the bridge were probably weakened by the recent heavy rains.

Immense fires are sweeping the Muncy mountain, near Bellefonte, presenting a sublime spectacle, encircled, as it is with a belt of moving flames.

Steele's Hotel, Wilkesbarre, Luzerne county, was flooded one night last week in a rather singular way. A marauding rat, in working his passage through one of the upper stories of the hotel, found a leaden pipe in its way which it set about gnawing off. The labor was accomplished, and the water turned into the building, which was flooded to a considerable extent before the leak was found out and stopped.

The following is a complete list of the appointments of Surveyor General Campbell: Theo. R. Babcock, chief clerk; Cambria county; A. F. Armstrong, Franklin; Wm. Evans, Indiana; H. A. Caldwell, Blair; W. H. Seibert, Schuylkill; J. W. Blundin, Philadelphia; L. M. Hicks, Somerset; Alfred Tyhurst, Huntingdon; A. B. Yocum, Dauphin; L. Stroup, Philadelphia; C. McCurdy, Dauphin; Samuel Ake, Bedford; John R. Shriner, Lancaster; Samuel Hamilton, Beaver. Messenger—T. J. Black, Dauphin.

The editor of the Clarion *Banner* states that he has been informed that a man living in the vicinity of Helen Furnace, north of the Clarion, was shot and killed by his wife. It seems that the woman was caught by her husband in a [illegible] and he abused her severely. On Wednesday he came home drunk, when, exasperated by her former abuse, or perhaps fearful of its repetition, as he entered the house she took up a loaded gun and fired at him, killing him instantly.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

THE TRIAL OF JEFF. DAVIS.

The Alleged Fraud in Provost Marshal's Bureau.

The Douglas Monument in Chicago.

Hon. Thad. Stevens's Health Improving.

The President and the Fenian Invasion

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, June 3.

Jeff. Davis's Trial.

Charles O'Connor, Jeff. Davis's counsel, arrived here to-day on his way to Richmond, to attend the session of the United States Court, which meets there on Tuesday. Mr. O'Connor will announce that the defense is ready to proceed to the trial of Davis. If the Court postpones it until the October term, he will then ask that bail be fixed for the prisoner. It is well understood that the request will be resisted by the District Attorney, and most probably be denied by the Court. The prisoner will not necessarily be present at the proceedings.

The Charges Against Provost Marshal's Bureau.

In obedience to summons, Chas. A. Dana has arrived here to testify before the Special House Committee, investigating the charges of fraud made by Mr. Conkling against the Provost Marshal's Bureau. Mr. Dana was Assistant Secretary of War at the time these frauds were charged.

The Douglas Monument.

A delegation from Chicago has arrived here to invite the President and Cabinet, and General Grant and other dignitaries to be present at the inauguration of the Douglas monument in Chicago on July 4th.

Committed to Prison.

Leonard Huyck, President of the late Merchants National Bank, was duly committed to jail to-day in default of $40,000 bail. He was arrested under the fifty-fifth section of the National Banking law.

Thaddeus Stevens.

Is better to-day, and there is no doubt but that he will be able to be out in a day or two.

Congress.

So many members of Congress are absent that it is regarded as somewhat doubtful if the House will have a quorum to-morrow.

The Fenian Invasion

The President has been urged to issue a proclamation relative to the Fenian invasion, but so far he has not deemed the step necessary. Washington has sent forward three hundred Fenian reinforcements, under the command of Major O'Byrne, at one time Provost Marshal here.

FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of Steamers Hermann and Marathon.

AN EUROPEAN CONGRESS ON THE GERMAN QUESTION ARRANGED.

PACIFIC SOLUTION DEEMED HOPELESS.

A BRITISH DETECTIVE STABBED BY A CONFEDERATE SOLDIER.

THE EMPEROR AND PRINCE NAPOLEON FRIENDS AGAIN.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The steamers Hermann from Southampton on the 21st and Marathon from Liverpool on the 22d, via Queenstown on the 23d have arrived.

The London *Post* of the 22d publishes a Paris telegram stating it is definitely arranged that representatives of France, England and Russia on one side, and Austria, Prussia and Italy on the other, will assemble at the foreign ministry in Paris, under the presidency of Mr. Drouyn De L'Huys, for formally opening the conference to solve pacifically the pending question between Austria, Prussia and Italy. It is reported at Paris that Lord Cowley, British ambassador at Paris will shortly proceed to Vienna.

The London *Herald* says the Congress for conference can do nothing more than adjourn the war, unless one or the other of the combatants becomes exhausted under the burden of its preparations.

The official journal of the 21st says the Congress is agreed to by all the powers, and would assemble on the 28th. According to some authorities, Austria evinced a disinclination to join in the conference, and it was asserted that she would also reject the proposal to be represented *pro rata*, by England and Russia. There is, however, no indication of a relaxation in the military preparations by the several powers, and the almost universal feeling was that a pacific solution was hopeless.

Prussia issued an order that in the event of war, merchant ships belonging to the enemy would not be liable to capture on the high seas by her war vessels. This measure is only to apply in case of reciprocity from the enemy. An entrenched camp is to be constructed near Vienna, as a point of concentration for the Austrian army. The Austrian commandant at Vienna has issued a notification, warning the inhabitants against attempting to induce enlistments in the Italian volunteer corps; also, against inciting desertions, these offences to be dealt with by martial law.

It was continually asserted that Austria refused to discuss any proposition for a cession of Venetia.

The formation of Italian volunteers into regiments commenced on the 21st of May.

A Vienna dispatch states that the alliance between Prussia and Italy binds each to support the other in case of attack by Austria.

Wagner, one of the government informers, was stabbed at Howths, near Dublin, by a man named O'Connor, recently returned from America, where he served in the confederate army, and was seriously wounded. The attempted assassin was arrested.

The cattle plague appeared in another part of Ireland, the county of Waterford.

FRANCE.—The *Moniteur de Arme* says several journals have spoken of military preparations in France. We are authorized to declare all such rumors devoid of foundation.

The reconciliation between the Emperor and Prince Napoleon is complete.

A modification of the French cabinet is again spoken of. The Minister of public instruction will probably be changed.

SPAIN.—The allusions in the British Parliament to the bombardment of Valparaiso produced, it is said, a great sensation in Madrid.

HOLLAND.—All the ministry here have resigned.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Advices to April 17th state Basuto was closed.

Advices from Melbourne to April 25th state that the tariff question is settled, the Government consenting to the separation of the tariff from the appropriation bills.

The recall of Governor Darling created great excitement.

A Calcutta telegram states that the market is much depressed. Prince Charles, of Hohenzollern, makes a formal entry into Bucharest, on the 24th. The Prince has decided on the military occupation of the Danubian Principalities.

The European crisis is unchanged. The statement that all the powers have assented to a congress is premature, but it is confirmed that invitations have been sent out.

Foreign Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, May 22—P. M.—Cotton—Sales of two days, 10,000 bales; market dull and lower. Speculators and exporters took 1,500 bales.

Manchester market flat. Breadstuffs very dull. Flour steady. Wheat inactive; western red, 10s 3d@10s 9d. Corn declined 6d; mixed, 29s 9d@30s. Provisions heavy; beef dull and easier; pork flat and considerably lower; bacon inactive and declining; butter dull; lard quiet and firm, holders demand an advance; American 72@73s. Tallow inactive and tending downward. Ashes inactive; pots, 32s. Sugar dull. Coffee—no sales. Rice quiet but steady. Linseed oil quiet and steady. Resin dull, tending downward. Spirits turpentine steady. Petroleum very dull and nominal.

LONDON, May 22.—Consols 86⅝a87. Five twenties 64½a65. Erie 42a42½. Illinois Central 75½a76½.

LATEST—via Queenstown:

LIVERPOOL, May 23d, afternoon.—Cotton firmer. Sales to-day 10,000 bales to speculators, and exporters 2,000.

Breadstuffs inactive, provisions flat.

LONDON, May 23.—Consols 86⅞a87; Five twenties 65a65¼. Erie, 42½a43½. Illinois Central 75⅝a76⅝.

HIGHLY INTERESTING.

Pickpockets Relieve Distinguished Citizens—Long Island as a Quarantine Post—Health of New York.

NEW YORK, June 3.

Pickpockets enjoyed a golden harvest at West Point on Friday, on the occasion of General Scott's funeral. Many distinguished characters were relieved of money and valuables. General Grant, it is stated, lost his watch, and Schuyler Colfax his purse.

EXCITEMENT OVER QUARANTINE AFFAIRS.

There is great excitement on Long Island in consequence of a report that it is to be used for quarantine. The owners of the property said to be selected, will, it is reported, cause a forcible resistance.

IMPROVED HEALTH.

The number of deaths last week in New York showed a material decrease over the previous week. The improvement is owing to greater care and cleanliness of the city.

FROM GEORGIA.

Generals Steedman and Fullerton hold a Conference with the Freedmen, at Augusta—The Freedmen Testify to the Kindness of their Late Masters.

AUGUSTA, June 3.—Generals Steedman and Fullerton held an interesting conference this afternoon with the freedmen in the Springfield church. A number of prominent citizens were present. The Commissioners stated the object of the interview, and asked the freedmen to give their views *pro* and *con*. The freedmen testified to the kindness and justice of their late masters. Speeches were made by Generals Steedman, Fullerton and Tillson. The Freedmen's Bureau in Georgia appears to be better administered than in any other State, and equal justice is given the freedmen before the civil courts.

THE FENIAN INVASION.

REPORTED LANDING OF FENIANS AT POINT ABIDO.

A GENERAL INVASION THOUGHT IMMINENT.

List of Killed and Wounded in Late Engagements.

The Movement from Buffalo a Feint.

More Formidable Opertions Elsewhere.

"LATEST FROM THE FRONT."

BUFFALO, June 3.—1 P. M.—I have just returned from the United States steamer Michigan, which is anchored in Niagara river about four miles below here. A large flat boat is fastened under her guns, having on board about four hundred men, as near as could be guessed at, but not as many as seven hundred, as first stated. The officers are on board the Michigan, under guard. Commander Bryson, of the Michigan, is anxiously awaiting instructions as to what he shall do with the prisoners. United States District Attorney Dartis is also waiting instructions from Washington as to their disposition. It is considered unsafe to bring them here, as an effort might be made by their friends to release them. There is considerable excitement in this city, but it is the general feeling that the Governments have done their duty and the people are glad that the Fenians have fallen in American hands rather than have been captured by the British.

A force stated at from 250 to 1,500 men tried to leave here last night in tugs and flatboats, probably to reinforce the Fenians, but owing to the excellent arrangements which had been made by the United States Attorney Dartis and General Barry in organizing picket boats, they were obliged to turn back.

It is reported, but not confirmed, that a force of Fenians have landed at Point Abido, ten miles above here, in Lake Erie, and some fears are expressed that Collingwood is the point threatened.

It is stated that P. O. Day, the Head Centre of Buffalo, who is known as the prime mover of the Fenians in this region, has been arrested on the other side. This is not confirmed yet, but we know the United States Attorney had such intentions. A Grand Trunk Railway official informs us that a one-armed officer was arrested on the Government road in Canada, and it is supposed to be Gen. Sweeney, but of course it is not.

A portion of two British regiments, the 16th and 47th, with seven companies of volunteers and two batteries, now occupy the entire shore opposite here to repel any fresh invasion, but there will not be any from this place.

By order of Gen. Grant, Gen. Barry has had his military district extended, and it now embraces the northern frontier from Lake Erie to Oswego. A large additional force of regulars has been ordered to report to him here. A portion have already arrived. Previous to General Barry's advent as commander on this frontier, no concert of action had been agreed upon, though United States District Attorney Dartis did all in his power, but by the complete system of arming tugs and picketing the river, the Fenians have been frustrated from reinforcing their friends and making any further advance upon Canada from this point.

A Fenian General, Lynch, of Chicago, arrived in this city at ten o'clock last night, from the west, and took command of men here to reinforce their friends on the Canada side. These are the ones that were turned back.

The *Courier* gives the following list of killed and wounded in the two engagements which is as correct as can be now obtained: Fenians—Edward Sculby, Cincinnati, killed; James Gerrighty, Cincinnati, Ohio, mortally wounded and left on the field; Michael Porter, Buffalo, slightly wounded; Michael Baily, Buffalo, wounded in the breast, lying at the house of Mrs. Slauter; Thomas Gilborn, Schuylkill, Pennsylvania, bayoneted in the neck; Michael McLaughlin, Cincinnati, Ohio, in the eye; John Lynch, Ohio, in the thigh; Thomas Welsh, of Indiana, slightly; Thomas Rafferty, Cincinnati, Ohio, in the abdomen; Thomas Madden Anderson, Madison county, Indiana, in the thigh; James Keegan, Louisville, Ky., in the ankle; John Ryan, a boy seventeen years of age, Terre Haute, in the abdomen; Mathew Cronty, Cincinnati, wounded in the hand; Michael Keify, Tennessee, in the arm, John Lynch, in the thigh; Michael Rafferty, Louisville, in the eye; Lieut. Col. Bealmouth, killed; Capt. Richard S. King, Port Colbourn, Welland Battery, two wounds in the ankle and joint, since brought over to Buffalo and leg amputated by Dr. Miner; John Habersen, Port Colbourne, Welland Battery, in the knee; John Brady, Welland Battery, in the knee; Wm. Tavey, Toronto; wounded in the knee; Malcom McCherno, Toronto, killed; Corporal Newborn, Toronto, killed, Wm. H. Vandersmissen, Toronto, through the hip.

The following additional is reported: Edward K. Lorsgan of Buffalo, wounded. Seven or eight men of the Buffalo regiment were wounded seriously. The Fenian loss is about twenty-five, the British about fifty, among whom were a number of officers. Five of the 17th Irish regiment from Kentucky were wounded. Captain Richard S. King of the Welland canal field battery, who was brought to this side, had his foot amputated by Dr. Miner of this city.

LATER, 2 P. M.—General Meade has just arrived in town, which looks like a confirmation of my dispatch of yesterday, that a general invasion along the border is contemplated. In fact it is concluded by those in command here, that the movements in this direction is only a blind, while the main attack will be made in the direction of Prescott, with the object of moving on Ottawa and capturing the seat of Government. The Fenians in turn are yet undismayed, and say we will have the place yet.

10 P. M.—The city is alive with rumors to-night. Not much, if any, reliance can be placed on them, but it is said that the Fenians are thick here and more coming. Certain it is that many strange faces can be seen on the street, and threats have been heard that they (the Fenians) have not done with them yet.

What authority the Fenians have I do not know, but some of them seem to be confident of hearing important news to-night or to-morrow. The prisoners are still on the open flat boats in the river, at the stern of the Michigan, and as far as can be learned, no orders as to their disposal have been received. The commander of the Michigan thinks he has got an elephant on his hands. It is understood that a portion of the British troops on the opposite shore have been ordered to other points. The Fenians killed at Ridgeway, are still unburied on the field. General Meade left this evening for Ogdensburg. There is an unauthenticated report that as many as five thousand Fenians have left Oswego.

It is stated that the commander of the British forces at Fort Erie, made a demand on commander Bryson of the Michigan to deliver up the Fenian prisoners, but this was refused, of course. There is a rumor on the streets that the Fenians captured by the British on the other side, will be shot to-morrow morning. This is unlikely. They will probably be sent to Toronto to-night or to-morrow.

10:30.—I have the authority of the commanding officer of this district to state that no demand has been made on him for the surrender to the British commander of the Fenian prisoners now held under the guns of the Michigan. By to-morrow morning, the number of prisoners will be considerably decreased, as all those that can swim will doubtless try to get ashore.

There has been a Fenian meeting here this evening, to which the public were not admitted. The result of the deliberations are not known.

It is reported from the other side that a number of Fenian stragglers were found and shot, but this is a mere rumor. It is also stated that some Fenians were found hiding in the house of a Catholic priest, and the whole party, including the priest, arrested. The streets are filled with rumors, the most of them ridiculous and absurd.

Gen. Meade, while here, issued a general order giving Gen. Barry full command and authority in this department, to make such disposition of the troops and use all means in his power to preserve neutrality between the United States and Canada.

The Detroit Fenians Moving.

DETROIT, June 3.—It is positively affirmed that between two and three hundred Fenians left this city last night on the vessel Towage; am unable to learn their destination. A great number of strangers are secreted throughout the city. A demonstration in some direction is undoubtedly intended. A large quantity of rifles in the Merchants' despatch warehouse was seized to-night by the authorities.

Gen. Meade's Order.

BUFFALO, June 3.—The following is General Meade's order:

HEAD-QUARTERS MILITARY DIV.
OF THE ATLANTIC,
BUFFALO, June 3d, 1866.

Brevet Major-General Barry:

GENERAL—Orders will be sent you from headquarters Department of the East, assigning you to the command of the District of Ontario, extending from Erie, Pennsylvania, to Oswego, New York, both places included, headquarters at Buffalo.

In advance of the order, and accompanying instructions, I direct you to use the force at your command to preserve neutrality, preventing the crossing of armed bodies, by cutting off reinforcements or supplies, by seizing all arms, ammunition, &c., which you have reason to believe, are destined to be used unlawfully, and finally taking all measures precautionary and otherwise, to prevent violation of the law. For this purpose you will move the forces under your command to such points as are threatened, and you will employ vessels, tugs, &c., such as can be procured, for watching the river and Lake shores, and taking all such measures as, in your judgment, the emergency requires.

Very respectfully,
GEO. G. MEADE,
Major General Commanding.

A Movement from Erie. Pa.

ERIE, PA., June 3.—Three hundred Fenians embarked near this place for some point in Canada, this morning. A fleet of seven large fishing boats, also, left Barcelona for Long Point, with Fenians and supplies.

General Sweeney in Albany.

ALBANY, June 3.—There has been great excitement among the Fenians here to-day, and unusual activity. The news of the capture of Colonel O'Neill and his force appears to have given renewed energy to the different organizations in the city, and meetings of consultation, attended by some of the most prominent and influential Irishmen, have been held during the day. The presence of General Sweeney, he having arrived this morning, has added to the enthusiasm of the friends and sympathisers of the army of invasion. General Sweeney has been in consultation with various gentlemen at the Delavan House. The object of his visit here is of course a secret, and his destination is also unknown. It is stated, however, that he will leave the city to-night, and it is believed he will proceed Northward. The leaders in this city say the operations in the vicinity of Buffalo were intended as a feint and that all has been accomplished in that direction that was expected. They also say that the grand movement has been made, or soon will be, many miles distant from Buffalo. It is even stated, with considerable confidence, that fighting has been in progress in another quarter to-day. It is well known here that the recruits for the Fenian army who went from this city and those from other places who passed through here during the past week went up the Rome and Watertown road. This strengthens the belief that more formidable operations than any yet developed are contemplated on the northern frontier. The Fenians here are sanguine of ultimate success, but are not very communicative. A proclamation will not be issued by the Governor, calling out the State troops, unless it shall be deemed necessary for the protection of State or private property, or upon request of the General Government. General Sweeney left on the night train for Potsdam. About a car load of Fenians composed of New Yorkers and Albanians left for the West in the same train.

A mass meeting of the Stephens and Sweeney Fenians is called for to-morrow evening.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 3.—A squad of Fenians left Mattowan yesterday. A Squad left Newburgh on Friday, and a squad will leave here on Wednesday for the Canada border.

Fenian Aid on Boston.

BOSTON, June 3.—A meeting of Fenians was held this afternoon at the headquarters on Hanover street, which was quite numerously attended. The speakers made strong appeals for money, asserting that volunteers were in abundance, but without liberal contributions they could not be sent to the front. About two thousand dollars in money was raised.

Fenians Concentrating at Cornwall, Canada West.

CORNWALL, C. W., June 3.—The Fenians are concentrating here in force. No demonstrations have been made by them yet.

Troops Gone to Protect the Cornwall Canal.

MONTREAL, June 3.—Two regiments of regulars, about five thousand volunteers, and three batteries of field artillery and sixty men and officers from the war sloop Pleiades, now in the harbor here, left here last night as a national brigade to protect the Cornwall canal, and a large number of sailors are to follow. There are two men-of-war on the way from Quebec to this city.

Fenian Troops Still Going Forward.

WORCESTER, Mass., June 3.—A company of eighty Fenians, under command of Captain Trainer, left here this evening by the Northern railroad for the front.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 3.—One hundred and fifty men are stated to have left here last night for the Fenian army.

News of O'Neill's Capture in New York.

NEW YORK—MIDNIGHT, June 3.—The intelligence of the capture of the invading Fenians on the frontier had a depressing effect on the sympathisers in this city, although enthusiastic Irishmen declare the invasion is by no means at an end. They say a number of armed bodies will cross the border this week in spite of all efforts to the contrary. The town is full of rumors of Fenians leaving here for Canada, and of rising all over the Provinces in a few days of disaffected citizens. The general belief here outside of Celtic circles, is that the threatened invasion will have no further results.

No Excitement at Ogdensburg.

NEW YORK, June 3.—An Ogdensburg dispatch this evening, to the *Times* says: There are probably six hundred Fenians at Malone to-day. The Collector of Ogdensburg has been instructed to collect all the boats on the river and guard them, and put the heaviest guns on the cutter. There is no excitement at Ogdensburg.

THE CHOLERA.

Seven Hundred Emigrants Detained at Quarantine—They Attempt to Burn One of the Ships—Twenty-six New Cases Received on the Hospital Ship—No New Case in the City.

NEW YORK, May 2.—At the meeting of the Metropolitan Board of Health yesterday, Prof. Schultz, from the Committee which was recently appointed to confer with the Quarantine Commission, and the Commissioners of Emigration, reported that the joint commission sought everywhere for a suitable spot whereon to land uninfested emigrants who may arrive in cholera ships, but the inhabitants of Long Island, Staten Island, and the New Jersey coast are dangerously hostile, and will not under any circumstances surrender an inch of their soil.

Mr. Bergen remarked that but for the merchants of New York, the last legislature might have passed an act enabling the Board to occupy a suitable spot under the right of eminent domain.

Dr. Swinburne reported that more than 700 emigrants are in detention at quarantine, and that last week they attempted to burn one of the ships. He further added the alarming statement, that if another cholera ship arrived to-day he could not provide accommodations for her passengers. Forty thousand three hundred emigrants arrived at this port during the month of May, and the three thousand seven hundred not counted above came in the cholera ships now lying in quarantine.

Twenty-six new cases of cholera were received on the hospital ship from the steamer Peruvian, and there have been twelve deaths since the last report. There are now one hundred and four cases in hospital. The brig Bertha arrived to-day from Ponce. She lost two men on the passage and had one sick on board of yellow fever. The sick man is remaining on board the vessel, there being no hospital for that disease. There are no new cases of cholera in the city. The two reported to have occurred here are sporadic and cause no alarm.

The general health of New York is quite as good as usual at this season.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Twelve new cases of cholera occurred to-day and five deaths on the hospital ships. Several bad cases were on the steamer Peruvian, and thirty cases were diarrhoea on the Portsmouth. The yellow fever patients are improving. Dr. Bissell says this is bad weather for cholera patients. A southeast rain storm prevailed all day.

Extension of Trading Privileges by China.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The Department of State has received an official dispatch from Pekin relating to the extension of the privileges accorded to vessels trading along the coast of China. To those which ply between that empire and Japan and Seygon, the only port yet opened in French Annam, on paying tonnage dues once in four months. The number of steamers now running regularly between Shanghae and the Japanese ports is five, but the trade employs many more vessels, and this concession will be an advantage. A score or more of small craft are plying between the two countries.

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 2.—The levee at Alexandria has given way and the town is flooded. The entire Red river country is devastated.

JEFF. DAVIS.

Preliminary Arrangement for his Trial Arrival of his Counsel.

RICHMOND, June 3.—An adjourned session of the United States Court for the district of Virginia will commence in this city to-morrow. Judge Underwood has not yet arrived, but is expected in the morning.

James T. Brady, of New York, Wm. B. Reed, of Philadelphia, and George W. Brown, of Baltimore, associate counsel for Jeff. Davis, arrived this morning, and are stopping at the Exchange Hotel. Charles O'Connor and George Shea will arrive in a day or two. The counsel will announce their readiness to proceed with the trial of Davis, and in the event of postponement will submit an application for bail. District Attorney Chandler will probably not be present at this session of the Court, owing to the severe illness of a member of his family. Major Hennessey, associate District Attorney, will represent the Government.

Mr. Harrison who was Davis's private Secretary, arrived here this morning from New York.

FUNERAL OF GENERAL SCOTT.

Great Array of Distinguished Persons—Vast Concourse of Visitors from Abroad—The Chapel and its Appearance—Congressional and other Delegations—The Procession, Pall Bearers, Grave, Burial, etc.

A detailed account of all the last sad honors paid to the departed chieftain, Scott, at West Point, N. Y., on Friday last, would occupy more space than these columns will admit. There was great pomp and ceremony, solemnity in the services, positive grandeur in the procession, and the usual good, bad and indifferent surroundings incident to an occasion of its character.

The day was charming and the atmosphere as pure as that of the upper Heavens. At an early hour the undertaker, and William, the body servant of the late General Scott, laid the body away tenderly in its last home, the magnificent coffin prepared for it. A sergeant and twelve enlisted men shouldered the heavy load, and accompanied by a guard of honor under command of Col. Black, conveyed it to the chapel. By car and boat, and conveyances of various nature the people began to pour into West Point at a very early hour, and every available place for seeing and hearing was densely crowded. At nine o'clock, A. M., the chapel doors were thrown open and thousands availed themselves of the opportunity for taking a farewell look at the features of the deceased. The chapel presented an imposing appearance, with cannon set in its walls and the black tablets set in the walls, and the pillars wreathed with the flags conquered by the old lion of the army. To these was added such effect as could be made by a grouping of the American colors, the drooping with white and black of the gallery, and the display of beautifully arranged flowers from the garden of Mrs. Chaplain French.

At the end of the central aisle, directly in front of the chancel on an extemporised platform rested the cloth-covered coffin, on which were placed wreaths of flowers and green by the hand of filial affection and friendship. The lid was thrown back and the pallid countenance of the dead chieftain was exposed. Fortunately the combined action of nature and art had done much during the night. The forehead was as pure and free from wrinkles as that of a child, the eyes seemed more hid, the mouth was very natural, and the color that peculiar pale which during the later years of the General's life characterized his face in repose. Dressed in an ordinary suit of black there was none of the imposing display that many expected to see, the insignia of his profession being the national flag, which was effectively wrapped about him. At the head and foot stood the gentlemen of the Guard of Honor, in full uniform. Perfect quiet reigned in the chapel, and for the first time since the General died there seemed to be an element of solemnity befitting the chamber where death was.

Old men and boys, venerable women and fashionable girls, soldiers, civilians, gentlemen and boors, schools and delegations, took their several turns, and walked lightly up the broad aisle, paused a moment at the head of the bier, looked at the well-remembered features of the old hero, and passed soberly out at the rear door. Several old soldiers who had fought under Scott years and years ago, long before the majority of those who read this were born or dreamed of, stopped a long time at the side of the coffin, and while their trembling limbs yielded to the assistance of the staff, their shaking hands wiped away the floods of tears that blinded their aged eyes and coursed down their furrowed cheeks.

While this ceremony was going on the Congressional delegation had arrived. Lieutenant General Grant and staff reached the Point a few minutes later. General Cullum and staff paid their respects to the Congressional delegation at the hotel, where had also assembled a long list of the most prominent statesmen, soldiers, sailors, educators, etc., in the country. The pall bearers were chosen just prior to the moment of starting, and consisted of Admirals Farragut and Palmer, Commodore Ringgold, and Major Generals Cullum, Townsend, Sanford, (N. Y. S. N. G.,) Van Vliet, Delafield and Meigs of the U. S. A. At a quarter before one o'clock, P. M., Chaplain French, accompanied by the Rev. Messrs. Warren and Hoffman, met the pall-bearers at the chapel door, and the services began with a solemn dirge, during which the Rt. Rev. Bishop Potter, of the Diocese of New York, arrived. The Episcopal service was read by Chaplain French; the singing was done by Mrs. Col. Black, Mrs. Greble and assistants, and at the close of the service the sacred burden was conveyed to the grave just beyond the monument erected to the memory of Gen. Dugan, in the West Point cemetery. When the coffin came to the ground, Bishop Potter, Dr. French, and others, stood at the foot of the grave, the pall bearers and Lieut. Gen. Grant at the side. The Bishop and Chaplain divided the services, and the Bishop and Chaplain closed forever over the form of the old patriot and chieftain.

General Grant took part in the proceedings, occupying his proper position in the line, on foot, and Gen. Meade conducted the order of proceedings.

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THE LATE STEAMBOAT DISASTER.

Details of the Destruction of the City of Memphis—Statements of the Captain and Passengers—List of Casualties.

[Telegraphic Correspondence of Cincinnati Comm'l.]

MEMPHIS, June 1.—The City of Memphis was valued at $75,000, and was insured in Cincinnati offices to the amount of $40,000. She was built at Pittsburgh, by Captain W. J. Kountz, in 1857, and her boilers from the steamer Crystal Palace, which was built three years previous at the same place. She had been condemned several times, we understand, but why she was bought again and again we are unable to say. At the time of the explosion she had thirty-two cabin passengers and about sixty deck passengers, and with the officers and crew of the boat there must have been 200 souls on board. All the proof goes to show very plainly that she was carrying but 115 pounds of steam. Those who witnessed the explosion say it did not have as much force as to make as loud a report as might be expected from a boat having such large boilers.

The name of Mrs. Mary Taylor, published yesterday as being drowned, was erroneous. The following are the statements of persons on board at the time of the occurrence. Statement by Dr. James Smythe: Heard a conversation between the engineers; the head engineer knew the capacity of these boilers, and would not stand under any circumstance more than a hundred and fifteen pounds. These boilers, said the engineer, were put up for a hundred and seventy pounds, but under the circumstances would not allow her to carry that amount, no matter how long it takes her to get to the end of her journey. Doctor Smythe said that the fire on the boat could have been entirely extinguished if prompt steps had been taken by both passengers and crew, as it was a half an hour after the explosion occurred before the fire got under headway. There were ten kegs of powder on board, which Captain Thompson had the deck hands throw overboard.

The packing blew out the day previous to the explosion, and made a very loud report, frightening almost all the passengers on the boat.

J. C. Short's statement: The accident occurred about breakfast time. I had eaten and went on the guards, and sat on the railing opposite the gangway. On the larboard side of the boat, near the escape-pipe, I had just asked a gentleman for a pipe, and he went to his stateroom and got it, and when he was gone I heard the engineer try one of the gauges. It did not blow as if there was sufficient water in the boiler, but sounded dry, just about enough for the engineer to turn on the other cock before the explosion occurred.

STATEMENT OF MRS. CARRIE TAYLOR.

The explosion occurrred at eight o'clock in the morning. I was at the time setting at the breakfast table; the first thing I knew of the explosion was a crashing noise and the falling of the chandelier. The cabin was pretty full of people. There were about 150 ladies in the cabin and a few children. The explosion, I think, must have occurred toward the back end of the boilers, the force of the explosion sending the cabin about midship, after the explosion, and put on my life preserver, after which I got to the lower deck by means of a board. I stood on the lower deck until the flames compelled me to jump into the river, when I got hold of a plank, by which means I was enabled to get ashore.

I cannot tell the cause of the explosion. It is said the boilers were leaking. I heard that the passengers said that the boat did not go fast enough, to which the engineers replied that they would not put any more steam on, as the boilers could not stand it. Captain Thompson deserves great credit for his conduct on the occasion. The flames on the boat did not gain headway until fifteen minutes after the explosion. I do not think they could have been put out by any means. I noticed that the sparks were scattered pretty well all through the ruins of the cabin, texas, &c., the most of which was all piled together. The City of Memphis had six boilers, and at the time of the explosion had not more than 115 pounds steam.

CAPT. THOMPSON'S STATEMENT.

We left New Orleans Friday evening the 25th, at 6 o'clock, with a large freight, forty cabin passengers and sixty deck passengers. We put off and took on as we came up, and had about the same number at the time of the explosion. Nothing particular occurred during the trip up, excepting that we passed safely through one storm. I did not apprehend any danger. The engines worked well, and there was no signs of a leak in any one of the boilers. The day before the explosion the first engineer came to me and said remarks had been made by the passengers about the boat going so slow. I told them I was Captain of the boat, and would order faster speed when I thought it necessary. I know that the first engineer tried the gauge all the way across the six boilers. Mr. Bruno, the first engineer, came to me while in New Orleans, and said he would have to put the boat to some expense by having the middle gauge cocks opened, and said he did not believe they had been opened for five years. I told him he was right, and to go ahead, which he did, and had them opened at the time of the explosion. I was standing in the clerk's office; the force of the explosion tore the shirt I had on in shreds, and split my vest clear up the back, beside smashing my watch almost to pieces. I got out of the window and down on the forecastle hurriedly, where I had the stage planks lashed together, and put overboard. I saw the wounded were carefully put on the planks, and those well I made take off their clothes and get into the water, instructing them not to get on the staging, but to remain in the water. I then selected a trustworthy negro to take charge of them and let them go, telling them to make no efforts to go to the shore, but to wait for some boat to pick them up, and they were the first survivors picked up by the Saint Patrick. I threw them a lot of planks, which were eagerly grasped by those in the water. I first discovered the boat to be on fire in the hold, and the forward pumps were working at the time, but the water could not penetrate; the strikers were both fastened in the ruins where we pulled them out. I heard a number of men beneath the debris of wood, iron, &c., groaning most pitifully and praying for a way of escape from being burned to death, but as there was no possibility whatever of getting at them, they had to be left to burn to death, while we exerted ourselves in saving those we could. The mates and myself remained on the forecastle doing all we could, until every person was off the forward part of the boat, when the carpenter and watchman came with the yawl and took us off. A negro woman played a trick on me which I shall punish her for yet. I saw the resin box lying on the forecastle, and after knocking the lid off I slid it into the river, when this negro, with her carpet sack in hand, jumped into it, shoved out, and got to shore without wetting even the soles of her shoes. After leaving the forecastle, I went aft in the yawl to help the ladies, and rescued Miss Belle Addison, of St. Louis, when she was so weak that she was unable to hold out her hand to be saved. After getting all we could into the boat there was a number of men in the water with their life preservers on them. I told them to keep cool, and permit themselves to float quietly until rescued. I made no effort to save any of my personal effects, and upon arriving at Memphis I had nothing save the clothes on me. I do not think the total number of lives lost will amount to over sixty.

ADDITIONAL NAMES OF SURVIVORS.

The following are the names of the officers and crew, with the extent of injuries: William Thompson, William Albert, Clerk, uninjured; Mr. George Barnett, Second Clerk, left hand, slightly; Thomas Nordyke, uninjured; Sam Harris, Second Mate, leg broken; Nick Burns, Engineer, ankle broken; William Phillips, Second Engineer, uninjured; S. Smith, Third Engineer, slightly; M. Boyce, Carpenter, uninjured; Thomas Richmond, Steward, slightly scalded; F. Parker, Pilot, George Britton and George Hargro, steersmen, killed; Thomas Dowling Barker, slightly. Colored crew—Henry Clay, pantryman, scalded, Young Barth and J. Davis, missing; John Murtry, W. Campbell, C. Smith Cook, John Tye, deck hands. The other members of the crew escaped without injury.

The following are among the passengers saved: Mr. Wakefield, J. D. Perkins, Mr. Fastbrook, Thomas Connelly, Rev. P. Ellis and wife, Miss M. Jacobs, Mrs. E. W. Taylor, Sidney Munson, John Davy, J. Bartley, J. Simp, Ed. Lewis, W. Johnson, H. Lewis, S. Gibson, Jas. Errig, J. H. Walker, John Neugher, J. Langkin, Sam. Harris, second mate; Broker, J. Warren and Lewis White, both severely; Wm. Cauger, of New Orleans, scalded; J. Tige, deck hand, and Thos. Richmond, slightly.

The others were so seriously injured as to be unable to give their names; three of whom were taken to the City Hospital and have since died.

A SINGULAR SUICIDE.—The Charleston (S. C.) *News* has the following: A respectable citizen, a few days ago, walking about the wharf on Delgman's shipyard, at the northeast end of the town, saw an old negro man in a little boat, fastening a rope to a large "rock," and then take the said rock in his boat and start out on the river. Our informant saw he supposed the negro was going out fishing and had shipped the stone as an anchor. The water was very deep, and the supposed arrangements not altogether practicable. His curiosity was excited; he watched the little craft from a distance, and presently saw the large stone go over the gunwale of the boat, and, to his surprise, saw the old negro follow his anchor. The old fellow had evidently tied himself to one end of the rope and the stone to the other, and thus ensured a speedy death.

POPULATION OF LONDON.—The population of London has been estimated by the Registrar-General at 3,051,949 on the 8th of April, 1867, five years from the date of the last census. Of this population 2,620,339 are within the metropolitan parliamentary boroughs, represented by eighteen members in the House of Commons; the remaining 425,601 persons are not within the limits of any of the boroughs. The "metropolis" of the Registrar-General extends from Pelham to Plumbstead, and from Hampstead to Streatham.

DIED:

BUFFUM—At the house of his parents, foot of Borough street, Lawrenceville, June 3d, at 3½ A. M., CHARLIE ELLSWORTH, son of J. C. and A. M. Buffum, aged four years, nine months and two days.

Funeral at the house, MONDAY, June 4th, at 3 P. M. Carriages will leave W. H. Devores, 154 Grant street for the house, at 2 P. M.

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JOHN W. GEARY.

UNION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR SHERIFF:
SAMUEL B. CLULEY.
FOR CLERK OF QUARTER SESSIONS:
JOHN G. BROWN.
FOR CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEX. HILANDS.
FOR RECORDER:
HENRY SNIVELY.
FOR REGISTRAR:
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
JOHN F. DRAVO.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
SAMUEL CHADWICK,
R. A. COLVILLE,
GEORGE Y. M'KEE,
GEORGE WILSON,
WILLIAM PETERS,
JOHN P. GLASS.

THE FENIANS IN CANADA.

The dash into Canada by bodies of Fenians adhering to the branch of the organization whereof General SWEENEY is the presiding military genius, was as sudden as it is likely to be disastrous. The mass of reports from different points along the border, reveal nothing to warrant favorable expectations. There may be personal bravery enough,—plenty of patriotism, and an unquestioned desire to strike a blow for Ireland; but it is impossible to conceive how the blow will fail to rebound and spend its force on the Fenians themselves. Were the numbers ever so great, were the appointments equal to what they are said to be, the movement would be at a fatal disadvantage. What apparently has been undertaken is an armed invasion, with the view of conquering Canada. This is actual warfare; and actual warfare of any kind contemplates large resources, great capacity to organize and direct, an abundance of material, despotic power and implicit obedience. If the Fenians have these, they may hope for some degree of success; but they must possess them in a degree excelling the British Government in the Provinces, which can command them to an almost unlimited extent, now and hereafter. That a temporary lodgment may be made, that some degree of temporary success may at certain points attend the invasion, is not improbable, but nothing more—after that miserable failure.

Considering what was the attitude of the British authority and the people of the colonies, during our great struggle, it is impossible to extend to them very lively commisseration in any trouble they may find themselves in in the present disturbance. It is a duty to observe all our neutral obligations; and certain precedents which the British authorities will remember, will help us to understand clearly what is to be deemed strict neutrality. If we practice on the British idea and plan, certainly the British people and government cannot find fault with us.

The Fenians do not seem to be acting as a body—at least not to have started as such in this movement, though it appears to have awakened a pretty general interest in its behalf. Should the movement be attended by a certain degree of success, we may expect to see Fenians wending their way towards the border in large numbers. There must be immediate success or the end will be more immediate and miserable even than we have predicted.

In our columns to-day will be found a mass of reports and statements up to the latest moment, but with an unsatisfactory amount of authenticated facts. Thus far the movement appears to have been attended with some positive reverses; and, with the exception of the sudden entrance into Canada, hardly any positive successes.

THE DISFRANCHISEMENT OF DESERTERS.

The Supreme Court of this State has adjourned without announcing their decision on the constitutionality of the Act of Congress disfranchising deserters. The Court does not assemble again until the end of June. It is stated that the Governor will sign the Act passed by the last Legislature, which he has held awaiting the decision of the Court, and the Adjutant General will commence the work at once of furnishing the Clerks of the several Courts of Quarter Sessions in the State with records and lists of deserters, as the Act requires. This will require all the time before the election, and be of great importance to persons marked as deserters and who can procure evidence to give them the right of suffrage. If the Court decides the Act of Congress to be unconstitutional, it can then be carried into effect under the Act of Assembly.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

The proceedings of the Lawrence county Union Convention, and the ticket nominated, will be found in the COMMERCIAL to-day. It will be seen that the convention unanimously declared for Hon. GEORGE V. LAWRENCE for a second term in Congress, which is the second county that has done so. As he will have no opposition in Washington, and probably has none in Greene, it is evident that he will receive a unanimous nomination. The convention, though meeting with conflicting views on some questions, wisely addressed itself to the cultivation of harmony. It abstained from saying or doing anything prejudicial to the success of the party. The resolutions, on this account, will be read with interest. Our friends in that staunch county, like those in Beaver, did not perceive the wisdom or necessity of hurling epithets at one another; or for the sake of gratifying a momentary personal feeling, of going out of their way to indulge in unnecessary indorsements and denunciations. A General Railroad Law was boldly demanded. The gallant Union men of Lawrence have commenced the campaign well.

BARKING UP THE WRONG TREE.

Canine perception and instinct are seldom so much at fault as to mistake the tree on which the game has taken refuge. But men often commit the ridiculous blunder, and do it in reference to very important matters. There is a noticeable case of it in recent political history. On the accession of Mr. JOHNSON to the Presidential chair, the peace-at-any-price Democrats opened a general cry through all the woods, and having, as they thought, treed the game, have been, for several months, barking loudly, eagerly and impatiently, at the roots. The clamor has driven away a few of the Republicans, but the greater part have been amused by the ludicrous scene, and the Democrats themselves begin strongly to suspect that they have been led off on the wrong scent. Not an office nor a promise have they got from the President, in return for their endorsements and their adulations. They make no progress in Congress, and gain no elections among the people. The angry growl and the coaxing whine are equally unavailing with the stern republican administrators of the government, and with their loyal constituency. And from various indications, it appears pretty certain that the mortifying conviction is gaining ground among them that they have been barking up the wrong tree.

THE Philadelphia *Press* desires us to believe that it never did think well of the third section which the Senate so unceremoniously threw overboard. We might recall the fact, that when Mr. STEVENS made his report, Col. FORNEY undertook to make it the test of faith and to launch the thunders of excommunication against any who questioned its wisdom. We might refer to his exultation over the vote of the House, whereby, as he contended, the only true policy had at last been sealed to the country, and we might show how, when the Senate threw the whole thing overboard, he took this all back and became as jubilant over its action, as he had been over the action of the House; but as all this is now thoroughly understood, we forbear. As the *Press* and Col. FORNEY indicate a disposition to support what the Senate has substantially adopted by more than three to one, and what the House will affirm by a still heavier vote, they may learn wisdom if not fairness in the future.

IT is the testimony of C. A. DANA, who was Assistant Secretary of War at the time, that when Mr. LINCOLN was slain "he was preparing to recognise the Southern States on the basis of universal suffrage and general amnesty. If this is so—and the testimony is pretty strongly corroborated—the President is not alone in having failed to carry out the policy of the martyr President.

THE CLEARING UP.

In reading certain journals and listening to certain expounders of the Republican faith up to a recent period, one must have been led to conclude that the opponents to the conquered province and other similar ideas, whereof Mr. STEVENS has been the steady but unsuccessful champion, were as supporters of the President's policy at heart sympathisers with the rebels. Now, so far from this being the fact, the earliest opposition of the extreme doctrine of Mr. STEVENS came from Mr. BEECHER, Mr. GREELEY, Mr. SUMNER, and the large class among whom they are representative characters, and who still adhere to the doctrine of Universal Amnesty and Universal Suffrage, in opposition to the final plan of the Senate. This doctrine contemplates immediate restoration, representation and participation by the South, virtually without guarantees or conditions. We say, virtually without guarantees or conditions, for it is difficult to perceive how, by giving suffrage to negroes the guilt of the rebels will be atoned for, how their present feelings and future intentions will be changed, or how their future good conduct will be guaranteed. Under such a policy the past, the present and the future will remain unaltered, only the negro will have gained suffrage and the rebels amnesty. Now this is just what some of the best minds in the land are for. This is the basis, the length and the breadth of their restoration policy in opposition to the President and Congress. It is alleged to have been the leading idea of Mr. LINCOLN, and is embodied in a proposition pending in the Senate, but without any chance. They who give it their active support, and profess themselves willing to live or die, sink or swim with it, are just as sincere, just as able, just as much entitled to their opinions as any set of men or class of people in the country, notwithstanding they openly oppose the policy of the majority in Congress, as they do the President's; and the toleration which has been and is still extended to them should be extended to all others. It has been the habit of some persons and certain presses to style all not agreeing to Mr. STEVENS's extreme method of dealing with the great problem of restoration, as "JOHNSON men"—meaning thereby something particularly offensive and traitorous—only that the supporters of the amnesty and suffrage doctrine were understood to be exempted from the classification. But why exempt them any more than the supporters of a modified policy, virtually the same as has since been embodied in the Senate plan, it is not easy to perceive, nor is it necessary to inquire now. The actual State of the case is this: Those who, though not liking Mr. STEVENS's mode of restoring the country, have not given their support to the entire policy of the President, but have hoped and labored for a policy that would steer clear of the extremes of both, notwithstanding they have been stigmatised, distrusted and misrepresented, have now the satisfaction of knowing that their general views have come to be the accepted policy of the Republicans in Congress. But those who proclaimed for the doctrine of Universal Suffrage and Universal Amnesty, hold to that doctrine still.

This review is indulged in for the single purpose of showing how unnecessary, how uncharitable it was to distrust and traduce men because they thought there ought to be some better way than Mr. STEVENS's. Although for a brief time they have endured suspicions and aspersions, they are richly paid now in the fact, that what they so courageously contended for, has become the accepted doctrine of the Republican Party.

FLOUR FROM FRANCE.

"Carrying coals to Newcastle" was a colloquial expression, in England, to signify the business folly of reversing the natural currents of trade and making a market for articles, in the places whence came the chief supply. Carrying coals to Newcastle would be like sending petroleum from Pittsburgh to Oil City for a market. In the same category we would place the shipping of flour from France to the United States. Yet this has been done, notwithstanding the expense of transportation and a thirty per cent. import duty on the article. What does it mean? We have not had unpropitious seasons, nor scanty crops, nor unusual domestic demands. There is no indication of a deficient supply of wheat flour, and of other breadstuffs there is abundance, which is selling at comparatively cheap rates. And yet it is a fact, that flour has been shipped to this country with, it is said, a profit to the shippers. We have a *system of supply* that favors this foreign enterprise, by keeping up prices at a figure which invites the foreign product to this market. In no other way can we account for this remarkable fact. If flour can be kept out of the market, and more money can be made by the sale of two-thirds of the crop than by the sale of the whole, that course will be adopted. A *system* will be formed for effecting it. Such a system, we believe, is in operation. The introduction of foreign flour, under a thirty per cent. duty, while there is not a scarcity in the country, affords demonstrative proof of it. But with such a cumbrous article as flour, the foreign supply cannot materially affect the system of domestic supply. It only proves that artificial arrangements and monopolizing combinations interfere with the freedom of the domestic trade and maintain high prices.

THE U. P. GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

On the third page of to-day's issue will be found the proceedings *in extenso* of the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church, now in session at Allegheny city, embracing the action of that body on the McCUNE memorial; the reception of the Old School Presbyterian delegation, and other topics of interest to this young and vigorous branch of the Christian family. The tone of the Assembly on the question of fidelity to the Union may be adequately judged from the unanimous election, as Moderator, of Dr. KERR, a zealous and uncompromising foe of the slave power.

JUDGE SPALDING, of the Cuyahoga District, is one of the foremost men of the Ohio delegation in Congress. He devotes himself faithfully to the interests of his constituents, and in him Freedom and Progress have found a consistent supporter. On a recent occasion, when Mr. THADDEUS STEVENS was indulging in language which afterwards he suppressed in the official report, Judge SPALDING felt it to be his duty to rebuke him, and for this the Cleveland *Leader* thinks he should not be re-nominated. Though belonging to the radical school of politics, Judge SPALDING is a patriot, a lover of decency and a man of high motives. An interest is felt outside of his district in favor of retaining him in the seat he so ably fills. It would indeed be regretted should he be dropped for the reason the *Leader* urges against him, for it would be setting a premium on vulgarity and a rebuke to those feelings which are ever to be commended, more especially in men filling high public stations.

A GAME OF SNAP.—Mr. STEVENS said in the House of Representatives, that he would not give the snap of his finger if the third section of the report of his Committee was stricken out. The Republican Senators, to a man, said they would not give a snap for his plan with the third section in, and so they snapped it out.

St. Louis and Santa Fe Railroad.

The Board of Directors of the above named railroad held a meeting at Ottawa, Kansas, May 12th, and it was ordered to immediately proceed to canvass the line of the road for subscriptions, and to survey the route with a view to a location from Holden, in Missouri, to Emporia, in Kansas. The Directors expressed the conviction that the contemplated road is of paramount importance, and that the interests of the city of St. Louis, and those of Southern and Western Kansas demand its early construction, to which every one who is acquainted with the extent of the trade of New Mexico, will readily assent.

SAVAGES IN THE MIDST OF CIVILIZATION.—Much has been said of the immense squalor and ignorance on which the "prosperity" of England is based, but we think few persons would be prepared for such a specimen of it as was elicited by "The Children's Employment Commission." A girl of fourteen, employed in the Lucifer-match manufacture, gave the following answers to the questions of the Commissioners: "Never was at school in her life. Does not know a letter. Never went to a church or chapel. Never heard of England, or London, or sea, or ships. Never heard of God. Does not know what he does. Does not know whether it is better for her to be good or bad." This is pure dehumanization, hardly to be paralleled among savages. In reading such statements, in official documents, one cannot but wonder that English piety at all takes the direction of *foreign* missions.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

Parties from the North are to put up five hundred neat dwelling houses at Newport News. The buildings are to be framed at the North. Newport News, it will be recollected, was General Butler's first capture,—unopposed,—and was for a long time an important point during military operations on the Peninsula. It is at the junction of James River and Hampton Roads, and was the scene of the engagement between the Merrimac, the frigates Cumberland and Congress, which resulted in the destruction of the two last ships. It is a better point for a Navy Yard than Norfolk. The water is good and the location elevated.

A private count of Congress on Wednesday disclosed the fact that six Senators and fifty-four Representatives were absent from the city. An adjournment about the middle of July is regarded as certain, although some are opposed to any adjournment, desiring to have a succession of short recesses, in order that the President may not remove any officers.

Rents in Richmond have been falling very rapidly. Stores which last year rented from $2,500 to $3,000, are now to be obtained for $600 to $1,000.

Thirty-one vessels were reported lost or damaged during May, of which seventeen were wrecked, three abandoned, four foundered, two are missing and one was run down. They comprise one steamer, two ships, seven barques, three brigs, seventeen schooners, and one sloop; and of these eight were foreigners, bound to or from United States ports. The total value of the American vessels, exclusive of cargoes, is estimated at $360,000 in gold.

THE movement for a railroad from Columbus, Ohio, to Hocking Valley is now assured beyond all doubts of success. The $400,000 assigned to this has been taken, with the exception of about $75,000. It is a very important enterprise for Columbus, and the leading capitalists have taken hold of the matter in earnest. The entire amount will be undoubtedly subscribed in a few days.

It was announced in the New York Board of Brokers on Wednesday, that all efforts on the government to collect the tax of brokers' sales would be suspended for the present. This is certainly an extraordinary affair; and, what is more singular, it is apparently from authority, for the Internal Revenue Commissioner, Rollins, was in this city on the day previous, and, from all appearances, issued this order upon the solicitation of the brokers. Comment is unnecessary.

The Parisian women now wear an ornament which, in its present exaggerated form, comes to us from the modes of the days when Rome ruled the world; the pendant ear rings, called by the Roman ladies *crotelia*, are a number of precious stones, especially large pearls, strung by gold fastening, and so long that they rest on the neck. The present style of bonnet, exposing the ears and cheeks, is favorable to the display of these *joyanx*, if not to the cultivation of that dear old fashioned forgotten ornament called modesty.

John Townsend, of Edisto Island, South Carolina, the man who gave the Confederacy one hundred thousand dollars in 1861, has not been more successful in his recently hired German laborers than he was in retaining his slaves. He says: "They cost me thirty-five dollars each to bring them to Charleston from New York. I fed them far better than I ever thought of feeding my hands, even gave them coffee and sourkrout, when what should they do but demand butter for their bread and milk for their coffee, and the next thing the whole crowd left me."

PERSONAL.

—Gen. Fremont has paid in St. Louis $325,000 in money, as part payment on his purchase of the Southwest branch of the Pacific railroad. He first proposed to deposit the money in New York to the credit of the State or of the commissioners; but on being notified that the terms of the sale required payment in Missouri, he sent an agent thither to make the proper disbursements.

—A gentleman who has recently been permitted to call upon Jefferson Davis at Fort Monroe, states that Mr. Davis very earnestly reiterated his former assertion to the effect that he was not en route for Europe at the time of his capture, and that he should certainly not have proceeded farther than Texas, if left unmolested. He contended that he could easily have made his way beyond the States with Breckinridge and Benjamin, had he desired.

—A well known speculator of Cincinnati has failed recently for a large sum. Suits to the amount of some $80,000 have been instituted against him in the Kenton Circuit Court, upon paper protested in the Covington banks. It is understood that this misfortune was caused by the failure of Sir Morton Peto, to whom the party had sold a large tract of oil land in the Pithole region of Pennsylvania.

—A rumor is circulating in Germany that, in case of war there, Gen. McClellan, who at present sojourns in Dresden, will be appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Saxon army.

—A story is being told of the late Count Gurowski, to the effect that, having snubbed a prominent Washington lady in public, a friend asked him "Why he had snubbed Mrs. —— so? She was not accustomed to it." "H'm!" the Count replied, in his queer English, "why not snoob her? I have snoobed the Emperor of Roos-ia; why should I not snoob Mrs. ——?"

—The Hartford *Times* is indebted to Gov. Seymour for a photographic "carte" of Osip Ivanovitch Komisaroff-Kostromsky, the Russian peasant who saved the life of the Emperor, and is now the most popular man in Russia. He has been made a nobleman, and is petted and *feted* on all hands. He was a journeyman hatter, and is not yet twenty six years old. The picture shows a young man of intelligence and a rather pleasing face. He is clad in the same fur-lined overcoat, reaching to his heels, which he wore when he struck up the pistol that was aimed at the Emperor's heart, just in time to send the bullet out of the fatal line.

—Major General Canby having been ordered to report in person at Washington city, Brevet Major General A. Baird is assigned to the command of the department of Louisiana during the temporary absence of General Canby, subject to the approval of the President.

—A Louisiana gentleman, of strong Democratic proclivities, but with an unblemished record for loyalty, is now in Washington, who lately dined with Chief Justice Chase, and avers with considerable wonder that, in private conversation, at least, the latter entertains the most moderate views concerning the pains and penalties to be inflicted upon the Southern people, and is not at all exercised at the prospect of allowing a full Congressional representation to be admitted, whenever it appears that the Union sentiment is made manifest at the elections.

—Complaint is made that the Prince of Wales is cavalier and impatient in the performance of his public duties. At the Royal Academy dinner he gave the word to the speakers to be brief, and spudged up the Archbishop of Canterbury in a manner that greatly flurried that gentleman. Lord Derby refused to be hurried, and aired his rhetoric at his leisure; but while Mr. D'Israeli was meditating something good in reply to an expected toast, the Prince rose, and the Assembly was cut short. Naturally the orators are disgusted at such disrespect and lament that while his duties are so light and his pay so good, the Prince should allow himself to appear so bored. To others his conduct does not seem so strange.

A NEW EXPLOSIVE COMPOUND.—Another explosive compound, more destructive than Nitro-glycerine, has been brought to light. This chemical mixture is called Sodium Amalgam. It is never manufactured in very large quantities, though it has been advertised for sale in San Francisco, one firm claiming to have as much as two hundred ounces for sale. The amount is not large, but when it is understood that the explosive power of one ounce of sodium is equal to that of about twenty-five pounds of gunpowder, or two and a half pounds of nitro-glycerine, it can readily be conceived that even fifteen or twenty ounces, exploded in one place would create immense havoc. And when one further reflects that even so little a thing as a spoonful of water coming in contact with two hundred ounces of sodium would cause an explosion equal to that which would be occasioned by the ignition of five thousand pounds of powder, or the concussion of five hundred pounds of nitro-glycerine, we can form some conception of its tremendous destructive power.

INCENDIARY FIRES.—It appears that there have been in New York, since the first of January last, three hundred and seventy fires, a number said to be unprecedented in the history of any city in the world, in the same space of time. The fact that many of these fires have broken out in two or three places at once proves them to have been the work of incendiaries. There seems to be no doubt but that the Academy of Music was set on fire. The Metropolitan Fire Commissioners have accordingly offered a reward of one thousand dollars for the arrest and conviction of the guilty parties in this case, or in any other case of incendiarism which may occur within the next six months.

LARGE INFLUX OF NORWEGIANS.—The Chicago *Republican* understands that no less than fifteen thousand hardy Norwegians are now on their way to this country, and that of this body, one-half leave home with no other fixed destination than Chicago. Some of these will reach here within a few weeks, and the whole within three months. A large portion of them will go farther west in search of farms. But thousands of them will rest here until they can find employment.

SUING FOR SOCIAL EQUALITY.—The Memphis *Appeal* states that some days since a negro man demanded cabin passage on the steamers Commercial and Justice, from Duvall's Bluff to Memphis, but that the Captains of these boats refused the request. The negro man, smarting under his injured dignity, has instituted legal proceedings against these steamers, claiming damages in the sum of $4,000.

Wholesale Lead Poisoning.

During the past two months the people of a portion of the Western part of Orange county, New York, have been attacked with a malady, exhibiting the most positive symptoms of lead poisoning. Yet all the sufferers stoutly denied having used anything that could have been contaminated with lead. Many cases resulted in death, and to-day hundreds are suffering from its effects. The physicians were sorely perplexed, but in about two weeks after the first violent cases came under their notice, they established the fact of the presence of lead in the systems of the patients. They then went to work to ascertain the source from whence it came. After considerable research it was found that the lead was taken by the sufferers in bread and meal, manufactured in Phillipsburg. An investigation was at once made in that direction, which resulted in the discovery of the following facts:

This mill had a wide reputation for the superior quality of its flour. The mill was kept constantly going night and day. One set of stones was set apart for his "custom" work. This was an old set, constantly needing repairs, and large cavities frequently manifested themselves, which, instead of being filled up with the cement generally used for that purpose, were filled with common lead. Some of these holes were as large as a hen's egg; one, we are informed, being as large on the surface as the palm of a man's hand.

If when filled the lead projected above the surface of the stone, it was hammered down level. Of course the attrition of the grinding detached minute particles of lead from the stone, and mingled them with the flour. The lead thus communicated, when fermented and subjected to baking with the flour, was immediately transformed into carbonate of lead, one of the deadliest of poisons.

As soon as it was ascertained that the disease originated from the bread eaten by the sufferers, samples of the flour were analyzed by Dr. Dorrance and Mr. King, a chemist, of Middleton. These gentlemen found, to their astonishment, that the lead could be discerned with the naked eye. It was, however, subjected to the usual standard tests, all of which revealed the presence of lead in considerable quantities. Of course these revelations caused a panic throughout the surrounding country.

Two hundred and thirteen cases had occurred in the vicinity of the mill, and over one hundred in the vicinity of Goshen. It is stated that a quantity of this flour has been shipped to New York, and that seven cases of poisoning from it occurred in that city.

State Rights Doctrine in Mississippi.

A case of considerable interest has recently occurred in Mississippi. It was a suit to enforce the delivery of a certain amount of cotton, for which payment had been made in advance some time before the close of the war. The payment having been made in Confederate treasury notes, the defendant refused to make the delivery, and set up, among other things, that the act of secession by the State of Mississippi and confederation with other States being in violation of the Constitution of the United States, no government was created by said Confederacy which could perform any binding act. The case was tried before Judge George R. Clayton, of the Sixth Judicial District, who ordered the delivery of the cotton, or its equivalent value. State Rights doctrine still prevails, as is shown by the following extracts from his decision:

"The citizens of this country live under two distinct governments, with clearly defined powers and expressed in written constitutions, and owe allegiance to each and obedience to the laws of each. We consider that the act of secession was not in violation of the Constitution of the United States. We consider that the citizen of the State, owing as he does partial allegiance to both governments, cannot commit the crime of treason when his action is controlled by State authority. The citizen of a State, owing permanent allegiance to the State government, cannot be amenable to the general government for rendering obedience to the authority of his State government, notwithstanding by so doing he will violate his Federal allegiance. The late disastrous war then could not have been a simple rebellion. What was its character? It was a war between distinct sovereignties to settle a question of governmental power."

Disfranchisement of Deserters.

We learn from Harrisburg that the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has adjourned without having announced their decision in the case argued last week involving the constitutionality of the act of Congress disfranchising deserters, and it is not likely that a decision will be pronounced until the meeting of the court at the end of June. The act of Assembly, which the Governor held awaiting the decision of the court on the constitutionality of the act of Congress, provides for records and lists to be procured by the Adjutant General and to be furnished to the clerks of Quarter sessions in this State, which, as presented in the letter of the Attorney General to the Court before the argument of the case, will require all the time before the election, and are of great importance to persons marked as deserters and who can procure evidence to give them the right of suffrage. We learn officially that the Governor will sign the bill, and that the Adjutant General will commence the work at once. If the Supreme Court decides the act of Congress to be constitutional it can then be carried into effect under the act of Assembly.

Goodbye, Mr. Stanton!

The *Independent* takes leave of Mr. Stanton in the following pathetic fashion: "Of course; we expected Mr. Seward to flatter the President. But we supposed that Mr. Stanton would cut off his arm sooner than have given even his private assent to the President's policy. He now stands in public league with it. What phenomenon of American political life is more striking than the rise and fall of great reputations? Oh that Mr. Stanton had been the author of Mr Harlan's letter! Meanwhile, let no man fear for the Good Cause. The Good Cause can afford to lose even the best men. It sings the song of the brook:

> 'For men may come, and men may go,
> But I go on forever.'"

THE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL HISTORY OF THE WAR.—In response to the receipt of circular No. 6 of the work upon the Medical and Surgical History of the War, being compiled under direction of Surgeon General Barnes, the latter officer has received letters of thanks and warm encomiums of the enterprise from the directors of the Military Imperial Medical schools of Strasburg, London, Berlin and Paris, besides from nearly every eminent institute of the kind in this country. The correspondence thus elicited has been printed in pamphlet form for circulation in Congress, to aid in securing the appropriation asked for to continue the work of further perfecting the enterprise.

THE widow of Johnson Hatch, late of Wells, Me., now upwards of seventy years of age, relates the following curious fact. Something more than thirty years since she heard a discussion in relation to how long the germinating principle in corn would continue sound and good. She resolved to try the experiment and prove the fact. She selected a nice sound ear of corn and planted a few kernels from it every year for thirty years. Every year for twenty-nine years the corn grew and flourished but the thirtieth year it failed to come up or sprout.

THE ladies of Lansing, Michigan, are adopting a new style of dress. It appears to consist of cloth pants like those worn by men, and an old-fashioned Indian "wampum" or sack, which comes just above the knees. Everything is said to hang down from the shoulders, doing away with tight lacing, and alleged to be very conducive to health. It does away with hoops and skirts, and decreases the lady in quantity about two hundred per cent.

TO THE COMMUNITY GENERALLY.—If you are suffering from the effects of Kidney Disease, Smolander's Extract Bucku will cure you. If you suffer from Rheumatism, Smolander's Extract Bucku will cure you. If the twinges of Gout make you cry aloud with pain, Smolander's Extract Bucku will cure you. For many diseases of females, Smolander's Extract Bucku is an invaluable remedy.

BUY IT! TRY IT!
TAKE NO OTHER.
Price, One Dollar per bottle.
Only agents here,
M'CLARRAN & M'KENNAN, Druggists,
85 Market street,
ap2 corner Diamond and Market streets.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.

P. S.—The above Prescription can be had, properly prepared, at JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug Store, No. 84 Market street. Sent by mail on receipt of $3 30. je4

LOCK STITCH
SEWING
MACHINES.
For Families and Manufacturers.
The BEST IN THE WORLD, as an examination will prove. For sale at the
WHEELER & WILSON AGENCY,
No. 27 Fifth st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
WM. SUMNER & CO.
my30

MOTH AND FRECKLES.

Ladies afflicted with discolorations on the face, called moth patches, or freckles, should use Perry's celebrated Moth and Freckle Lotion. It is infallible. Prepared by Dr. B. C. Perry, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all Druggists in Pittsburgh and elsewhere. Price $2 00. my16-MW&F 3m

IMPERIAL VINEGAR.
BOLLMAN'S
Imperial French Vinegar,
For sale by the well known firms of
MILLER & RICKETSON,
JOHN RENSHAW,
JOSEPH FLEMING,
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(Central Drug Store, Allegheny.)

This excellent VINEGAR, from its concentrated quality and pure ingredients, is without a rival in the world, and as well adapted to preserving and medical purposes as to ordinary family use.

☞ Once known it must supplant all other Vinegars. my28-6m2taw

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **MEETING OF THE ALLEGHENY COUNTY REFORM ASSOCIATION**, in Splane's Building, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets on TUESDAY, June 5th, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Business of interest is on hand and therefore the presence of all the members is requested.
By order of
je4-2t THE PRESIDENT.

EMERY AND EMERY CLOTH,
SAND PAPER AND EMERY PAPER,
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN FILES.
JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,
cor. Wood and Second sts.,
Agents for FAIRBANK'S SCALES.
je4 d&w

TO LET—WITH BOARDING—
Three Unfurnished Rooms,
Of good size, and conveniently situated. Apply at
je4-1w **NO. 61 PENN STREET.**

WHEAT AND
CORN,
In store and to arrive. For sale by
D. WALLACE,
fe4 353 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—
At Millvale Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, only seventeen minutes ride from the Union Depot.
TWELVE AND A HALF ACRES,
Adjoining the residence of ALEX. BRADLEY, Esq., and Mrs. Dr. DENNY, and beautifully situated for a country residence.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
fe1 No. 102 Fourth street.

STEAM ENGINE
FOR SALE.

The proprietors of the Novelty Works find it necessary to replace their present engine with one of greater power. We offer for sale the one now running our Works and can be seen in operation at corner of Grant and First streets, Pittsburgh.

Cylinder nine inches diameter, two foot stroke, Governor Pumps, &c., all in complete working order. Two Cylinder Boilers, thirty inches diameter, eighteen feet long.

Persons in want would do well to avail themselves of this opportunity.

ADAMS, McKEE & CO.,
je4-1m

COLUMBIAN
METAL WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SEAMLESS ROLLED BRASS
AND
COPPER TUBES,
FOR LOCOMOTIVE FLUES AND OTHER PURPOSES.
TUBES OF TRUE BORE, for Pump Chambers and Oil Wells.
COPPER TUBES, of Sizes and Lengths, Suitable for all Locomotive Work.
SUCTION INGRESS PIPE, &c.
M. M. FREEMAN & CO.,
AGENTS,
40 Broadway, N. Y.
AFTER JUNE 15, AT
136 BROOM STREET.
je4-eod2w

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
SUMMER DRY GOODS,
Just received, and will be opened this morning at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 & 182 Federal st., Allegheny.
HEAVY BLACK SILKS,
PLAID SILKS,
FIGURED SILKS.
ALPACAS, POIL DE CHEVRES,
PRINTS, IRISH LINEN,
SKIRTING MUSLINS,
SHIRT FRONTS, CASSIMERES, &c.
The attention of Wholesale and Retail Buyers is respectfully directed to this stock.
WM. SEMPLE,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ABOVE THE MARKET,
je4 ALLEGHENY.

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
101 Wood Street,
Booksellers and Stationers,
Invite the attention of WHOLESALE BUYERS to their large and well selected stock of
PAPERS,
STATIONERY,
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS,
AGRICULTURAL BOOKS,
STEAMBOAT BOOKS,
OILED WINDOW SHADES,
ARNOLD'S GENUINE FLUID, now $1 00 per quart.
je2

C. BARNARD'S
CARBONIZED PENS,
ARE FOR SALE BY

CROSBY & NICHOLS	Boston.
GEO. B. BROWN & CO	"
A. R. GAY & CO	"
B. & P. LAWRENCE	New York.
IVISON & PHINNEY	"
J. C. & W. K. HERRICK	"
BARNES & BURR	"
ARTHUR & CO	"
CORLIES & MACY	"
ROOT, ANTHONY & CO	"
CLAYTON & SONS	"
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO	Philadelphia
HENRY COHEN	"
WM. MANN	"
W. F. MURPHY'S SONS	"
KELLY & PIET	Baltimore.
J. MURPHY & CO.	"
S. E. TURNER & CO	"
HENRY TAYLOR	"
PHILP & SOLOMON	Washington.
FRANK TAYLOR & CO.	"

Principal Depot:
288 West Forty-third Street
je2-2t NEW YORK.

CARPET CHAIN.
COTTON AND LINEN,
PLAIN AND COLORED.
Also, COTTON YARNS, assorted numbers, all of best quality. For sale by A. H. CHILDS & CO., at Hope Cotton Mill, Allegheny city, (just above the Railroad Bridge.) Samples may be seen and orders left with H. CHILDS & CO., No. 133 Wood street, Pittsburgh. je2-1m

BOARDING.

A FURNISHED ROOM WANTED, with or without board, by a gentleman and his wife. House must be pleasantly located, and within five minutes' walk of the postoffice.
Address "C. D.,"
my18-tf Commercial office.

MOULDERS' AND KITCHEN
BELLOWS.
SCYTHES and SNATHES,
GRASS HOOKS,
BOX MAKERS' PLANES,
FISHING TACKLE,
BASE BALL'S N. Y. REGULATIONS,
BATS, BASES and SCORE BOOKS.
JAMES BOWN'S,
my25-M&Th **138 WOOD STREET.**

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS, formerly the
Dime Savings Institution,
No. 67 Fourth street, nearly opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. Chartered in 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.
Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office, gratis.
This Institution especially offers to those whose earnings are limited the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, and bearing interest instead of remaining unproductive.
BOARD OF MANAGERS:
President—GEO. A. BERRY.
Vice Presidents—S. H. HARTMAN, JAS. PARK, Jr.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. E. M'KINLEY.

A. BRADLEY,	WM. K. NIMICK,
A. S. BELL,	F. RAHM,
JOHN S. DILWORTH,	JOSHUA RHODES,
G. FOLLANSBEE,	JOHN SCOTT,
H. H. GRAHAM,	ROBERT C. SCHMERTZ,
	CHRISTOPHER ZUG.

Solicitors—D. W. & A. S. BELL. fe26-1yM

KINGSFORD OSWEGO STARCH.
10 boxes Kingsford's Corn Starch, 1 lb packages,
5 do Silver Glass do, 1 lb do.
10 cases do do do, 5 lb paper bxs.
For sale by the package or box at the Family Grocery of
LEWIS & McCLURE,
346 Liberty street,
je1 Next door to the Mansion House.

SUNDRIES.
25 Hhds Prime P. R. Sugars,
26 do Cuba do
50 Bbls Crushed do
50 do A. Coffee do
25 do B do
25 do YeHow do
100 Half chests Assorted Teas.
50 Bbls Prime Mess Pork,
50 Bags Prime Rio Coffee, in store and for sale by
KIRKPATRICK, BRO. & CO.,
mh13 No. 193 Liberty street.

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged **ten cents per line.** *No advertisement will be inserted for less than* **fifty cents.**

WANTED—BOARD.

WANTED—BOARD.—For a lady and two children, near and convenient to the city. Price no object—comfort and plain fare only necessary. Address G. J., this office. je2-1t

WANTED—PARTNER.

WANTED—By parties who will furnish say $15,000, A PARTNER, either general or special, to supply a similar sum, for the purpose of establishing a Wholesale Trading Business in Pittsburgh. The advertising parties are experienced, and can control a satisfactory amount of trade, a most promising start. Address "Business," care of THIS OFFICE. my25-tf

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—To occupy time of afternoons and evenings—Accounts opened, adjusted and closed. Satisfactory arrangements made with houses not requiring the full time of an accountant. Address "J. S. T." commercial office. my28-2w

WANTED—By a person who has an hour or two's leisure each day, employment for that time at posting or other writing, in some house where a regular Book-keeper is not kept. A moderate compensation will be satisfactory. Address W. A. S., at this office. je2-2w

HOTELS.

LA PIERRE HOUSE,
Philadelphia.

The subscribers having leased this favorite house, it has been refitted and refurnished in an elegant manner, and is now prepared with the most perfect appointments for the reception of guests.

The first position among first-class Hotels will be maintained in the future, as in the past.
my30-3m BAKER & FARLEY.

REIBER HOUSE—
Cor. Main and Mercer streets,
GREENVILLE, PA.
H. C. HENDRICKSON, Prop'r.
POSTOFFICE BOX 59. ap27-3m

STATES UNION HOTEL,
606 AND 608 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

This long and favorably known Hotel is now open for business, IMPROVED and REFURNISHED THROUGHOUT, and will compare with any Hotel of its size in Philadelphia, being located in the centre of the business portion of the city, which makes it one of the most desirable stopping places for Merchants and Travelers. Board—$2 25 per day.

Cars of the P. R. R. pass the door every 5 minutes.
ap19-3m THOS. H. B. SANDERS, Proprietor.

WHITE HOUSE,
PERRYSVILLE,
ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.
JOS. F. D. KEATING, Proprietor.
my16-3m

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC SALE OF THE OLD
DR. SHOENBERGER
MANSION LOT,
Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh. Under an order from the Orphan's Court of Allegheny county, Pa., I will, on
FRIDAY, June 22d, 1866,

At two o'clock, P. M., upon the premises, sell by public auction, that valuable and well known HOUSE AND LOT OF LAND, formerly the residence of Dr. PETER SHOENBERGER, deceased, in the Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa., bounded by, and fronting on Penn street, one hundred feet, more or less, on the west by Adams street, two hundred and twenty feet, on the east the same distance by lot now of THOMAS S. BLAIR, Esq., and on the north one hundred feet, more or less, by Pike street; the House being a large, double two story brick dwelling, with outbuildings.

The property will be sold as a whole, or in parts, as may be found most advantageous.

A plan of subdivision may be seen at the office of SHOENBERGER & CO., No. 93 Water street, or JAS. VEECH & SON, Attorneys, No. 58 Grant street, corner of Fourth.

TERMS OF SALE—Which will allow a liberal credit for part of price, if desired.

Possession given April 1, 1868.
je1-2taw3w SARAH K. SHOENBERGER.

RE-SALE OF THE
JOHN B. BELL COAL WORKS,
New Cumberland, Hancock Co., W. V.

By virtue of a decree rendered by the Circuit Court of Hancock county, West Virginia, at the April term, 1866, in a cause therein pending, wherein Thomas Bambrick, Administrator of John Cuppy deceased, is plaintiff, and John B. Bell, defendant. The undersigned Commissioner and late sheriff of Hancock county, sold the structure of coal and other property hereinafter described, under a former order of the Court aforesaid, in the suit aforesaid, to Thomas M. Sterret and John B. Bell, his surety; the said parties having failed and neglected to pay the amount of purchase money due and secured by the second bond given by the said Sterret with John B. Bell, his surety, therefore, pursuant to the decree in said cause the undersigned Commissioner, will proceed on the premises, on TUESDAY, July 10, 1866, to re-sell all the following property, to wit: All that stratum of coal purchased by said John B. Bell from said John Cuppy, near the town of New Cumberland, in said county of Hancock, containing about 100 acres of coal of best quality; also lots of ground in said town of New Cumberland, numbered and designated on the plat thereof by the Nos. 47, 48, 49, 50, 69, 70, 71, 72, 81, 82, 83 and 84, also coal cars, together with all the fixtures and appurtenances belonging to said Bell, and used in and about his coal works, all of which property will be sold under the decree aforesaid.

The sale will be one-third cash in hand, and the residue in two equal instalments, payable in one and two years with interest, the purchaser executing bonds with approved security for the deferred payments. The said sale will be at the risk and expense of the said Thomas M. Sterret and John B. Bell, his surety, and the title will be retained until the purchase money is paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.
SAMUEL W. WILSON,
je2-1m Commissioner.

VALUABLE LAND
FOR SALE
IN THE
MONONGAHELA VALLEY.

The subscribers offer for sale 371 acres of
SUPERIOR FARMING LAND,

With COAL UNDERLYING 134 ACRES. This land is situated in Washington county, fifteen miles from Pittsburgh, one mile from the Brownsville Road, and a quarter of a mile from Coal Bluff Landing, on the Monongahela river.

The improvements are a STONE DWELLING, FRAME BARN, with extensive stabling for cattle and horses, STONE SPRING HOUSE, SHOP, &c. It contains two Orchards of choice fruit; abundance of Limestone, and is well watered with never failing Springs of ice-cold water. It is well adapted to all kinds of Grain, Grazing, or Fruit Cultivation. The property is divided into three parts, of 130, 124, and 117 acres, which will be sold separately, or together, to suit purchasers. For terms apply to
S. J. BEATTY, or
J. P. BEATTY,
my29-3w Coal Bluff P. O., Washington Co., Pa.

VALUABLE
FARM FOR SALE.

125 Acres of land, situate in Versailles Township, Allegheny county, on the Greensburg Turnpike, within 1 mile of Port Perry, and 1 mile of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Brinton Station, 12 miles East of Pittsburgh. This farm contains an abundance of the finest quality of LIMESTONE AND COAL, sufficient for family use; well watered by several springs of EXCELLENT WATER; the improvements are a LARGE STONE DWELLING HOUSE, also frame dwelling house, LARGE FRAME BARN, CARRIAGE HOUSE, Spring House, and other Out-buildings. There is also upon the farm a fine orchard of WELL SELECTED FRUIT. This farm will be sold cheap, if a purchaser offers soon. Terms reasonable. Inquire of
S. B. W. GILL,
No. 89 Fifth street, Pittsburgh,
my26-3m or of James White, on the premises.

POSSESSION GIVEN IN THIRTY days of a fine HOUSE and two LOTS OF GROUND, offered for sale, situated on Mount Washington, convenient to the city, comprising half an acre of ground, on which is about forty fruit trees of different varieties, a large lot of smaller fruits, currents, raspberries, blackberries, strawberries, &c., &c. A large garden, with crop in, and in fine condition. A great variety of fine flowers and shrubbery, and twenty-five grape vines. The dwelling is a frame, nearly new, and contains four rooms; portico front; excellent cellar; spring near the house.
B. McLAIN & CO.,
my29 122 Fourth street.

HOUSE
FOR SALE.

I offer to sell, on moderate terms, a convenient, well built, three-story brick DWELLING HOUSE, on Second street, below Market street.
Possession given immediately.
HILARY BRUNOT,
my24-eod:f 115 Penn street.

10,000 ACRES LAND FOR SALE.
Liberal Terms to Settlers.

Situated in the fertile Valley of the Kanawha, West Virginia, unsurpassed for richness of soil and quality of timber. Coal and other minerals in great quantities. Some of the tracts but a short distance from the great Kanawha and Gauley Rivers. Several Farms with Houses, Orchards, &c., in good condition. Prices according to location and improvements. Timbered Land improved at the extremely low price of four dollars per acre, with privilege of choosing out of the above number of acres. A large settlement has already been formed and is daily increasing. Clear title warranted. For further particulars, address
WM. H. BRILL, Allegheny City, Pa.;
Or call at PARK & BRILL'S DRUG STORE, No. 77 Federal street. my15 d&w-3m

COAL LAND
FOR SALE.

Known as the Union Coal Works, containing 108 acres in the Third Pool, a short distance above Monongahela City. Road and houses in good condition. 40 Pit Cars, all in complete order. Inquire of J. & C. SEIBERT, 157 Grant street, and NICHOLAS SCHNYDER, in the Diamond, Birmingham, or 89 Water street. ap21-2meod

FOR SALE.—SEWICKLEY RESIDENCE.

Twenty six acres of land, in a high state of cultivation, on which is a two story frame dwelling containing twelve rooms, built in modern style; cellar under the whole house; good Stable and Carriage House; excellent water; 1,500 fruit trees, including every variety. Three acres in forest trees, near the house; cold grapery, and abounding in shrubbery and flowers.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
my2 No. 102 Fourth street.

COTTAGE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—A beautiful country residence, containing 14 acres of land, located 2 miles from the city, on the Brownsville Road, on which there is erected a cottage dwelling of 6 rooms and basement, with good cellar, all the necessary outbuildings, an excellent well and cistern, orchard of from 75 to 100 trees grafted fruit. The place is underlaid with coal, 5 foot vein, with pit open.

For further information and terms, apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES, Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa. ap21

FOR SALE.
A VALUABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE,

At Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, one-half mile from Wilkinsburg, 11 acres, 136 perches of Land, a fine new dwelling, containing ten rooms and cellars underneath. Fruit and other conveniences on the premises. For further information call at No. 106 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises.
ja13-tf J. S. KING.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.

Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
WM. M. MOFFETT,
au4-tf Attorney at Law.

AMERICAN ANTI-INCRUSTATOR.—The attention of Manufacturers and others using steam boilers is directed to this practical and reliable apparatus, for removing and preventing the troublesome, expensive and calcareous formation known as scale. For information apply to
CURTIS S. HAVEN,
Wilkins Hall, Fourth street, Pittsburgh.
my21 P. O. Address, Box 134.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER.
20 hf. bbls. Prime Roll Butter;
10 bxs Prime Roll Butter.
For sale by
mh28 J. B. CANFIELD.

WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—Male or Female. $5 per day, selling the great money making article, worth $10 a year to any family. Send two stamps for circulars and return postage. Address M. E. PIERCE, Box 2,394, Chicago, Ill. je2-3t

WANTED—AGENTS—Wanted in every town and neighborhood, for "The Great Labor Saver," a new article in great demand, worth $20 to any family. Secured by patent, and very saleable. Agents, male and female, are making $5 to $10 per day with a capital of $5 to $10. Any person having a little spare time will find it pleasant and profitable. Send two stamps for circulars and return postage. Address R. WAYVELL, Box 4,781, Chicago, Illinois. ap14-3m

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Experienced business men preferred. Yet a few can find employment who have not had experience as Salesmen, if worthy and well qualified to engage in first class business. Apply in person or address
W. D. BAKER,
98 Grant street,
ap11-3m [over McMaster, Gazzam & Co's law office.

NOTICES.

THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, June 1, 1866.

☞ **NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.**—The Comptroller of the Currency has authorized the Board of Directors of this Bank to increase the Capital Stock to the sum of two millions of dollars, ($2,000,000,) by the issue of ten thousand additional shares, amounting to five hundred thousand dollars, ($500,000.) The Board will estimate the amount to be paid for each new share taken, by an addition to the par of fifty dollars, a pro rata valuation of the reserved profits and accumulated earnings at the date of subscription. Applications for stock will be received until further notice. By order of the Board. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
je1-d&w-tf

☞ **NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that a Certificate of Stock in the Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh, in the name of McKEE & HEWIT, dated February 25, 1839, numbered 572, has been lost or destroyed, and application has been made for a duplicate. ap26-1taw6w

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA
Salt Manufacturing Company,

Are hereby notified that a Special meeting will be held at the Company's office, No. 112 South Front street, Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, June 20, 1866, at 12 o'clock, M., to consider the propriety of accepting or rejecting an act of Assembly, approved the 20th day of April, 1866, entitled "An Act authorizing the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company to increase their Capital Stock."
GEORGE C. CARSON, Secretary.
Philadelphia, May 23, 1866.

NOTICE.—The Stockholders of THE PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY are hereby notified that a Special Meeting will be held at the Company's office, No. 112 South Front street, Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, June 20, 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to consider the propriety of increasing the Capital Stock of the Company to the amount of One Million Dollars, in accordance with the act authorizing the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company to increase their Capital Stock, "approved the 20th day of April, 1866," and for such other business as may then be presented.
THOS. SPARKS, President.
GEORGE T. LEWIS,
ELIJAH DAVIS,
SAMUEL SIMES,
GEO. C. CARSON,
Directors.
Philadelphia, May 23, 1866. my31-6t

NOTICE.—ALL DELINQUENTS who have neglected and failed to pay the assessments made on the Capital stock of the WHITELY CREEK OIL COMPANY, of Pittsburgh, and now overdue, are hereby notified that, unless they pay up on or before JUNE 1, 1866, the property of the Company will be sold by the Creditors for the payment of the indebtedness thereof.
my26-1w THOS. STEEL, Secretary.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—NOTICE is hereby given, that an Instalment of fifty cents a share has been levied on the capital stock of the MEADOW MINING COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, payable at the office of the Treasurer, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday, June 25, 1866.

Lake Superior stockholders may pay to John Senter, Esq., the Michigan director at Eagle River, Keweenaw county, Michigan.

The assessment is called to pay off the existing liabilities of the Company. By order of the Board of Directors.
JAMES M. COOPER,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, May 8, 1866. my9-td

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that so much of the
CHANNEL
OF THE ALLEGHENY RIVER

As runs between the second and fourth piers from the Allegheny City end of the Railroad Bridge, now being rebuilt by the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company over that river, between Pittsburgh and Allegheny, will be

Necessarily Obstructed

During the time of putting up the new superstructure of the Bridge, probably for about four months from the first of June, A. D. 1866.
H. A. GARDNER,
my15-3w Chief Engineer.

NOTICE.

THE REMAINING PART of the large property for sale laid out in Boyd & Allen's plan of lots, will be sold in lots or by the acre. Splendid for gardening purposes or for city residence. Apply to WM. S. BOYD, office of KIRKPATRICK & MELLON, corner of Diamond and Grant streets, or to RICHARD ALLEN, on the property at Lower St. Clair Hotel. my15-3m

THE PATENT CAMPILLION

ENAMEL is proving a great success. Thousands are using it on their Furniture, Paints, and Iron Grate Fronts and Fenders, and every one speaks in the highest terms of its excellent qualities.

GREEN ENAMELED SHADE PAPER, finished with the above glossy coating, just received. This article is much prettier, and equally as durable as the Oil Cloth Shades, and sells at less than half the price, being only 33 1-3 cents per square yard.

Price of the Enamel, $1 60 per quart, or $6 00 per gallon.

For sale at
21 FIFTH ST.,
my29 **OVER BATES & BELL'S.**

AGENTS WANTED—
FOR OUR
NEW & BEAUTIFUL WORK,
THE PICTORIAL BOOK OF
ANECDOTES AND INCIDENTS
OF THE REBELLION.

Heroic, Patriotic, Political, Romantic, Humorous and Tragical. Splendidly illustrated with over 300 fine portraits and beautiful engravings.

This work, for genial humor, tender pathos, startling interest, and attractive beauty, stands peerless and alone among all its competitors. The Valiant and Brave Hearted, the Picturesque and Dramatic, the Witty and Marvelous, the Tender and Pathetic. The Roll of Fame and Story, Camp, Picket, Spy, Scout, Bivouac and Siege; Startling surprises; Wonderful Escapes; Famous Words and Deeds of Women, and the whole Panorama of the War are here thrillingly and startlingly portrayed in a masterly manner, at once historical and romantic, rendering it the most ample, brilliant and readable book that the war has called forth.

Disabled officers and soldiers, teachers, energetic young men, and all in want of profitable employment, will find this the best chance to make money ever yet offered. Send for circulars and see our terms.
Address
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
No. 507 Minor Street,
my4-d&w-1m PHILADELPHIA, PA.

FURNITURE
J. W. WOODWELL & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PARLOR,
LIBRARY,
CHAMBER and
DINING ROOM
FURNITURE
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
mh13-3m **97 and 99 Third Street.**

THOMAS PALMER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WALL PAPER,
TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES, &c
Green Oil Cloth and Buff Holland.
Warehouse, No. 91 Wood Street.
Second door below Diamond Alley,
mh26-3m PITTSBURGH, PA.

WOOLDRIDGE
OIL REFINING COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
JOHN WATT.......................President.
HENRY M. LONG..............Secretary and Treasurer.
Works in Temperanceville.
OFFICE, NO. 2 DUQUESNE WAY,
(Near Suspension Bridge.)
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,
BRAND, "LUCIFER."
This Oil cannot be excelled for burning properties, color or fire test, and is put up in well seasoned barrels suitable for HOME USE or EXPORT.
☞ Orders solicited.
DIRECTORS:

John Watt,	C. B. Herron,	Robt. Wallace,
Robert Lea,	H. H. Collins,	D. W. C. Carroll,
George Black,	C. L. Caldwell,	J. W. Porter.

ap28 3m

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES,
WEDDING CARDS
and ENVELOPES,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
my23 cor. Wood and Third streets.

GREAT ATTRACTION IN
Boys' Clothing.

If you wish to purchase a fashionable and tasty suit of BOYS' CLOTHING, go to A. ARONSON'S Star of the West Clothing Hall, No. 169, corner St. Clair and Liberty streets, which only has been a few days open. Remember prices are twenty-five per cent. cheaper than elsewhere. my18-tf

JAMES LIPPINCOTT,
PORK PACKER,
Dealer in Sugar-cured Hams, Bacon, Barrel Pork, Dried Beef, Lard, Lard Oil, Grease, Tallow, &c., &c. Would respectfully solicit a share of the trade.
NO. 23 SEVENTH STREET,
my1-3m PITTSBURGH.

SUGAR—
200 bbls Lovering's Crushed, Granulated Powdered, A and B Coffee Sugars. 10 hhds choice Cuba; 20 bbls extra C, and 20 bbls Yellow. For sale by
my17. **MILLER & RICKETSON.**

WANTED.

WANTED—TO CAPITALISTS.

WANTED—Several Parties to join the advertiser in buying some available tract of land near the city, for the purpose of dividing it up into homes. The objects sought for are community and pleasant residences, at moderate cost. Address SUBURBAN, Commercial Office. my10-tf

PERSONAL.

WANTED—Information of the whereabouts of JOHN MILES, who left the house of a relative in Sligo, near Pittsburgh, about the last of November, and has not since been heard of by his family. It is feared that he may have been drowned. He was near fifty years old, quite bald on the top of the head, remaining hair light; sandy beard; height about five feet, seven inches; stoutly built; had on when last seen a soft wool hat, dark cloth pants, dark sack coat, woolen socks, coarse pegged shoes, and a gray woven flannel shirt, stitched round the neck with red yarn. Address Mrs. REBECCA MILES, box 689, Oil City, Pa., or Mrs. RACHEL FULLERTON, 198 Spring alley, Pittsburgh. my24-tf

WANTED—TO SELL.

WANTED—To sell a farm of 190 acres, on Green river, (always navigable) in Kentucky. Oil has been pumped for four years in the immediate neighborhood. Regular communication by steamboat, with Evansville, on the Ohio River. Address H., Commercial office, Pittsburgh. my23-tf

WANTED—To sell, on advantageous terms, three or four leases, covering about 1,000 acres prime oil territory, in McLean county, Kentucky. Oil is now being obtained from the adjoining lands. Direct communication with the Ohio river at all seasons, by steamboat, via Green river, a slackwater improvement. Address H., Commercial office, Pittsburgh. my23-tf

WANTED—A first class Salesman in a wholesale Dry Goods Store. To a competent and experienced man a liberal salary will be paid. Address, with reference, &c., "COMMERCIAL," at this office. my23-2w

WANTED—TO PURCHASE.

WANTED—A small improved property, on or near the Allegheny Valley Railroad, say ten to twelve miles from the city. Address X. Y. Z., Commercial office. ap12-tf

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—Large airy rooms, with first class board, suitable for married or single gentlemen. Address, with real name, A. M., Commercial office. ap21-tf

BANKS AND BANKERS.

H. B. FRY,
BANKER,
NO. 12 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
Gold, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government, State, Railway, Mining and Express Securities, negotiated on the most favorable current terms. Any information promptly furnished by mail.
my22-2meod

N. HOLMES & SONS,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUNDS AND CURRENCY.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
mh10-eod

PITTSBURGH
NATIONAL BANK
OF
COMMERCE,
COR. WOOD AND FIFTH STS.
Capital - - - $500,000
Discounts Daily at 11 A. M.
Deposits received and collections made on all the principal points of the United States, on favorable terms. UNITED STATES SECURITIES Bought and Sold.
OFFICERS.
A. PATTERSON, President. **JOSEPH H. HILL,** Cashier.
JOSEPH C. CURRY, Ass't Cashier.
DIRECTORS.

A. PATTERSON,	WM. REED,
JAMES McCANDLESS,	ALLEN KIRKPATRICK,
CHARLES LOCKHART,	WM. DOUGLAS,
WM. H. BROWN,	WM. S. HAVEN,
JOHN MELLON.	

ap2-eod

DEPEW & POTTER,
BANKERS,
No. 11 Broad Street,
NEW YORK.
Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers, and others.
Interest allowed on deposits subject to sight draft.
All kinds of Securities bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities.
Collections made on all points.
CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW. HENRY W. POTTER.
(Late Secretary of State.)

BANKING AND
EXCHANGE OFFICE
OF
SAM'L HAZLETT,
WASHINGTON, PA.
Special attention given to collections—in Washington and adjoining counties—and remitted for promptly on day of payment in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia or New York Exchange.
REFERENCES:
Ninth National Bank, New York City; Messrs. Alex. Benson & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia; Messrs. Bullitt & Fairthorne, Attorneys, Philadelphia; Messrs. N. Holmes & Sons, Bankers, Pittsburgh; S. Brady, Esq., Cash. of Merchants Nat. Bank, Wheeling. my12 1m

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital $500,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same office and Directors.
DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN,	ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS,	FRANCIS G. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL,	JOHN H. RALSTON,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	JOHN WILSON,
	WM. K. NIMICK.

JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
se7 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier

E. W. CLARK & CO., BANKERS, No. 35 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA. We offer for sale Morris and Essex Railroad 7 per cent. Bonds; Central Pacific R. R. 7's interest payable in Gold in New York; U. S. 30 year 6's, interest in currency, issued to the Pacific Railroad Company. These bonds are all for sale very low. Stocks bought and sold on Commission. U. S. Securities of all kinds bought and sold. mh10-3m

NATURE'S OWN REMEDIES.
CONGRESS SPRING WATER.
EMPIRE SPRING WATER.
COLUMBIAN SPRING WATER.

No natural or artificial compound has yet been *discovered or manufactured* that equals these waters as a *preventive, relief,* and *permanent cure* for many temporary and chronic diseases, as proved by many thousands who have drank them for years.

CONGRESS WATER

Is a cathartic, alterative, and tonic, and is a valuable remedy for affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Gout, Chronic Constipation, and Cutaneous Diseases. Is a most powerful preventive of Fever and Billious Complaints.

EMPIRE WATER

Is a cathartic, and a valuable remedy for Rheumatism, Derangement of the Liver, Diseases of the Skin, and General Debility. Its effects are most salutary in Lung Diseases. It is an almost *sure cure* for Scrofula and the most aggravated forms of Dyspepsia. For *all* Billious Derangements it stands unrivaled.

COLUMBIAN WATER

Is a tonic and diuretic of a highly beneficial character, and is a *positive remedy* for Diabetes, Gravel, Calculus, Irritation and Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder. It has most singularly active effects in restoring these organs when debilitated by long disease. Females who have suffered for years from irregularity, and the distressing diseases known only to their sex, have been entirely cured by the faithful and judicious use of Columbian Water.

These waters are bottled fresh and pure from the above named springs, and preserve their medicinal value for years.

Beware of Imitations and Inferior Waters. The corks of all *genuine waters* are branded on the side of the cork.
{Congress Water / C. & E. S. Co.} {Empire Water / C. & E. S. Co.} {Colum. Water / C. & E. S. Co.}

Sold by all Druggists, Hotels, Wine Merchants, and First Class Grocers.

Sold only at wholesale by
HOTCHKISS' SONS, Proprietors,
Saratoga Springs, 92 Beekman st., N. Y.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention.
ap10-3meod

A REPORT OF THE MARKETS for the week ending Saturday, June 2, 1866, by COOK BROS. & CO., No. 13 Smithfield street: Canvassed Sugar Cured Hams, 23½c; Uncanvassed S. C. Hams, 22c; Uncanvassed Family Hams, 21c; Uncanvassed Plain Hams ⅌ lb, 20½c; Shoulders, 14½c; Clear Sides, 18c; Ribbed Sides, 16½c; Canvassed Dried Beef, 25c; Uncanvassed Dried Beef, 24c; Beef Tongues, $7 50 ⅌ dozen; Bologna Sausage, ⅌ lb, 13½c; Goshen Cheese, 23c; Country Cheese, 20c; prime Lard, 22c; White Fish, half bbls, $10 00; Lake Herring, half bbls, $5 50; Ryder's Paraffine Candles, 40c ⅌ lb; No. 1 Lard Oil, ⅌ gall, $1 90; (Cin.) Dried Peaches, quarters, 19c ⅌ lb; Dried Peaches quarters and halves, 21 cents ⅌ pound, Southern Fruit; Dried Apples, 15 to 17 cents ⅌ lb; 3 lb Canned Peaches, ⅌ doz, $4 62; 2 lb Canned Peaches, $3 88 per doz; Sorghum Molasses, per gallon, 65 cents; Extra Family Flour, $12 to $13 00; Clover Seed, ⅌ bus, $6 to $7; Timothy Seed, ⅌ bush, $4 25 to $4 50; Flax Seed, ⅌ bushel, $2 65; prime Roll Butter, ⅌ lb, 25 to 28c; Tallow, 12½ to 13c ⅌ lb; Eggs, ⅌ doz, 22c; White Beans, ⅌ bus, $2; Beeswax, ⅌ lb, 40c; Rags, white, 10 to 12c; Rags, mixed, 6 to 7c; Country Soap, 6 to 8c; Pure Cider Vinegar, 30c ⅌ gall; Ohio and Pennsylvania Wools, ⅌ lb, 50 to 55c; Peach blow Potatoes, $3 85 to 4 00 ⅌ bbl; Green Apples, $9 00 to 10 00 ⅌ bbl. je2

SUNDRES.
25 hhds, prime P. R. Sugars;
25 do do Cuba do;
50 bbls Crushed do;
50 do A Coffee;
25 do B do;
25 do Cuba do;
50 bags prime Rio Coffee;
50 half chests Black Teas;
50 do Y. H. do.
In store and for sale by
KIRKPATRICK, BRO. & CO.,
ma3:3m No. 193 Liberty Street.

POLITICAL.

☞ **UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**, of Allegheny county, for 1866-7.
JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman, Lawrenceville.
CAPT. W. N. ERWIN, Temperanceville.
GEO. F. GILMORE, Pittsburgh.
GEN. A. L. PEARSON, Lawrenceville.
WM. M. WILLS, Pittsburgh.
COL. T. M. BAYNE, [illegible] township.
A. M. WATSON, Sewickley.
DANIEL O'NEILL, Pittsburgh.
STEPHEN H. GEYER, Allegheny.
COL. J. B. COPELAND, Elizabeth.
C. C. TAYLOR, McKeesport.
JAS. G. MURRAY, Upper St. Clair township.
GEN. S. B. M. YOUNG, Robinson township.
JOHN McKELVY, Wilkins township.
GEORGE WILSON, Pittsburgh.
JONATHAN NEELY, Mount Washington.
JAMES DICKSON, Neville township.
A. H. GROSS, Liberty township.
MELCHOR VERNER, Baldwin township.
W. F. MILLER, Collins township.
JOSEPH A. BUTLER, Pittsburgh.
W. B. NEGLEY,
Chairman Union County Convention.
PITTSBURGH, June 1, 1866.
The above Committee will meet on SATURDAY, June 9th, 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Office of WM. B. NEGLEY, Esq., corner Fifth and Grant streets, Pittsburgh.
je1-td JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman.

CONGRESS—22D DISTRICT.
HON. J. K. MOORHEAD,
Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, his name is now presented by them as a candidate for nomination for Congress, for the Twenty second District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap-td

FOR RENT.

TO LET—
3 Comfortable Rooms,
Being the entire first story of a dwelling in one of the most desirable locations in the city. Apply to
ap14-tf B. McLAIN & CO.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COLUMBIA HOUSE—
CAPE MAY, N. J.
Opened on the 1st day of June, 1866.

Many improvements have been added to this large and popular establishment since the close of last season. "Birgfield's" celebrated Band has been secured, and nothing will be left undone to sustain the well established reputation of the house.

It has long been admitted that Cape May possesses a better and more secure beach than any other sea side summer resort in the country. It is the only beach where ladies and children can bathe in the ocean by themselves with security.

Excellent railroad facilities and largely extended hotel accommodations must command for Cape May a preference over any other sea shore resort in the country.

The Columbia House is located close upon the beach with a full ocean view from three fronts of the house. Its bathing rooms are new, and neatly built. Its lawn has a fine group of shade trees, and well laid out walks. Its dining room is very large and airy, and is so situated as to secure a fine ocean breeze at all times of day and evening.

There are connected with the house several fine cottages, which may be secured by families or parties who desire more private quarters than rooms in the hotel.

For rooms, &c., address
GEO. J. BOLTON,
Cape Island, N. J., or at
my29-1m eod Bolton's Hotel, Harrisburg, Pa.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Cresson Springs.
This delightful Summer Resort will be open for the reception of guests on
SATURDAY, June 2, 1866.
For further information address
GEO. W. MULLIN,
CRESSON SPRINGS,
my21-1m CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—15,000 CUBIC FEE
Pine Square Timber.
Will average over twice and a half good quality.
Inquire of JAMES McQUISTON,
at Duquesne Foundry,
je1-1w cor. Wilkins and Liberty sts., Ninth Ward.

HORSES FOR SALE—
4 Good Sound Work Horses,
Suitable for single or double harness; also, one fi RIDING HORSE. Can be seen at
HOWARD'S LIVERY STABLE,
First st., above Smithfield,
my29 near Monongahela House.

FOR SALE—Immediate Possesion. That three-story
Brick Dwelling,
No. 629 Liberty street, containing nine rooms. Wat and Gas up stairs and down. Lot 18 by 100 feet Spring alley. Terms easy.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
my28 No. 102 Fourth street.

TO NEWSPAPER PUBLISHER
FOR SALE,
A DOUBLE CYLINDER TAYLOR PRESS. S of bed 31 by 46 inches. For terms, &c., address
ap27-tf THE COMMERCIAL.

MISSOURI LAND

HAVING SPENT CONSIDERABLE TIME in Missouri, examing the count and locating lands, and having perfected arran ments with parties resident in that State for furnis ing information, I am prepared to locate Governme Lands on the most favorable terms, and can enter t best of selected vacant lands at the rate of 80 ce per acre, including all expenses, for any parties des ing them. I am permitted to refer to Messrs. HAM TON & MORELAND, Pittsburgh, Pa., or THOS. JEWETT, Esq., Steubenville, O., and applicatio may be made to CYRUS HOWARD, address Po office, Pittsburgh, Pa., or the undersigned, Steube ville, Ohio. J. BLICKENSDERFER JR
my29-1meod

JAMES ONSLOW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Claim Agent, Collector and Scrivene
OFFICE, NO. 75 GRANT STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA
Special attention given to Collections in Weste counties. my10-t

PARLOR PAPERS.--A NEW LO
OF
STAMPED GOLD PAPER
For Parlors, new and beautiful designs, now receivi at JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.,
my19 No. 107 Market street, near Fifth

GEO. W. HAHN..........................GEO. D. RIDD
HAHN & RIDDLE,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMI SION MERCHANTS,
No. 20 Diamond, Allegheny.
Goods delivered free of charge. may16-3

REMOVAL.
DR. W. F. FUNDENBERG, Dentist.
Has removed his office to the rooms formerly oc pied by him, No. 104 Fourth street, between Wo and Smithfield.
Dr. F. does not insert artificial teeth, but confi himself to the preservation of the natural ones.
ap6 2m

DEEDS,
MORTGAGES,
LEASES,
LAWYERS' and
ALDERMAN'S BLAN
Printed and for sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
mp23 cor. Wood and Third stree

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,
Manchester Lumber Yard.
Flooring, Shelving, Shingles, and all descriptions Yard and Mill Lumber,
Cor. Preble and Chestnut streets,
my2 3m MANCHESTE

D. L. PATTERSON & CO.,
MANCHESTER SAW MILLS,
Between Beaver street and Ohio Riv
MANCHESTER, PA.
Orders for all kinds of Lumber for building, Siding, Deck Plank, Lath, Palings, &c. my2-

LIME, LIME, LIME—THE SHATON COAL COMPANY, having removed t Lime Depot to C. H. ARMSTRONG'S Coal Ya Liberty st., beyond the outer depot of the Pennsyl nia Railroad Company, take this method of inform their customers, and the public in general, that th are now prepared to fill their orders without del as our kilns are now in full operation. Orders at their old stand, or addressed to J. W. MILLER, Clair Hotel, will be promptly attended to. my22-

FIERY SERPENTS,
OR THE EGGS OF PHAROH'S SERPENTS
A new and curious chemical toy. For sale by Chas Super, Druggist, corner Penn and St. Clair stre Pittsburgh, Pa., sole agent for Westmoreland, W ington, Fayette, Allegheny, Greene, Beaver and V ango counties. Also, for sale by McClarran & Kennan.

DR. J. A. PHILLIPS—
OFFICE:
No. 105 Liberty,
my29-6t BELOW PITT STREE

WM. H. KNOX.............................ROBT. C. OR
KNOX & ORR,
Wholesale Grocers
And Dealers in FLOUR, BACON and LARD
NO. 268 LIBERTY STREET.
my26-1m Opposite Hand st., Pittsburg

CEMENT. CEMENT.
BEST UNIONTOWN HYDRAU
CEMENT always on hand and for sale by
CHAS. B. LEECH,
my19-6mW&S No. 118 Second stre

PERRY SHULTZ,
DEALER IN
HIDES, LEATHER AND WOO
NO. 41 WALNUT STREET,
Between Second and Third, near Barnums Hotel, posite Cathedral,
mh5-6m ST. LOUIS, M

NEW VERBENA,
"MISS KATE BAUM."
A fine stock of Gen. Negley's new Verbena, Kate Baum, now ready. Also, a large stock of ch bedding Plants coming into bloom. For sale at Oakland Greenhouses. Oak and Cars run to Greenhouses every fifteen minutes.
my1-2m JOHN R. & A. MURDOC

FISH—
No. 1 Shore, bbls and halves;
No. 2 bbls,
No. 3 large, bbls and halves,
No. 1 extra, quarters and kitts,
No. 1 dried Herring,
Scaled do do.
Labrador Herring,
Codfish.
In store and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
my17. Corner Liberty and Irwin stre

CRANBERRIES.
50 bbls choice Eastern Cultivated Cranbe
for sale by
dec8 J. B. CANFIE

The Daily Commercial

U. P. GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Revised Edition of the Psalms in Metre—The Old School Presbyterian Delegation—The Board of Education—The Freedmen's Missions—The Case of the Rev. W. C. McCune, of Cincinnati—His Memorial and the Action of the Assembly—The Missionary Conventions—Allegheny Temperance League, Etc., Etc.

THIRD DAY.

The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America, re-assembled on Saturday morning at nine o'clock, in the Second U. P. Church, (Rev. Dr. J. B. Clarke, pastor,) corner Stockton avenue and Sandusky street, Allegheny City, Pa.

Rev. Dr. Kerr, Moderator, called the Assembly to order, and introduced the Rev. Dr. Donaldson, delegate from the General Assembly of the Old School Presbyterian Church, now in session at St. Louis, Mo., who offered a fervent prayer.

Rev. Dr. Prestley, Stated Clerk, called the roll of the Assembly. Several corrections were made, occasioned by the necessary departure of a few delegates whose seats in the Assembly are filled by alternates.

Rev. Dr. Prestley read the minutes of the proceedings on Friday last, which were approved unanimously.

Rev. Dr. Kerr, Moderator, informed the Assembly that printed specimens of W. S. Rentoul's new version of the Psalms, in metre, were ready for distribution in the lobby of the church.

Rev. John Van Eaton requested, on behalf of the Committee on Bills and Overtures, that delegates representing Presbyteries not yet reported to the committee, make their returns at the earliest possible moment. Several Presbyteries had not reported with adequate fulness, and others had not reported at all. It was highly desirable that all should report promptly and fully on the matters coming before the committee.

Rev. Dr. J. Brown, on the part of the Committee on the Book of Government and Church Discipline, made a similar request.

Rev. Dr. Kerr, Moderator, announced that he was prepared to receive papers, documents, etc., intended for reference to committees or to be read to the Assembly.

Rev. S. M. Cook presented a memorial from W. S. Rentoul, of Philadelphia, concerning a revised edition of the Psalms, accompanied by twenty-five specimens. Referred to the Committee having that subject under consideration.

Rev. Dr. Prestley read the reports of the Presbyteries of Bloomington, Illinois, and of Kansas. Referred.

A communication from the Rev. Henry Connolly on the subject of the new version of the Psalms was read and referred. A duplicate of the Psalms accompanied the communication, but was not read.

A series of resolutions on the same subject, adopted by the Presbytery of Conemaugh, was received and read.

The memorial of the Pittsburgh Presbytery, praying that the Assembly guard against undue haste in its action on the same subject, and urging that a literal version be adhered to, was received and read.

Resolutions adopted by the same Presbytery, asking that the constitution of the Board of Home Missions be amended so as to authorize a detailed statistical statement of the operations of the year, was read and referred.

Rev. Dr. Kerr, Moderator, announced the following committee on the new version of the Psalms, to whom all papers, documents, etc., on the subject, are referred, viz: Rev. J. W. Collins, Chairman, Rev. John Van Eaton, Rev. J. C. Truesdale, Rev. W. P. Breadon and Rev. Dr. Thomas Beveridge.

Rev. Dr. Prestley, stated clerk, asked and obtained leave to correct the minutes of Friday's proceedings by inserting the names of the foregoing committee in their proper place.

Rev. Wm. Johnston presented several papers relating to certain transactions of the Ohio Presbytery. Referred.

Rev. John T. Pressly, DD., from the Committee on Church Extension, presented their annual report on the subject, showing the operations of the operations of the past year, including appropriations, collections, application for aid, etc. Received and referred.

Rev. Dr. Kerr, Moderator, introduced to the Assembly, Rev. Dr. Donaldson, delegate from the General Assembly of the Old School Presbyterian Church, first having cordially recognized and extended to him the right hand of Christian fellowship.

Rev. Dr. Donaldson tendered to the U. P. Church the Christian recognition and sympathy of that branch of the Presbyterian family he was present to represent. He greeted them in the name of the great head of the Church, feeling the holy attraction of their relation as a brotherhood, and praying that all might be mingled into one spirit of Truth, Love and Justice. Intercourse of this character was desirable because in the arrangement of the extensive machinery for the advancement of God's Kingdom there was a great similarity between the churches they represented respectively. As the sacred oracles teach that Eve, taken from the left side of Adam, under the plastic hand of God, did assume the proportions of perfection, so had the speaker and his brethren felt that the elements of the respective organizations of the United Presbyterian and the Presbyterian Churches, are blended into one great and powerful lever for removing the foundations of error and sin, and extending the glory and honor of God in this world. And the endowments which God had given to them for these operations had been carefully applied to the great work, and God's blessing surely rested upon them, as was clearly to be seen from the well digested reports of past efforts in the Master's service, which had already been read before the Assembly. The United Presbyterian Church was prepared to perform all of the work intrusted to it, and the Presbyterian Church he represented was striving to maintain a position side by side with their brethren in this respect.

Dr. Donaldson referred briefly to the action of the Presbyterian Church on the subject of slavery. The General Assembly of 1818 took a position on that question which had in view the utter and complete extinction of slavery from the American continent and the triumphant reign of freedom throughout the world. The action which occurred in 1845 was not intended to abrogate that of 1818, as many had erroneously claimed, neither did it do so. The Synod of South Carolina asserted it in 1860 when that Synod knew the whole North would be horrified at the sentiment. The present General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church stands by the action of 1818. He hoped to be pardoned for alluding to this subject, but when they come together it was part of their duty to legislate upon unpleasant as well as agreeable subjects. It served to indicate the spirit of confidence they professed in one another and enabled them the more fully to carry out the master's injunctions respecting brotherly love; and lead to the confounding of skepticism on the divine requirements, and the conviction of the world of the divine mission of our Lord. To a man walking amidst the thick mists of the early morning it, was, perhaps, enough if he be able to see only a little way in advance of himself until the brightness of the rising sun dispell the cloud distilled drapery that hangs before him. Moses said to the people of Israel, "Forward!" and the same charge re-echoed down from the sublime hights of God's eternal abode to his children of the present day. Acting the part of peace makers, they were justified in asserting themselves to be the children of God, and His spirit bore them witness that through the blood of the atonement and faith in the Son of God they were reconciled to the great creator and master of all mankind.

Rev. Dr. Kerr, Moderator, in responding to the sentiments uttered by the delegate from the Old School Presbyterian General Assembly, was happy to assure him of the cordiality with which he was recognized and received into the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church, and the hearty reciprocation of the views and feelings he had expressed. Called to act in the service of God in different divisions of the great Christian church, yet there were bonds which firmly united them in the same Christian faith. The United Presbyterian Church claimed a common descent from that calvanistic fountain of the sixteenth century, which had watered and sanctified the ground of their earthly work greatly to the honor and glory of their common Father and God. They constituted a distinct branch of that grand old stock, but retained more of its peculiarities, and might seem, perhaps, to possess too much of its gnarled solidity. The Presbyterian Church had not been unfruitful. It had spread its branches over many and accomplished a great work in the name of God. Without an emotion of unhallowed jealousy the United Presbyterian Church conceded this. They recognised in the success of the Presbyterian Church; in the strength and character of its ministry; in its religious, benevolent, and educational institutions, elements that conspire together for the glory of God and the permanent good of the human race. As a matter of special congratulation, Dr. Kerr alluded to the action of the Presbyterian Church on the subject of human bondage. Their utterance on that topic was the best and the strongest given and the United Presbyterian Church was glad to find them maintaining their early position. These things created new bonds of sympathy and cordiality and brought them together in a union of unbroken faith—a solid impregnable phalanx in the army of the Lord.

Rev. D. G. Bradford presented and read the annual report of the Board of Education, submitting a proposition that the Assembly officially declare it a rule hereafter that an applicant for aid be certified by the Presbytery in whose bounds he properly resides. Receipts for the fiscal year, $3,153 08, Disbursements, $4,864 47. The report was received and referred to its appropriate committee.

Rev. Dr. J. B. Clark, Secretary of the Board of Missions for the Freedmen, presented the annual report of that body. Number of scholars attending the day school, 5,430. About the same number attend the Sabbath School. The studies embrace all the elementary and common branches. The schools at Knoxville and Nashville are conducted on the free principle. Twelve hundred dollars had been raised from tuition and expended on buildings. The Normal School was not yet organized. Five hundred dollars were desired for the First Colored College at Nashville, Tenn. Faithful and efficient ministers are greatly needed. The Board ask for an appropriation of $18,000 to meet the expenses of 1866-'67. Sixty-three persons have been employed during the past fiscal year, and the results achieved show that the whole Church ought to wake up to the great responsibility of this work and give it a vigorous support. The report was referred to its appropriate committee.

The annual report of the Committee on Publications was received, read and referred.

Rev. W. C. McCune, of Cincinnati, asked and obtained leave to read and present a memorial prepared by himself, concerning certain charges. The memorial is as follows:

MEMORIAL OF W. C. M'CUNE.

To the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church, now in session in Allegheny City:

WHEREAS, in several presbyterial reports read yesterday, certain statements were made which were wholly groundless and very injurious to your memorialist, and whereas, certain principles were affirmed directly contrary to the fundamental law of the church, and certain measures proposed which would be grossly unjust and oppressive: and

WHEREAS, it is believed that many of the brethren of these presbyteries sent up their complaints whilst they were uninformed and misinformed concerning the facts in the case; and

WHEREAS, it is supposed that every just man in the assembly, and every man who desires to see innocence established where it can be done, desires to hear at least one statement in defence, after having heard so many in accusation; therefore, your memorialist begs the indulgence of the assembly whilst he briefly presents the facts in the case.

I. In the first place, the attention of the Assembly is directed to the statement made by several Presbyteries that your memorialist is in favor of "Open Communion."

The Presbytery of Frankfort says that he *extols* open communion as the panacea for all, or most all, the ills under which the Protestant churches are now laboring.

But your memorialist begs leave to assure the Assembly that this statement is wholly without foundation.

He does not believe that any doctrine of his book, nor all its doctrines if universally embraced, would be a remedy for all the ills of the Protestant Church, and *he never expressed* such a sentiment in his book or elsewhere.

And if by "open communion" is meant that communion which admits to the Lord's supper all who may choose to come, he is utterly opposed to it and has always been opposed to it.

He declares in his book that "this is the theory of the anti-evangelical party and that it utterly destroys the character of the church as a christian organization," page 20.

He further affirms, "that the church which invites all to the Lord's table who may choose to come, is not faithful to Jesus Christ and the souls of men," page 86. "And that none have a right to commune at the Lord's table unless they have also a right to membership," page 86.

And inasmuch as your memorialist *never once* uses the phrase "open communion" in his book; and inasmuch as he never invites from the pulpit members of other evangelical denominations to commune with his congregation at the Lord's supper, and does not believe that they have this right, unless they could give satisfactory evidence to the session of their fitness for membership, and inasmuch as he neither extols "open communion" nor anything else as the "*panacea*" for either "all" or "most all" the ills of the Protestant church, he submits it to the intelligence and candor of the Assembly whether these brethren of the Frankfort Presbytery have had that regard for *exact justice* and *absolute truth* which should have characterized, a paper which they have widely published and which they have now spread before this court asking for judicial action upon the information which it gives.

II. In the second place your memorialist observed that several of these reports read yesterday, accuse him of having opposed the standards of the church; of having avowed his opposition, and of having determinedly opposed the standards of the church.

This is the real issue and your memorialist craves the patient attention of the Assembly, whilst he emphatically denies the charge and attempts to disprove it.

He distinctly and emphatically claims that he never did determinedly oppose any article of the standards of the United Presbyterian Church.

He frankly admits that he cannot fully subscribe to some articles of the testimony. He confesses that he does not believe the article on communion, and that he has stated in public and in private that he believes it to be schismatic and in conflict with the chapter on communion in the confession, but he unhesitatingly affirms that he *never has opposed it with determination.*

He understands this article to prohibit what is called "occasional communion" or "inter-communion" in the sacrament of the supper. It reads thus:

"We declare that the church should not extend communion or sealing ordinances to those who refuse adherence to the profession &c."

But your memorialist has never been a determined advocate of this "occasional communion." He has never regarded it as a matter of much moment. And as far as he can remember, he never wrote an article in favor of it, he never advocated it in the pulpit, and he directs special attention to the fact,—this subject of "occasional communion" is not discussed in his book at all, nor even so much as named.

These brethren have offered no proof to sustain the assertion that your memorialist has "DETERMINEDLY opposed" the 16th article of the testimony, and they have none to offer.

Your memorialist reminds the Assembly that in the year of our Lord 1858, in these cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, the Associate and Associate Reformed Churches, by the joint adoption of a preamble and resolutions, formed the United Presbyterian Church. This preamble and these resolutions gave being to this Church as a denomination, and constitute her fundamental law.

And as this covenant of union expressly provides for brethren who cannot fully subscribe to the standards, it is therefore *oppressive* and *unconstitutional* to demand a full subscription.

And as this covenant of union does not *forbid* any opposition save *determined opposition*, and inasmuch as no Protestant Church claims infallibility, and inasmuch as they all admit that some of these articles which are confessedly not *fundamental*, may be wrong, and are subject to change, therefore, to dissent from these articles in a moderate and Christian spirit is perfectly legitimate and constitutional.

Your memorialist further begs leave to state that the article on Communion, which he declines to subscribe, was one of those very articles, concerning which, a well known diversity of sentiment existed at the time of the union, and on account of which forbearance was manifestly provided.

III. In the next place, your memorialist begs leave to state the avowed object of some of these memorialists:

One of the brethren appointed by the Presbytery of Muskingum, to prepare her memorial to this Assembly, did, over his own initial, in his capacity of Editor of the *Presbyterian Witness*, make the following declaration:

"For our part, we have always *asserted* the defectiveness of the adopting act and the *latitudinarianism* of the forbearance clause *especially*, and along with others have endeavored to induce the Assembly to amend it."

Now, it is manifest from this unblushing avowal, that this brother and others like minded, never had any right to be in the United Presbyterian Church. He has been disloyal from the start. From the beginning he has been opposed to the covenant of union—the very constitution of the Church. He says he always asserted the defectiveness of the adopting act, and he has been very determined. "He has always asserted the defectiveness of the adopting act" and he has endeavored to induce the Assembly to amend it. He has been assiduously undermining the very foundation of the Church.

He and others of similar views have been steadily laboring to take away our covenanted Christian liberties and to put a yoke upon our necks which neither our fathers nor we were able to bear.

Your memorialist prays the Assembly firmly to resist this oppressive spirit, because, as in the State, so in the Church this spirit unresisted always goes from bad to worse until it can be no longer endured.

IV. Finally, these brethren ask this Assembly to take action which would be very unjust and oppressive, and which would be directly contrary to the book of discipline.

One of these presbyteries asks this Assembly to "arraign" your memorialist, "and bring him to judgment."

But the book of discipline expressly provides that "process against a gospel minister shall always be entered before the presbytery of which he is a member," saving in specified exceptional cases, of which this is not one.

Then, it is provided that every "trial shall be fair and impartial."

But how could your memorialist obtain a constitutional trial before this Assembly?

He must be furnished with a copy of the libel or complaint and a list of the witnesses at least ten days before the trial. He has a right to be fully heard as to the admissibility of the charges and the relevancy of the libel, and many other provisions have been made for the protection of the innocent, which he manifestly could not enjoy in a trial before the Assembly. These zealous brethren propose to use the *sword* of justice before using the *scales*.

If this Assembly believe that the inferior judicatory has been guilty of permitting notorious errors or sins to pass without rebuke, then let her *cite* the inferior judicatory to appear and answer, as she is expressly directed in the book of discipline, but let her not assume the criminal neglect of the inferior judicatory without a fair and impartial trial.

In conclusion, your memorialist claims in all sincerity that he well understood the covenant of union; that he went into the United Church in good faith, and that he has strictly kept the covenant in its letter and in its spirit in all good conscience until this day. And he prays that this Assembly enjoin all others to keep it, that we may have assured peace, and that we may do our master's work without distraction, and enjoy the master's blessing.

W. C. McCUNE.

PITTSBURGH, June 2, 1866.

The memorial was referred to the Committee having the case of Rev. W. C. McCune under consideration.

Rev. Dr. D. C. McLaren said that he was not able to see from the circumstances under which the memorial of the Rev. Mr. McCune had been presented, why it should necessarily be referred to a Committee. He did not think it was designed to be so referred. It was a plea, an answer, to the charges preferred by the memorialists of the Presbyteries, and did not properly belong to the Assembly. He did not see what they could do with it, and it was not proper, in his judgment, to throw it into the hands of the committee merely for the sake of getting rid of it. He was opposed to the reference.

Rev. B. Waddle, moved that the memorial be temporarily laid upon the table.

A delegate (minister) moved an amendment, that the document be respectfully returned.

Another delegate—I second the motion.

Rev. D. G. Bradford believed that Brother McCune had presented his memorial in good faith, and the Assembly was bound to receive it in a respectful manner. The brother was not without his rights in this body.

Rev. John Van Eaton was opposed to interfering with the rights of any man. He suggested that leave be granted to Brother McCune, to withdraw his memorial and asked that the motion to return it to him be modified according to this idea.

Rev. W. C. McCune said that he presented his memorial in good faith, believing that in so doing he was not running counter to any of the established rules of the Assembly, and that it was the proper time for presenting it. Inasmuch as the other side had submitted their memorial he could see no just reason why he should be deprived of a like privilege. He was desirous of facilitating matters and would cheerfully submit to the judgment of the Assembly, and withdraw the memorial to re-present it at such other time as might seem to be most proper to the Assembly.

Rev. Dr. McLaren said the action of the committee had respect only to the mode of adjusting this matter without going into the merits of the question involved.

Rev. J. Y. Scouller suggested that it would complicate the case to refer the memorial to the committee.

Rev. Dr. Kerr, Moderator, checked the debate. A motion was pending to grant leave to the memorialist to withdraw his paper.

Rev. H. H. Thompson raised the point of order that a motion to lay upon the table cannot be amended.

Rev. Dr. Kerr, Moderator, declared the point of order well taken.

Rev. John Van Eaton suggested to his brother (McCune) that he withdraw his memorial.

Rev. W. C. McCune, asked for the return of the memorial, which was handed to him by the clerk, Rev. Dr. Prestley. Mr. McCune reserves the right to present the memorial at some future day.

Rev. J. Y. Scouller moved that when the Assembly adjourns it shall be to re-assemble on Monday at nine o'clock, A. M. He made this resolution in order to give the balance of Saturday to the several committees.

Rev. H. H. Blair was utterly opposed to adjournments of this character.

Rev. Mr. Scouller sustained his motion.

Rev. Dr. Brown hoped the motion would prevail. The Assembly would gain time by it.

The question being called for was put and declared carried.

Rev. Mr. Price, from the Committee on Foreign Missions, reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That it is the duty of the Assembly to reinforce the Missions in India, China and Syria immediately.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to present to the Assembly at the earliest moment, the names of the persons suitable for these fields.

Resolved, That it be ascertained before the Assembly adjourns whether the persons who may be chosen are willing to enter the work.

Resolved, That J. B. Dales, D. D., S. C. Heny and J. M. Wallace, whose terms of office expire at this meeting be re-elected, and that Rev. Dr. Cooper be chosen to fill the portion of the time for which he was originally elected.

A resolution complimentary to the Rev. Dr. Dale was appended.

Rev. W. W. Barr moved that the resolutions be re-committed to the committee, with instructions, to report the names of missionaries for the India, China and Syrian fields, on Monday at two o'clock, p. m. Carried.

Rev. Dr. Prestly, clerk, read the report of the Presbytery of Wabash. Referred.

The invitation to attend a Temperance demonstration, on Tuesday evening, extended to the Assembly by the Allegheny Temperance League was taken from the table.

A delegate (minister) moved its acceptance.

Rev. B. Waddle, moved an amendment that, it be respectfully declined.

The amendment was not accepted.

Rev. J. B. Clark, DD., (not a delegate) asked and obtained leave to urge the acceptance by the Assembly of this invitation. He was fully aware that the Assembly was pressed for time, but they had not only come together to transact business for the church, but also to put forth all their influence for good. At this time a most powerful opposition was being made against the temperance reform, and the friends of total abstenance required and demanded the help of all Christian men. If the invitation was refused he feared that the action of the Assembly would be interpreted in a bad light. For the sake of morality and religion in Allegheny county and in these populous cities, and to strengthen the hands of the temperance men, he urged the acceptance of the invitation.

The question being called for, the invitation was accepted.

Rev. Dr. Blakie presented and read the report of the Committee on Devotional Exercises, fixing Monday evening for a convention on Foreign Missions, and Wednesday evening for Home Missions.

The report was subsequently amended, fixing the convention of the Home Mission on Tuesday, at three o'clock, P. M.

Rev. Dr. Gracie reported that delegates who paid full fare in coming to the Assembly over the following railways will be returned free upon presentation of a certificate certified by the Moderator, viz: Steubenville, Allegheny, Connellsville, and Great Western roads. The Pennsylvania Central Railway Co. would probably issue free return passes as soon as he (Gracie) could ascertain definitely the names of all who paid full fare on that road in coming to the Assembly.

Mr. Wm. Getty moved that half an hour be devoted each morning prior to the regular sessions, for prayer and conference. Carried.

The Assembly then adjourned to meet this morning at nine o'clock, prayer being offered by the Rev. Thomas Beveridge, D. D.

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400 gifts in Greenbacks $2 50 each	1,000
2,000 gifts of good, Interesting Books	2,000
10 gifts of nice Sewing Machines	800
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The DISPENSARY DEPARTMENT of this Institution will be opened on
THURSDAY, THE 31ST INST.,
For the Medical and Surgical Treatment of the Poor, FREE OF CHARGE, and will be open every day (except Sun-day) between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M., an 12 M., at the Hospital Building,
No. 146 Second st., above Smithfield.
PHYSICIANS ATTENDING:
On Monday......H. HOFMANN, M. D.
On Tuesday......D. COWLEY M. D.
On Wednesday......L. M. ROUSSEAU, M.D.
On Thursday......G. S. FOSTER, M. D.
On Friday......THOS. HEWITT, M. D.
On Saturday......J. F. BARNABY, M. D.
By order. HON. JUDGE McCANDLESS,
MAJ. WM FREW,
M. COTE M. D.,
EDWIN MILES, Esq., and
J. C. BURGHER, M. D.,
Executive Committee.
my29-1w

WM. J. KANE...JAS. R. M'CLELLAND...SAM'L H. DRUIT.
M'CLELLAND & CO.,
Corner Federal and Lacock streets,
ALLEGHENY, PA.,
Wholesale & Retail Druggists,
Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs, Dye stuffs, Carbon Oil, etc., Standard and Patent Medicines. Their stock is large and well selected, and will be sold as low as any house in the west. my8

MINERAL WATERS.
KISSENGEN,
VICHEY,
EMPIRE,
CONGRESS,
(Quarts and Pints),
BLUE LICK,
In Barrels and 10 Gallon Kegs, by
J. C. MATTERN, Druggist,
ap5-3m COR. SMITHFIELD AND THIRD STS.

PARK & BRILL,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. P. FLEMING,)
DRUGGISTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Medicines, Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, Varnishes, Oils, Paints and Dyes. Also, California and Imported Wines and Liquors.
NO. 77 FEDERAL STREET,
mh10 near Depot, Allegheny city, Pa.

CHOLERA
DISARMED !!!
The Chief Causes of Pestilence Destroyed.

DR. E. COURTARET'S DISINFECTING FLUIDS, secured by Letters Patent in the United States and France. Prepared solely by the New York Disinfecting Company, at their Laboratory, Nos. 298, 300 & 302 Henry street, New York. Office, 42 Cedar street.

This Company organized on a permanent basis, with Dr. Courtaret, the celebrated French Chemist, in charge of its Laboratory, is prepared to furnish its DISINFECTING FLUIDS for sick rooms, nurseries, urinals, water closets, privies, cesspools, sewers, gutters, ships, railroads, hospitals, prisons and public institutions of all kinds, slaughter-houses, offal and fat-boiling establishments, all kinds of manures (immensely increasing the value of the latter to every farmer), and wherever poisonous and offensive gases exist. These agents are deodorizers, antiseptics, antiputrescents and disinfectants in the scientific meaning of the words. They remove noxious gases and odors by chemical principles—leaving in their places healthful air; they are DESTROYERS, and not merely absorbents of poisonous gases—not injurious to utensils in which they are used. The attention of medical and scientific men is directed to these disinfectants. Attached are testimonials in favor of this great discovery, which, with hundreds of others can be seen at the Company's office.

DELAVAN HOUSE, ALBANY, March 30, 1866.
To the President of the New York Disinfecting Company:
Dear Sir: It is all it is represented to be. We have made many trials of disinfectants, but now consider that we have found an article which surpasses all others as a remedy against all bad odors.
T. ROESSEL & CO.

NEW YORK, April 9, 1866.
To the President of the New York Disinfecting Company:
Dear Sir: We pronounce it without exception to be the best we have ever known. Its effects upon every matter is complete and instantaneous.
C. A. STETSON, Astor House.

☞ N. B.—These Disinfectants are used by the scavengers, under the direction of the Sanitary Police of the Metropolitan Health Department, New York.
POWELL & THOMPSON, 42 Cedar street N. Y. General and Sole Agents for the United States and the Canadas, to whom all orders should be addressed. For sale by all Druggists and General Dealers in the United States and Canadas. my18-3m

GILBERT'S
PATENT PILE INSTRUMENT
Cures Blind, Bleeding, External or Itching Piles, without an operation or medicine, relief in five minutes, when used with Gilbert's Lubricating Balm. For sale at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, JOS. FLEMING'S, corner Market street and the Diamond, McCLARRAN & McKENNAN'S, 85 Market st., near Fifth, and Druggists generally. mh16-3m

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS,
AND
APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS.
Manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready-made Trusses, Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c., in this city. OTTO HELMOLD, 96 Smithfield street, near Fifth. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Helmold. se14-1y

STATIONERY.

MANILLA
PAPERS,
Suitable for wrapping and mailing.
For sale by W. S. HAVEN,
my7 cor. Wood and Third streets.

INDIA RUBBER GOODS,
RULERS, INKSTANDS,
BANDS,
PENHOLDERS, PENHOLDERS,
CORK SCREWS.
Gold Mounted Penholders and Pencils. For sale by W. S. HAVEN,
my10 corner Wood and Third streets.

TRACING LINEN,
PROFILE PAPER,
INDIA INK,
WHATMAN'S DRAWING PAPER,
WHITE and ROLL
MANILLA DRAWING PAPERS,
For sale by W. S. HAVEN,
my7 cor. Wood and Third streets.

JOHN LINNENBRINK,
(Near Pitt., Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. Depot,)
ROCHESTER, PA.,
DEALER IN
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c.
Penknives manufactured by the Pittsburgh Cuttlery Co., Rochester Pa.
Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL.
ap7

SALEM, OHIO.
Isaac Trescott & Son,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of
BOOKS, AND WRITING PAPERS, WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS.
Jobbers of Yankee Notions, Rags and paper stock generally. fe1

PYRITES.
The Penna. Salt Manufacturing Co.,
WILL BUY
Pyrites or Sulphuret of Iron
AT A GOOD PRICE.
PENNA. SALT MANUF. CO.
mh-16tf Office corner Pitt st. and Duquesne Way.

CAUSTIC SODA,
SODA ASH,
AQUA AMMONIA,
At the lowest market rates, for sale by
PENNA. SALT MANUF. CO.
Corner Pitt st. and Duquesne Way
Ja22-2w—fe6-tf

PRICES REDUCED.
R. H. PALMER,
84 WOOD STREET,
Has just received from New York auctions full lines of
NOTIONS,
Straw and Millinery Goods,
RIBBONS, GLOVES,
HOSIERY, &c.,
Which are offered at prices to meet the times.
HATS.
FUR AND WOOL HATS,
IN FULL STOCK, CHEAP.
R. H. PALMER,
84 WOOD STREET.
mh20

200 BOXES PRIME GOSHEN CHEESE.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD.
mh6

RAILROADS.

Pennsylvania Central R. R.
Trains arrive and leave the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		*Depart.*	
Fast Line	2.10 a m	Day Express	3.00 a m
Wall's No. 1	6.20 a m	Wall's No. 1	6.30 a m
Brinton No. 1	7.50 a m	Altoona Accom	7.50 a m
Wall's No. 2	8.50 a m	Cincinnati Ex	9.50 a m
Johnstown ac	9.50 a m	Wall's No. 2	10.50 a m
Baltimore Exp	1.00 p m	Wall's No. 3	11.50 a m
Phila. Express	1.30 p m	Johnstown Ac	2.50 p m
N. York Exp	1.50 p m	Braddock No. 1	3.40 p m
Wall's No. 3	2.05 p m	*Phila. Express	4.10 p m
Wall's No. 4	4.00 p m	Wall's No. 4	4.50 p m
Braddock No. 1	5.50 p m	Wall's No. 5	6.05 p m
Wall's No. 5	7.00 p m	Fast Line	10.00 p m
Altoona acc and Emg't train	10.50 p m	Wall's No. 6	10.50 p m
Day Express	11.50 p m		

*Daily, all others Sundays excepted.

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9.15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10.05 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12.50 p. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2.00 p. m.

Baltimore Express will arrive with Philadelphia Express at 2.05 P. M. on Mondays.

NOTICE.—In case of loss, the Pennsylvania R. R. Co., will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.
my21 W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

1866 THE PITTSBURGH, 1866.
Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. W.
AND
CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after May 20th, 1865, trains run as follows, viz:—

Leave Pitts.	For Cincin'l. & Chicago.	For Cleveland.	For Wheeling.
Express	12:01 a. m.		
Express	2:40 a. m.	2:10 a. m.	1:55 p. m.
Express	2:10 p. m.	1:55 p. m.	4:35 p. m.
Mail	6:45 a. m.	8:10 a. m.	6:10 a. m.
For New Castle and Erie, Express			5:50 a. m.

Returning, Arrive at Pittsburgh:
P., F. W. & C. R. W., 2:20 a. m. 3:10 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 9:10 p. m. Erie Express, 6:35 p. m. C. & P. R. R., 11:05 a. m. 8:40 p. m. 9:3[illegible] p. m.

Accommodation Trains Leave Allegheny
N. B. Roch'r. N. C. Economy. Wellsville
9:00 a.m. 2:25 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 3 30 p. m.
11:50 a. m.
4:50 p. m.
6 00 p. m.

Returning, Arrive in Allegheny.
P. F. W. & C. R. W., 7:15 a. m. 8:45 a. m. 9:45 a. m. 2:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 12:20 a. m.
C. & P. R. R. 9:00 a. m.
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent, Union Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh.
A. Q. CASSELBERRY, Allegheny City.
my21 F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

CHANGE OF TIME,
Pitts. Columbus and Cin. R. R.
THE GREAT SHORT ROUTE, VIA
STEUBENVILLE to
COLUMBUS,
CINCINNATI,
LOUISVILLE,
INDIANAPOLIS,
ST. LOUIS.
And all the principal cities West and South-west.
On and after MONDAY, May 28th, 1866, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, as follows: Pittsburgh time.

	Departs.	Arrives.
Fast Line	12.10 A. M.	9.30 A. M.
Mail	2.40 A. M.	9.30 P. M.
Express	2.25 P. M.	9.50 P. M.
Way Accommodation	5.55 A. M.	6.10 P. M.
Mansfield Accommodation	10.10 A. M.	1.40 P. M.
Steubenville Accom	4.40 P. M.	8.10 A. M.

M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH,
Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent, Steubenville, Ohio.
mh28

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
Change of Time.
On and after THURSDAY, April 26th, 1866, trains will leave and arrive at depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, Pittsburgh, as follows:

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Mail to and from Mahoning	7.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Express do do	4.00 p. m.	10.05 a. m.
Soda Works Accom		8.00 a. m.
Kiskiminetas do	1.30 p. m.	
First Hulton do	9.00 a. m.	11.20 a. m.
Parnassus do	11.00 a. m.	2.00 p. m.
Second Hulton do	6.30 p. m.	8.45 p. m.
Sunday Church Train, to and from Soda Works	1.00 p. m.	10.00 a. m.

H. BLACKSTONE,
ap26 Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
On and after THURSDAY, March 15th, 1866, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

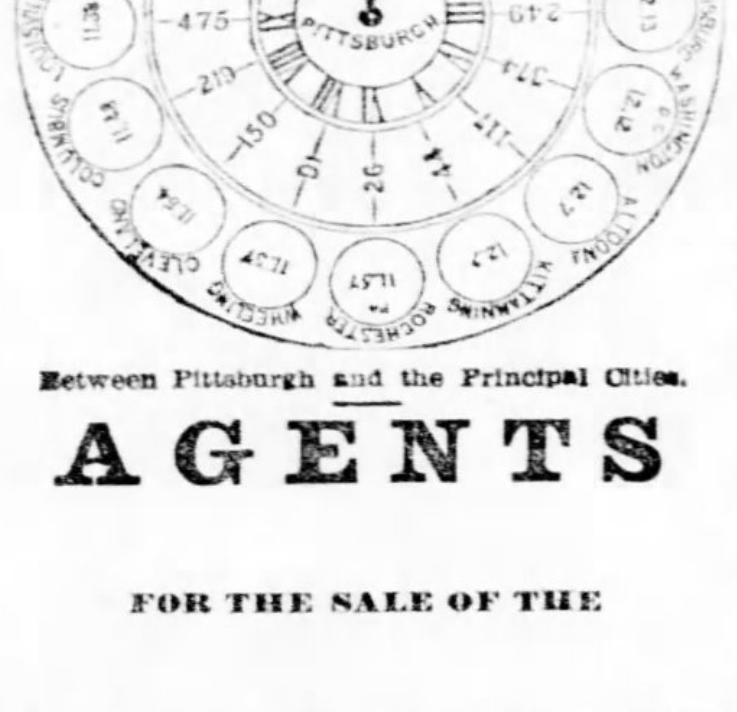
	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives at Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
Express " "	3:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
West Newton Accommod'n	6 15 p. m.	8:40 a. m.
First McKeesport Accommo'n	11:00 a. m.	6:50 a. m.
Second " "	10:00 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
Braddock's "	4:19 p. m.	5:45 p. m.
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:05 p. m.	10:00 a. m.

For tickets, apply to
H. C. SHALLENBERGER, Agent.
mh15 W. B. STOUT, Superintendent.

BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.
ATLANTIC
AND
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY
IN CONNECTION WITH THE
Pitts., Ft. W. & Chicago R. W.
AT MANSFIELD.
FORMS A SHORT AND DIRECT ROUTE TO
Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo, St. Louis, New Orleans, &c,
Three Trains leave Pittsburgh Daily
2.50 A. M., 1.45 P. M., 2.45 P. M.
PASSENGERS FOR
MEADVILLE, FRANKLIN, OIL CITY, CORRY, TITUSVILLE, PITHOLE, NEW YORK, BOSTON, &c.,
Make close connections at CLARKSVILLE with the P., FT. W. C. AND ERIE & PITTS. R. W. LEAVE PITTSBURGH 6.40 A. M., and Allegheny 3.50 P. M.
83 Miles of Travel Saved.
Time as Quick and Fare as Low as by any Route.
Through Tickets and Baggage Checks can be procured at Offices of the PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W.
Be sure they read via
Atlantic & Great Western Railway.
D. M'LAREN,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.
E. F. FULLER,
GENERAL TICKET AGENT.
mh8

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

Time and Distance Indicator,
[Copyright secured.]



Between Pittsburgh and the Principal Cities.

AGENTS
FOR THE SALE OF THE
AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S
WATCHES,
DUNSEATH & CO.,
56 Fifth Street.
my15 OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

PIANOS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
THE CELEBRATED
BRADBURY,
NEW YORK, AND
SCHOMACKER & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA
PIANOS.

THE AMERICAN ORGAN and Estey & Co. COTTAGE ORGAN admitted by dealers and all who have heard them to be superior in tone to all other instruments of the kind manufactured in the United States.

Having made special arrangements with the best manufacturers in the country we are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, BRASS and GERMAN SILVER ROTARY INSTRUMENTS of every description for Brass and Cornet Bands, at reduced rates. Illustrated catalogue and price list furnished on application. New and second-hand Pianos for rent.
WAMELINK & BARR.
y28 No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

HAMMER & TOERGE,
NO. 50 SEVENTH STREET,
DEALERS IN
Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Organs, and Musical Instruments of all Descriptions.
Agents for the celebrated Piano Fortes manufactured by the New York Central Piano Company.
Old Pianos taken in exchange for new ones.
Tuning and repairing done upon receipt of order.
Office of GEORGE TOERGE'S BAND, formerly Great Western Band.
Call and examine our Instruments before purchasing elsewhere. ap12

NEW S. C. HAMS AND D. BEEF
25,000 lbs. S. C. Hams.
25,000 " Dried Beef.
50,000 " Bacon Sides.
75,000 " " Shoulders.
Just out of smoke house, and for sale by F. SELLERS & CO.,
dec11 corner Wayne and Penn streets.

SCALES, SAFES, &C.

BURKE & BARNES'
SAFES.
FIRE PROOF.
READ THE FOLLOWING:

NEW LIBERTY, KY., May 2, 1865.
Messrs. Burke & Barnes:
GENTLEMEN: In 1857 or 1858 I purchased from you two large Iron Safes for the use of two business houses in this place, one of which became injured by the extreme heat, and the falling of heavy timbers at a fire which occurred in our little town, some time since, though I can say for the safe, that it stood the test, and, after the burning of some thirty-three houses, and the heat passed off, sufficiently to allow me to dig out of the wreck our safe, I opened it, and to our utter astonishment, found all the valuables perfectly safe, and found not a single piece of paper burned. Yours, truly, R. S. BECK.

SALEM, OHIO, May 11th, 1865.
Messrs. Burke & Barnes, Pittsburgh, Pa.:
GENTLEMEN: On the night of the 27th ult., our machine shop was entirely destroyed by fire. In it was one of your No. 10 Safe, purchased from you some ten years since. The safe stood in the second story, and fell on top of boiler below. It was taken out of the ruins next day about three o'clock, P. M., when we found nothing on the inside was harmed in the least, not even starting the varnish on the inside We cheerfully recommend your safes as fire proof.
Truly, &c., SHARP, DAVIS & BONSALL.

The Great Opera House Fire, Cincinnati.
THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT WESTERN DIV'N, CINCINNATI, May 3, 1866.
Messrs. Burke & Barnes, Pittsburgh:
DEAR SIRS: Yours of the 1st inst. received, and contents noted.
I had one of your manufacture of Safes in my office at the time of the destruction of Pike's Opera House Building, in this city, by fire on the night of March 22, last. The safe was directly under the stage of the Opera House, and was not removed from the ruins until Sunday, March 25th. On opening it after it was taken out, the books and papers it contained were found to be in good condition.
Yours, respectfully,
ALFRED GAITHER, Sup't.

Burke & Barnes' Burglar Proof Safe—Drill Proof.
[From a gentleman well known in Pittsburgh—T. S. KNAP, Esq., brother of C. Knap, Esq., and late of the firm of Knap Woods & Co.]
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, N. Y., NEW BERLIN, August 9, 1865.
Messrs. Burke & Barnes, Pittsburgh:
GENTLEMEN: Having noticed so frequently in the papers the accounts of successful exploits of burglars in opening Bank Safes by the modern plan of drilling, charging and exploding them with gunpowder, our fears were awakened by the apprehension that our institution might be a victim of their achievements. Accordingly we procured the services of one of our best mechanics, and made the attempt to drill the safe purchased of you in October, 1864. After a most thorough trial of a drill tempered in acid, he found the steel sheet absolutely invulnerable.
We take pleasure in making this statement to you, and that all the locks furnished by you have worked charmingly, and have not caused us a moment's annoyance. Very truly, yours,
T. S. KNAP, President.

BANK LOCKS of the celebrated makes for sale. COVERT'S KEY REGISTER, EUREKA and EXCELSIOR.
BURKE & BARNES
129 and 131 Third st.
my9

FORSYTH'S
U. S. STANDARD SCALES
Over 100 varieties, adapted to every business.
Also, MARVIN'S celebrated
Fire Proof Safes.
FORSYTH, TAYLOR & CO.,
my20-3m 39 MARKET STREET.

AGENCY.
Parkersburg Lubricating Oil Co.,
Keeps constantly on hand a supply of
NATURAL LUBRICATING OIL.
OF THE BEST GRAVITIES,
Free from all impurities. Every barrel warranted as branded, or to be returned at the Company's expense.
Office: Cor. Third & Market sts.,
PITTSBURGH.
JAS. B. THOMPSON, Agent,
ap27eod3m with T. H. NEVIN & CO.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF
MILWAUKEE WHEAT.
The undersigned Proprietors of the
UNION GRAIN ELEVATOR,
CAPACITY 250,000 BUSHELS, at CLEVELAND, we are prepared to receive consignments of cargo lots of Wheat, Corn, or other Grain, from vessels, cars, or canal boats, for shipment or sale, and would solicit orders for same, having all the necessary facilities; can load in cars of the C. and P., C. and E., C. and T., P. C. and C., A. and G. W. (narrow guage) Railroads; Empire Line and Union Line directly in our Elevator; are receivers and shippers of Lumber and other coarse freights, having steam derricks to handle same with. Also, dealers in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Seeds, and Produce generally. Also, Agents for the sale of Salt Water Lime, Fish, &c. Orders for purchase solicited and promptly attended to.
GARDNER, BURT & OVIATT.
ap28-3m

GEO. COLHOUN......W. B. EDWARDS.
COLHOUN & EDWARDS,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
SODA ASH AND CHEMICALS,
No. 24 Wood st.
In Store and landing in Philadelphia,
200 TONS SODA ASH
(Kurtz's, Hutchinson's and Crosfield's make.)
500 BAGS NITRATE SODA,
(Crude and Refined.)
750 KEGS BI. CARB. SODA,
(English.)
50 BBLS. VENITIAN RED,
(Crookson's.)
ARSENIC and MANGANESE,
Of choice brands, constantly on hand in lots to suit purchasers. my22-1m

GEO. S. SOUTH......JOHN ROSS
JOHN ROSS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
CARBON AND LARD OIL
LAMPS & FIXTURES.
Chandeliers, Carbon Oil Lamps, &c.
BRONZE LAMPS, in great variety and styles on hand.
Special attention given to fitting out steamboats. Satisfaction guaranteed at
NO. 64 MARKET STREET.
my24

J. B. SEYMOUR
WOOD
Engraver.
26
FIFTH ST
PITTSBURGH, PA.
DIE SINKING
STAMPS.
Door Plates,
BURNING BRANDS.
STENCILS,
& SEAL PRESSES.

NEW TEA HOUSE.
36 SMITHFIELD STREET.
JOHN J. SHUTTERLY
Agent for the Manhattan Tea Co.,
OFFERS A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
TEAS
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
Also, a superior assortment of
FAMILY GROCERIES
AS LOW AS ANY ADVERTISED.
☞ Retail Dealers supplied at jobbing rates. ☜
mh16-eod3m

LIQUORS.---BRANDIES.
Very Superior old Hennessy Brandies,
Do do Otard do
Do do Brandenburg Freres do in glass
Vintages of 1852 and 1859.
Catawba Brandy, nine years old.
Blackberry, Raspberry, Wild Chery, and Ginger Brandies.
WINES—Very old and Superior Sherries,
Very old and Superior Madeira.
Do do Port.
Claret in Cases,
Chamberton in cases.
Sweet Malaga and Lisbon Wines.
Champagne Wines, Green Seal, Heidsick, and Sillery,
Sparkling Moselle,
Ginger Wine.
WHISKYS—
Old Monongahela, of various grades,
Old Bourbon,
Old Scotch Whisky.
GIN—old Holland, very superior,
Jamaica Rum, very old,
N. E. do
Absynth, genuine Swiss,
CORDIALS—
Rose, Pepermint, Kimmel, &c.
Pure White Wine Vinegar, (imported)
OLIVE OIL—Very superior
For sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
ap8 221 and 223, cor. Liberty and Irwin sts.

PANEL DECORATIONS,
For halls, vestibules and ceilings, in wood and fresco imitation, at No 107 Market street.
noll JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

CARPETS.

CARPETS.
We have just received from England, by Steamer Malta, a choice lot of VELVET and BRUSSELS CARPETS, VELVET and BRUSSELS RUGS.
As these include new designs and extra qualities never before in Store, imported before the recent advance in Gold, we can offer superior inducements to purchasers.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
my28 23 FIFTH STREET.

M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 87 Fourth Street.
We have on hand a very Superior stock of
CARPETING,
Of Every Description and Every Grade of Quality.
OIL CLOTHS,
Extra well seasoned, from 3 feet to 24 feet wide
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
EVERY KIND IN USE,
HEARTH RUGS,
From the FINEST QUALITY to the LOWEST Prices.
CANTON MATTINGS, MANILLA AND COCOA MATTINGS, &c., &c.
McCALLUM BROS.,
ap4 FORMERLY W. D. & H. McCALLUM.

WE OFFER THE LARGEST Stock in the West of everything in the line of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damask, Reps and Lace Window Curtains, Gold Bordered and Plain Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, of our own importation, at the Lowest Prices reached since the war. A line of Scotch Ingrain Carpets, of our own importation, just received, (very handsome), never offered in this country before, and at prices based on the present rate of Gold.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 FIFTH STREET,
SECOND FLOOR.
Next building to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice
ap2

BOOTS AND SHOES

CHEAPER THAN EVER.
GRAND INDUCEMENTS
TO GET ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND BEST MAKE OF
Boots, Shoes & Gaiters
Goods BOUGHT FOR NET CASH, and SOLD CHEAPER than at any other house in the two cities. Terms cash.
W. K. McCLINTOCK,
92 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.
Call and see before buying. my22-2taw.

SPRING AND SUMMER
BOOTS AND SHOES.
JAMES P. TANNER,
No. 56 Wood street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Is just receiving his large and well selected stock of
BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS AND STRAW GOODS
Most of which are made expressly for him and warranted
PRIME GOOD GOODS,
Which he will sell by the case or dozen at Eastern prices. Orders carefully and promptly attended to.
CALL AND EXAMINE.
J. P. TANNER,
mh23-3m 56 WOOD STREET.

BOOTS AND SHOES
AT
SOUTH & ROSS'S,
63 Market street.
dec23

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS
AND CONGRESS GAITERS.
A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices. S. DALZELL.
No. 132 Smithfield St., fourth door from Virgin Alley

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
No. 21 St. Clair street.
A large and well selected stock of Ladies, Gents, and Children's Boots, Gaiters, Balmorals, etc., which will be sold at the lowest prices.
ap26-6meod JOHN SNODGRASS.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

F. J. HERRON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NO. 2, STORY BUILDING,
CORNER OF CAMP AND COMMON STS.
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Consignments solicited of
Pittsburgh Manufactures,
WESTERN PRODUCE,
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mh7

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Cut to Order, in Every Style,
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GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
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And Corner Beaver and Chestnut, sts.,
MANCHESTER.
All kinds of Water, Gas and Steam Fixtures kept constantly on hand. fe15

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(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.)
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On hand and for sale, a complete assortment of
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Mason county and other grades, Cutting Lugs, fine bright Cutting Leaf, and all grades bright and dark manufacturing Fillers and Wrappers.
Orders for leaf promptly and carefully executed.
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my18

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(Late of the 139th Regiment,)
Has Resumed the Practice of Law,
In the office of C. B. M. Smith,
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Special attention given to military and all other claims against the Government. Pensions procured. se5-tf

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se2-tf

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FOR PARLORS OF NEWEST DESIGNS,
At No. 107 Market street.
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The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

Young Men's Mercantile Library Association Lecture Seasons.

It is a subject of congratulation among the members and friends of the Mercantile Library Association, that its affairs have been so excellently managed for several years past that it is fast beginning to assume a more distinguished position among the institutions of its kind in this country, than has been its privilege ever before. Especially is the Association indebted to its Lecture Committees for the very thorough and successful administration of the responsible duties confided to them. The result has proved the soundness of the Association's judgment in selecting only men of discretion and capability, for the performance of this part of their work. During the last few seasons the best of the lecturing talent of the country has been introduced in Pittsburgh under the auspices of this Association. Among others who have contributed to the edification and entertainment of the vast number of people who attended these several courses, are Professor Louis Aggassiz, Professor O. H. Tiffany, Bayard Taylor, J. R. Gilmore (Edmund Kirke), Dr. J. G. Holland (Timothy Titcomb), Hon. S. Colfax, Annie E. Dickinson, John B. Gough, J. S. C. Abbott, George Vandenhoff, Emily Shaw De Cordova, etc.

The present Lecture Committee was originally appointed in November, 1864, and has proved to be eminently efficient. It was re-appointed in July, 1865, and to the gentlemen composing it, the lecture-going public are indebted for the variety and excellence of the entertainments of this character which they have enjoyed. The following is the result of their labors during the first two seasons: For 1864-5 the names of the lecturers and their subjects were as follows: 1864, Anna E. Dickinson: "A Plea for Labor," and "Meaning of the Election;" George Vandenhoff and lady, three readings; Bayard Taylor: "Our Foreign Relations;" J. S. C. Abbott: "Louis Napoleon," and "Our War and Gen. Grant;" Theodore Tilton: "State of the Country;" John B. Gough: "London," "Temperance," and "Fact versus Fiction." Amount paid into the Treasury of the Association, $2,201 87. Season of 1865-6, Prof. Oscanyan: "Turkish Life and Manners;" De Cordova: Courtship and Marriage," and a "Trip to Long Branch;" Hon. Schuyler Colfax: "Across the Continent;" Anna E. Dickinson: "Home Thrusts," "Flood Tides," and "My Policy;" Hon. Geo. Thompson: "Now and Then;" George Vandenhoff: Select readings; John B. Gough: "Peculiar People," "Habit," and "Temperance;" Rev. Henry Ward Beecher: "Work and Workmen," and "Reconstruction." Total paid into the Treasury of the Association, $2,943 26. Aggregate for the two seasons, $5,145 13. The season of 1866-7 will, probably, surpass those of all former years not alone as regards the lecturers, but in the support which these laudable efforts of the committee will receive. Some of the old favorites will be re-introduced, and along with them we shall greet new faces, while with all of them, new and interesting topics will unquestionably form the basis of their public efforts in the lecture room.

A Beautiful Work of Art—Present to Pope Pius IX.

A master piece of fine work, which in point of finish, excels anything we have yet seen executed with the pen, is on exhibition in the window of Messrs. Wamelink & Barr's music store, on St. Clair street. A rich arabesque border, forming a rectangle, surrounds a fine portrait of His Holiness, Pius IX., in full pontificals, above which are two reclining angels, supporting his coat of arms and a scroll bearing his title, and underneath is a photograph of Cardinal Antonelli, both surrounded by tracery, in which are emblems of the Church. Below these is a groupe of the Barr family, composed of twenty persons, embracing the parents, twelve children and those related by marriage. On the other side are two angels standing on postuments, on the tablets of which are represented the Eastern and Western Hemispheres. In the borders are fine pictures, copies from the old masters, of the "Immaculate Conception," "The Holy Family," "Christ Blessing Little Children," "St. Peter's at Rome," and a copy of the Pilgrim's Medal, presented to a member of the family by Pius IX. Surrounding all is the cross resting on a figure representing the Blessed Trinity, on each side of which are Adorning Angels. Stretched across the top are the words "*Gloria In Excelsis Dio*," in ancient illuminated manuscript text, done in gold, blue, black and red. On the right and left upper corners are figures of St. Peter and St. Paul, underneath which are appropriate passages of Scripture. This remarkably fine specimen of pen work was designed by Mr. Charles B. Barr, a member of the family whose portraits are displayed, and was executed by Mr. Charles Tiede, of this city, who certainly has no superior in pen drawing. The drawing has been placed in an elegant frame, and it is Mr. Barr's intention to forward it to Rome, as a present to the Pope.

The Mysterious Death of Mr. Shale—A Son of the Deceased Arrested for Murdering His Father.

We mentioned a few days since the mysterious death of a farmer named Mr. John Shale, residing in Cook township, six miles from Ligonier, in Westmoreland county. It will be remembered that Mr. Shale left his house at an early hour on Tuesday morning last, before having eaten his breakfast, and did not return [illegible] A search of the farm [illegible] found lying dead in a [illegible] ands in his head, either [illegible] fatal. A coroner's inquest was held, on Wednesday, but the jury could not decide whether the deceased had committed suicide or had been murdered. On Friday, however, Joseph Shale, aged about twenty years, son of the deceased, was arrested and confined in the Greensburg jail, on a charge of murdering his father. After the inquest, developments were made which directed suspicion to the son as the murderer, who, it appears, had some difficulties with his father in reference to his (the son's) marriage, which the father was greatly opposed to, and also in regard to some money matters. The evidence against the son is derived from the statements of two of his brothers, and is purely circumstantial. The brothers allege that Joseph followed his father from home, and shot him twice with a revolver, and then took several hundred dollars in Government bonds from his person. Young Shale was a soldier during the late war, and had deposited his bounty money in the hands of his father. The son had engaged to marry a lady, and the refusal of the father to return the money, is supposed to have been the origin of this horrible affair. The most intense excitement prevails in that section of the country in regard to the terrible tragedy, and the arrest of young Shale has served to intensify it.

Acting as a Policeman—Foiled by a Woman.

Several weeks ago a female named Mrs. Burns, residing in Johnstown, stole a cow belonging to a farmer named Wm. Kelley, residing in Peebles township in this county. She had the cow placed on the cars at East Liberty, and taken to Johnstown. Kelly appeared before Alderman Lynch, of the Third Ward, and lodged an information against her for larceny. A warrant was made out and sent to a Justice of the Peace in Johnstown, to be placed by him in the hands of an officer in that place, for the arrest of Mrs. Burns. Kelly getting impatient at the non-arrest of Mrs. Burns, proceeded to Johnstown on Saturday to ascertain the cause. The officer said he would not arrest the woman, until he was certain of receiving remuneration. The officer gave the warrant to Kelley, the latter not having enough money with him to pay him. Kelly arrested Mrs. Burns, had her placed in a car with him, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and proceeded to bring his prisoner to this city. When the train was about stopping at Boliver's station, she requested Kelly to allow her to go into the water closet. Instead of doing so, however she ran out of the car door to the platform, and managed to obtain the key, and locked Mr. Kelly in the car—the other door of the car having been locked before. She jumped off the train, and another going east at the time, happening along, she got on it, and is now, no doubt, back in Johnstown. Kelly did not manage to get out of the car until he had passed several stations, and not having enough money with him to take him back to Johnstown, he came on to this city. Mr. Kelly will no doubt engage an officer, if he wishes the re-arrest of Mrs. Burns.

Sentenced to the Penitentiary.

On Saturday morning, in the Criminal Court, Judges Sterrett, Stowe and Brown on the bench, the motion for a new trial in the case of Peter Stewart, Joseph McCall and Christian Emgee, convicted at the last term of the Quarter Sessions on a charge of robbing Johnston & Scott's jewelry store, on Liberty street, of watches and jewelry to the amount of about $500, was overruled and the defendants brought in for sentence. Stewart was also convicted on a charge of robbing the jewelry store of F. Kramer, on Penn street, in the Fifth ward, and was sentenced to the Penitentiary for the period of six years. McCall and Emgee were sentenced to an imprisonment in the Penitentiary for three years each. After the sentences had been pronounced the prisoners were taken over to the Penitentiary by Warden White. During the afternoon Messrs. Johnston & Scott paid to Chief of Police Hague the one hundred dollars which they had offered for the arrest and conviction of the thieves, which will be divided *pro rata* among the police force.

ARREST OF AN ALLEGED PICKPOCKET.—A man giving his name as Alexander Benney, was before Alderman John Strain, of the Tenth ward, on Saturday, on a charge of larceny preferred by Alex. Murray. Mr. Murray is the proprietor of a saloon on Market alley, and a few days ago he was requested to change a note. He drew from his pocket one hundred and fifteen dollars in notes and gave the required change. Benney noticed the occurrence, and shortly afterwards when an opportunity was afforded, stole the whole roll of notes from Murray's vest pocket, where they had been placed by the latter after giving the change. Benney escaped and managed to elude the vigilance of the police until Saturday, when he was arrested by officer Seth Wilmot. There were found in his possession ten large heavy silver rings, and some sets, all of which are supposed to have been stolen. Benney says he boards in Allegheny city, and denies having committed the theft. In default of one thousand dollars bail, he was committed to jail for trial.

PENS.—Few things are more essential to the commercial world than a really good and easy writing pen. We have used many steel pens in our time, but find the same fault with them al. The unpleasant catching and spattering in the paper, particularly that of the poorer grades. The carbonized metal pen, just introduced by C. Barnard, Esq., of London obviates these difficulties, and what is of equal importance, it is not so liable to corrode as an ordinary steel pen. One of these new pens with which we now write glides over the paper with the ease and facility of the old quill. We have no hesitation in saying that they will soon supersede the steel pens now in general use.—*New York Weekly Tribune.*

A NARROW ESCAPE.—On Saturday afternoon about three o'clock a boy on the mail train, going west, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, which was going at a rate of nearly twenty-five miles an hour, jumped off when passing Woods' Run Station. The accommodation train on the opposite track had just stopped. The boy was thrown a distance of fifteen feet, striking his head and arms against a car attached to the accommodation train. He was thrown to the ground between the trains, and parallel with the tracks. Had the accommodation train been in motion he would, no doubt, have been killed. He was but slightly hurt.

LARCENY.—A young man named Benjamin Buzzard was arrested yesterday on a charge of stealing a revolver valued at thirty-two dollars from Mr. W. Mc. McCarthy, of Fifth street. He had a hearing before the Mayor, and the evidence appearing to be conclusive, he was committed to jail, in default of bail, for trial.

AN ESTABLISHED REMEDY.—"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an established remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, and other troubles of the Throat and Lungs. Their good reputation and extensive use has brought out imitations, represented to be the same. Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches." eod-d & w.

THE FENIANS IN PITTSBURGH.

Intense Excitement Yesterday—Public Meeting Held and More Money Subscribed—The Pittsburgh Regiment.

Upon the reception of the telegraphic dispatches from Buffalo yesterday afternoon announcing that active hostilities between the Fenians and the Canadians had actually commenced, the excitement amongst the Irish element of our population became intense, and large crowds hastened to the Fenian Headquarters, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, to ascertain the truth of the reports. The hall was soon crowded, when a meeting was organized, which was presided over by Dr. McMeal, Jr. Enthusiastic addresses were delivery, calling upon the friends of the cause to step forward and subscribe to the bonds. The appeal was responded to by many persons present, and a large number of bonds were taken at a heavy discount. It was announced that five hundred were ready and anxious to leave for the seat of war at a moment's notice, but they were delayed owing to a want of "material aid." The amount contributed yesterday was hardly sufficient to defray the expenses of transporting so large a number, but as it was stated that the funds would be used for that purpose, it is reasonable to suppose that another detachment of Irish patriots from this city are *en route* for the border to reinforce their struggling brothers.

A regiment of Fenians, under command of Col. Gormly, has been organized in this city, of which Dr. Donnelly, of Fifth street is Surgeon. Captain D. Feny's company, composed of one hundred men, left on Friday morning via Harrisburg. Their expenses were defrayed by the County Circle. Another detachment of two hundred men under command of Capts. Barry and Connolly, left on Friday morning via Erie, and on Saturday night a squad of fifty men followed. The regiment is composed of men of all ages, but they are generally young and active. Upon leaving the city many of them were armed with shovels and picks, and stated that they were on their way to the Oil Regions. The Pittsburgh troops gained an enviable reputation during the late war for their prowess and bravery, and it is hoped that the new regiment will not detract from the laurels of their townsmen. In a few days it will be organized and engrafted into General Sweeney's army, should no disaster in the meantime occur.

Register's Business for May.

The following wills were admitted to probate, and letters of administration granted, at the County Register's office for the month of May:

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Decedent.	Executors.	Estate.
Robert Mahan	James Crawford	$3,000
Jacob Ackerman		8,000
Conrad Miller		800
Thomas Caldwell	James Bryce and Thos. Fawcett	1,500
Alexander Robb	Jane Robb	1,200
Thomas Miller	John W. Miller and Margaret Miller	20,000
Margaret Irwin	John H. Irwin and Chas. Schwarm	5,000
Mary Ann Hegg	Geo. E. Hogg and John T. Hogg	20,000
James Oliver	James S Oliver	1,000
James C. Neel	Eliza Jane Neel	4,000
Feronika Engel	Henry Engel	800
John Beatty		500
Hugh Rowland	Hannah & J. Rowland	3,500

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION GRANTED.

Conrad Miller	Catharine M. Miller	$600
John Wyble	David Wyble	500
Arabella Graff	Christopher Graff	16,000
James M'Shane	Anna M'Shane	6,000
Andrew Shaw	Wm G. Shaw	3,000
Jane Holmes	J. R. Holmes	300
Charles D. Evans	Ann Evans	200
George Miller	W. A. Passavant	200
Adam Metzgar	Frederick Metzgar	1,000
John C. Jones	James Morgan	100
Robert H. Andrews	Mrs. R. H. Andrews	50
Mary Neillie	Robert Neillie	1,300
Chas. H. B. Catlin	Martha Catlin	50
Lawrence Pirankled	John Hartman	200
Morgan Robertson	Joseph Albrie	16,000
Thomas Cane	John Morgan	500
Wm. Howe	Wm. V. Evans	300
Catharine Valentine	Conrad Reel	50
James Hawkins	Mary Hawkins	1,000
George Weaver	Mary Barkhammer	500

The Soldiers' Convention.

The State Convention of Soldiers, which will convene in the Academy of Music on Tuesday, promises to be one of the largest demonstrations of the kind ever held in the State. It is estimated that from six to eight thousand persons will visit the city for the purpose of being present on the occasion, and as arrangements have been made for a night session, our citizens generally should throw open their residences, and extend to the visitors a cordial and generous reception. The Committee of Arrangements appointed by the soldiers' meeting, held on Wednesday night, were notified to meet on Saturday afternoon, but as only three members of the Committee answered the call, no business was transacted. The Committee will, however, meet to-day and perfect the arrangements. The committee appointed to decorate the Academy of Music will attend to their duty to-day, the delegates from the Eastern part of the State will arrive this afternoon, and among the number will be one thousand soldiers from Philadelphia dressed in uniform. They will be met at the cars by a delegation and escorted to the hotels and other places prepared for their reception.

THE FLAG PRESENTATION ON THE FOURTH.—The veterans of the 62d Pennsylvian Veterans met on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, in the Council Chamber, to make arrangements for attending the flag presentation at Philadelphia on the Fourth of July next. The meeting organized by calling General J. B. Sweitzer to the chair, and appointing Lieut. W. J. Patterson Secretary.

On motion the followin committee was appointed to ascertain the number and names of those belonging to the regiment who desire being present at Philadelphia on the 4th of July: Capt. Ed. Timony, Sergt. H. B. McCurry, Sergt. J. J. O'Brien, Lieut. W. J. Patterson, Will Black, Thomas Wilson and Capt. J. Murray.

On motion the meeting appointed General Sweitzer, Lieut. Patterson and Capt. Crider a committee on transportation.

Messrs. McCurry, Clawson and Geyer were appointed a committee to have a suitable banner painted.

On motion, the following committee on finance, Gen. Sweitzer to be chairman, was appointed: Jeremiah Murphy, Co. D; Sergt. J. J. O'Brien, Co. D; C. Davis, Co. A; Capt. Timony, Co. K; Sergt. H. B. McCurry, Co. B; Corp. J. G. Sherlein, Co. E.

On motion, adjourned to meet Friday evening June 8, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

STRANGER ABUSED.—A young German emigrant named E. B. H. Gross, arrived in this city from Philadelphia yesterday afternoon, on his way to Chicago. After partaking of supper he took a walk up Washington street, and passed out to Cliff street, where he was met by a party of rowdies who knocked him down and abused him severely. The police were notified of the fact and succeeded in arresting one of the party named Andrew Patterson, who was locked up for a hearing. Gross appears to be an unfortunate personage, he having been robbed of a considerable quantity of money in New York City a few days since.

THE SUNDAY LAWS.—Mayor McCarthy appears determined to enforce the Sundy laws. Yesterday the police, acting under his instructions, visited the various drug stores and notified the proprietors that the sale of mineral water and segars on Sunday, would not, in future, be tolerated. The newsdealers were also informed that the law in their cases would be enforced. The Mayor can rely upon the hearty co-operation of the entire Christian community in his endeavors to preserve the sancity of the Sabbath.

A CAR DEMOLISHED.—About three o'clock yesterday morning some unknown person or persons, started a car on the Minersville Passenger Railway, down the low grade on Centre Avenue. The car jumped the track and ran against a new brick house, on the Avenue, owned by Mr. Hill, knocking the steps from in front of the house, and completely demolishing the car.

Police Items.

BEFORE ALDERMAN STRAIN.—Mary Battles complained, on Saturday, against John Webb, charging him with assault and battery. The parties reside in Splane's Court, off Fifth street, and the defendant is accused of having struck her on the mouth and beat her. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing. Mrs. Bridget J. Noonan charged her husband, Patrick Noonan, with wife desertion. Bridget alleges that for the past three months Patrick has abandoned her, and refused to contribute to her support. The parties reside on Penn street. In default of the necessary bail, he was committed to jail for trial. James McClaren was committed on a charge of assault and battery, preferred by Patrick Kennan. Hearings were had in the cases of assault and battery of John Stone vs. Patrick McCallister, and Wm. McGarvey vs. John Stone, which resulted in the accused in each case being held to bail to answer at Court.

BEFORE ALDERMAN TAYLOR.—Louis Haufman made informations before this magistrate against Louis Hardtmyer for assault and battery, and surety of the peace. The parties both reside in Reserve township, and the prosecutor alleges that the defendant seized a chair, and struck him with it, thereby knocking him down, and then kicked him on the head. Hardtmyer also threatened to deprive Kaufman of his life. A warrant for his arrest was issued.

BEFORE JUSTICE STEPHENS.—David Scott was before Justice Phillip Stephens, of Union township, on Saturday, on a charge of surety of the peace, preferred by his wife, Maggie Scott. David was arrested, and after a bearing, was held to bail for his appearance at Court to answer, in default of which he was committed.

Public Amusements.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—This evening the famous spectacular play of the "Seven Sisters," with the beautiful original scene of "The Birth of Cupid in the Bower of Ferns," will be produced at the Theatre. Mr. McDonough will appear in the laughable character of "Mrs. Pluto," while Mrs. Henderson will personate the vivacious character of 'Tartarine." All the favorites of the stock company appear in the cast.

OPERA HOUSE.—The management have effected an engagement with the wonderful conjurer and accomplished pianist, Robert Heller, for three nights more and an afternoon. This evening Mr. Heller will perform several new and interesting feats, equally as attractive as any with which he delighted large and fashionable audiences last week. Seats may be secured at Mellor's and Kleber's music stores, Wood st.

LAND. LAND,

GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO FARMERS and Settlers.—Several tracts of wild and cultivated land, a short distance from a good market, well timbered with oak, poplar, &c., suitable for staves and lumber; coal and minerals are also found. Oil developments progressing favorably on adjoining farms. For further particulars address WM. H. BRILL, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa.
mh20-itawd&w3m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, Executors of the Estate of Thomas Bakewell, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased—all persons having claims against said estate are requested to make known the same to the Executors without delay, and those indebted to said Estate to make payment to them, at the office of Bakewell, Pears & Co., No. 31 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM BAKEWELL,
BENJ. B. CAMPBELL,
BENJ. BAKEWELL, JR,
J. P. PEARS,
ORMSBY PHILLIPS,
Executors.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1866.—ap28-6witaw

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration upon the estate of Samuel Eberman, late of Elizabeth borough, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them properly probated at the residence of the Administrator in Elizabeth.

my2-6t-1taw R. B. ABRAHAM

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of JAMES GRAHAM, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned by the Register of Allegheny county, all persons having claims against or indebted to said estate, will call at 157 Liberty street and settle the same.

R. J. THOMAS,
Executor.

ap19-1taw6w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that Letters Testamentary on the Estate of HUGH ROWLAND, late of McKeesport, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against or indebted to the Estate, will present them for settlement.

JOHN ROWLAND, Executor.
HANNAH ROWLAND, Executrix.

McKeesport, May 26, 1866. my26-3td 1taw

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
FOREIGN EXCHANGE,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points, United States and Canadas.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
mh3

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY, June, 2 P. M.

The New York quotations at noon to-day were for Gold 140½; Eighty-ones 109½; Five-Twenties 102½; Ten-Forties 95¾, Seven-Thirties 102¾, and Certificates 100. Cleaveland and Pittsburgh 84¾; Fort Wayne 97¾; Bennehoff (oil) 12½; Pit Hole 2¾. United States 5; Gregory (gold) 11¼.

—Our local stock market was heavy and inactive to-day. The only sales we heard of were small lots of Columbia at 18@18¼, at which prices the demand is good and the stock is becoming scarce. Some considerable of it is offering at 19, and the indications are favorable for an advance. In Railroad shares there is more inquiry for Connellsville and Allegheny Valley. Bank stocks are without any quotable change.

—The new internal revenue law of Congress will, it is expected, be minus the onerous clause authorizing gas companies and street railroads to add the tax they pay to their bills and fares. The Philadelphia *List* says: This will be an important amendment in some cities, where the incorporated companies that manufacture the gas, although they have to "water" their stock to conceal the fact that they divide enormous profits, not only compel each of their customers to pay the revenue tax, but to pay so much a month for rent of metre, and have a deposit of from five to ten dollars, on legal interest, with the company, to secure the payment of the gas bills! This deposit, alone, amounts to a handsome working capital. As for the clause which the railroad interest was successful in having added to the tax law at the last session, and which in so many places has justified them in collecting one cent additional fare, because they pay one-eighth of a cent tax, its excision will be hailed as an act of equity all over the Union Corporations have rights as well as individuals, and those rights should be sustained by the community, but corporations, no more than individuals, should be permitted to transfer the payment of their own honest obligations to third parties, simply because the latter are helpless in the premises.

—The New York brokers have had much difficulty in reaching a satisfactory result as to the tax to which they are liable on their business. There have been several judicial opinions rendered pro and con., but still the question is in Court, Clark, Dodge & Co. having applied to Judge Nelson for an injunction restraining the internal revenue collectors from collecting tax upon their sales of stocks and other securities, whether made on their own account or others, on the ground that they are doing business under a banker's license, and therefore are not required to pay a tax on such transactions. Judge Nelson granted the order staying proceedings, and notified the officials to show why a permanent injunction should not be issued. If upon argument of the case, the Judge grants a permanent injunction, it is supposed all that the brokers will have to do is to throw up their licenses as brokers and take out a banker's license, and thus escape the revenue tax. The New York *Herald* states that there is at the present time one and a half million of dollars of tax held back by bankers. This, as a matter of course, is a sum worth contending for. The decision of the Supreme Court having removed all doubt as to the liability of the licensed brokers, the bankers now come in with the evident intention of getting rid of the payment of their tax. This being the case, Congress should arrange the phraseology of the new internal revenue law, before it is finally passed, that there can be no doubt as to its meaning, and remove all plea for an injunction in the future. We notice in this connection by the clause in the new Tax Bill, as it passed the House of Representatives, in relation to the tax on brokers' sales, that it is to be made a stamp tax on every memorandum or bill of sale to the amount, on stocks and gold and bills of exchange, of one cent on each $100 of the amount of the sale or sales.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
MONDAY, June 4, 1866.

The following are the receipts of oil by rivers and railroads for the past week. Also from the first of January, with a comparitive table for the same period in 1865:

	Rivers.	Rail.	Total.
Monday, May 28	556		556
Tuesday, May 29	918	1,760	2,678
Wednesday, May 30	459	4,003	4,462
Thursday, May 31	379	1,548	1,927
Friday, June 1	1,843		1,843
Saturday, June 2	1,239	2,267	3,506
Total for week	5,394	9,578	14,972
Since January 1	469,924	110,981	580,905
Receipts to June 2	475,318	120,559	595,877
Same time in 1865	135,000	48,000	183,000
Increase in 1866	340,318	72,559	412,877

Above the readers of the *Commercial* will find the oil statistics of the past week, since the 1st of January, and also a comparative table with the previous year. The week just closed was one of the dullest we have experienced for a long time, both as regards sales and receipts. The receipts were the smallest reported by river since the opening of navigation. The sales were pretty much of the same description. Dullness had supreme control. The market opened dull, continued dull and closed dull. The receipts of the week exhibit a large falling off as compared with previous weeks. The receipts since the opening of navigation were largely in excess of any previous year. The river receipts to date are 595,877 barrels, against 183,000 barrels received during the same period in 1865. This shows that the trade is largely increasing. During the past few weeks the receipts of oil from Smith's Ferry have very materially increased. The week's transactions in crude may be summed up as follows: Monday, sales principally in bulk, reached only 1,386 barrels, at 14@14½c, prices being governed by the gravity: light oil would not command these prices. Tuesday's sales reached 1,100 barrels, at the same figures. Wednesday's sales were 1325 barrels at bulk, 14@14½c; barrels included, 19@19½c. Thursday, nearly 1000 barrels were disposed of at current rates. Friday, sales as reported reached 5,800 barrels principally for future delivery, as the supplies in this market were too limited for transactions of that size. Saturday's sales were some 1,800 barrels, making the week's sales in crude about 15,346 barrels. The rates were uniform. Holders were disposed to hold out for the present rates. They prefer holding on to lowering their figures.

REFINED OIL.—The week's sales were not large. The transactions in crude reached 17,520 barrels. The sales were principally for future delivery, extending from June to October, all bonded and for Philadelphia delivery. The rates varied according to the faith the purchasers had, in their own judgment, as to what prices would rule during the months of June, July, August, September and October. The nominal rates on the spot were 36c for bonded, and 54c for free.

CRUDE OIL—The market on Saturday was moderately active, there being a fair trade demand for lots for present and future delivery. Sales were made to the extent of 4,917 barrels as follows: 700 bbls., bulk, at 14½c; 700 bbls. do, at 14@14½c; 112 bbls, packages returned, 14c; 500 do., same conditions, 14c; 168 do, 14½c; 600 do. 42 gravity, 14c; 500 bbls. 42 gravity, barrels returned, 14c. Sales of 1,000 bbls. bulk, to arrive, at 14c; sales of 150 bbls, and 387 bbls, free, on cars, at 19 to 19½.

LUBRICATING OIL—We note the following sales of Soho, 20 bbls. sperm lubricator, $1 45; 80 bbls. E, 45c, and 10 do D, at 55c per gallon.

REFINED OILS—The market was not very active; buyers and sellers were apart in their views. We note sales of 1,500 bbls. bonded, Philadelphia delivery, from 15th to 30th of June at 41½c. Sales were made on the spot at 36c. The principal inquiry known was for future delivery.

Oil Receipts Per Allegheny River.

J. Munhall	285	Fisher Bro.	4,008
F. Jacobs	202	J. Wilkins	100
J. Baxter	44	Mawhinny & Co	119
J. Benn	139	J. E. Strickler	116
Reed & France	100	White Bros	7
D. M. Edgerton	131	W. Haldeman	310
Total			5,552

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
MONDAY, June 4, 1866.

Business on Saturday was not very active; the sales were principally in lots to meet the local wants of the city trade. This, however, is no unusual occurrence for the last day of the week. The weather was pleasant. The heavy rains of Friday night cooled the atmosphere materially. Produce was in fair demand for home purposes and for export. The receipts during the past few days have largely increased. Prices for most descriptions have a downward tendency. Wheat—The arrivals were large. There seems to be an abundant supply in the market. The prices appear to be drooping. Bacon—We have to notice a continued firmness in the market with a good demand for home purposes. The supply is rapidly disappearing and will have to be replenished. Flour was steady with a good trade demand. Holders were firm in their views at current rates. The rise in the Allegheny has improved the export demand. Groceries were very firm. The advance we have previously noted has been sustained. The stock on hand is not large. Butter was more inquired for, holders generally were asking a slight advance. Eggs were scarce and wanted, holders have put up the figures. Trade on the landing was active on Saturday; the swell in the river caused quite a stir among the boats. Among the departures were the Petrolia for Memphis with a good trip; Argonaut No. 2 for St. Louis, with all the freight she could carry on the water; The Robert Moore for Cincinnati was loaded down; the Bayard will resume her trips in the Parkersburg trade this morning at 11 o'clock, passengers and shippers will be pleased to learn this fact. The new steamer Importer will positively take her departure for St. Louis this day. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

HAY—The market was firm, with a good trade demand; sales 10 tons choice baled, on the wharf, at $25 00; sales 12 loads at the scales at $24 00@28 00 ₩ ton.

BUCKWHEAT—Prices have declined a shade; we note sales of 150 bushels at $2 25 ₩ bushel.

EGGS—Were very firm, with an increasing demand for export; sales of 15 barrels at 25c ₩ dozen.

POTATOES—Were in fair demand; sales 6 cars peach blows, at depot, at $3 25@3 50 ₩ barrel; sales 300 bushels, in sacks, at $1 25 ₩ bushel; other sales were made at various prices, as per condition.

GRAIN—The market was steady with a fair demand for most descriptions; the receipts are on the increase, particularly from the west; among the sales we note the following: Barley—Sales 1 car of spring Ohio at $1 00, and 2 cars do at 95c; fall was held at higher prices. Wheat—Steady; sales 4 cars northwestern at $2 20. Oats—Sales of 300 bushels from store at 60c; sales 3 car loads, first hands, at 55@56c; sales 1,200 bushels at 55c. Corn—Steady; sales 2 cars bulk at 85c and 500 bushels from store at 88c. Rye—Sales of 1,000 bushels Pennsylvania at $1 00 ₩ bushel.

BACON—Was firm, with a good local inquiry; among the sales we note the following: Sugar-cured hams, canvassed, 6,000 lbs at 23@23½c. Sides—Ribbed, sales 3,600 lbs at 17¼@17½c. Shoulders—6,500 lbs at 14½@14¾c. Country meat was in good demand at full prices.

DRIED BEEF—Stock not large; sales of 800 lbs canvassed at 25c ₩ lb.

LARD OIL—Was steady, but prices were unchanged. We note sales 35 bbls No. 1 at $1 85@1 87.

FEED—Was steady, but not very active. Further sales of middlings were made at $1 70 per cwt.

FLOUR—The market remains active, with a good trade demand. Holders were firm in their views. As an evidence of this fact we may state that an Ohio operator sold for this market some 1,400 bbls, for future delivery, the purchaser to pay $12 40 on delivery. The brand, however, is a favorite one and generally commands the highest prices. Among the sales were the following: Extra Family Winter Wheat—125 bbls. $12 50@12 75; 280 bbls do do, $12 80; 300 bbls do in lots, $12 25@12 50. Spring Wheat Flour—sales 100 bbls. a favorite brand, $11 25; 100 do, $11; 265 bbls do in lots, $10 50@11 00 per bbl.

BUTTER—Was firm, with a better demand. Holders were inclined to ask a further advance. Sales 18 packages assorted, 25@28c ₩ lb. There was some inquiry for export.

FISH—We continue to notice firm market, with a good local demand. As prices were unchanged we omit them.

ASHES—Very firm. Pearls, 14½c. Soda Ash—common, 5½@5¾c; refined, 6½@6¾c.

CHEESE—Steady, but not active. Sales 40 boxes W. R., 16@17c, and 30 do Goshen, 21@22c.

Wool Markets.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The market for domestic fleeces remain quiet under a moderate inquiry from the manufacturers, and we note no further change in prices. The lower grades are depressed, but fine wool is wanted at full figures. Foreign is quiet; we note sales of 125,000 lbs domestic fleeces at 55a68c; 4,000 lbs Burry at 19c; 21,000 lbs combings at 65a68c; 4,000 lbs Cuba at 35c; 300 bales Mestiza at 20a22c, gold, and 30a35c currency; 350 do Cape at 29a30c gold; 220 do East India and 175 do camel's hair, on private terms. By auction, 800 bales California sold at 15a38½c.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—Trade is quiet. The stocks are nearly exhausted, and the receipts being trifling, still holders have been unable to realize full rates. The sales comprise 3,600 lbs fine, 65c; 30,000 do tub, 55a58c; 2,000 do fine, 61c; 5,000 do medium and fine, 50a52c; 1,000 do scoured tub, 65c; 13,000 common and ¾ blood, 52a62c; 5,000 do ½ and ¾ blood, 60c; 1,500 do ½ blood, 57c; 5,000 do ¾ blood, 55a57c; 5,000 do heavy fine fleece, 55c; 1,000 do Merino pulled 57c; 5,000 do No. 1 pulled, 45c; 1,000 do common, 51c; 13,000 do unwashed, 36a37½c; 8,000 do unwashed, 33a35c; 1,800 do unwashed fine, 43½c; 1,000 do coarse No. 3, 25½c; 6,000 do waste, 6 to 12½c.

The auction sale of California Wool on Wednesday was well attended by manufacturers and dealers who bought freely and paid quite full prices; the Wool was mostly low grades. The sales embraced about 870 bales at 17a31c for fall clip; 15½a19c for do burry; 20½a35d for spring clip; 15½a22c for do burry; 21a32c for lambs' wool; 16a18½c for do burry; and 7c for washed pulled burry.

BOSTON, June 2.—Prices current of Wool at Boston, as given in the circular of Hallowell & Coburn, dated June 1st:

Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia—Coarse, 50 to 53; medium, 53 to 58; fine, 58 to 63; extra, 63 to 67; double extra, 67 to 73.

Indiana—Coarse, 48 to 52; medium, 52 to 56; fine, 56 to 63.

Michigan—Coarse, 48 to 52; medium, 52 to 58; fine, 58 to 65.

New York and Vermont—Coarse, 48 to 52; medium, 52 to 55; fine, 55 to 60; extra, 60 to 63.

Illinois and Wisconsin—Coarse, 48 to 50; medium, 50 to 55; fine, 55 to 60.

Iowa and Minnesota—Coarse, 48 to 50; medium, 50 to 53; fine, 53 to 57.

Canada—Combing, 80 to 85; mixed, 55 to 62; clothing, 42 to 48; tub, 50 to 55.

Pulled—Extra, 55 to 65; super, 45 to 55; No. 1, 33 to 38; Philadelphia merino, 52 to 57; do No. 1, 42 to 45; Cincinnati, 40 to 46.

Trade good, prices steady.

CHICAGO, June 2.—There is a moderately active demand, but no essential change in values. Quotations are as follows: Tub, extra clean, ₩ lb., 50@55c; Tub, combed, ₩ lb., 45@50; Fine fleece, good condition, light, ₩ lb., 45@50; Fine fleece, bad condition, heavy, ₩ lb., 40@45; Medium, good condition, ₩ lb., 40@45; Medium, bad condition, ₩ lb., 35@40; Coarse, very light, ₩ lb., 40@45; Mexican, ₩ lb., 15@20. Burry, dingy and unsightly lots 20@25. One third off always for unwashed and Buck's Fleeces.

LOUISVILLE, June 1.—We quote unwashed fleece at 23@24c for rough; and 25@26c for choice. Sales of tub-washed at 38@42c.

ST. LOUIS, June 1.—The market for low grades is very dull. Half to full blood tub washed 45 to 50c; ordinary to medium do 35 to 42c; half to full blood fleece washed 40 to 46c; coarse do 30 to 35c; half to full blood unwashed 22 to 28c; coarse do 18 to 22c; burry lots 5 to 10c less.

BALTIMORE, June 2.—There is more doing in wool than there has been, but prices show no improvement. We quote unwashed at 23a25c; tub washed at 35a40c; No. 1 pulled at 30a33c, and Merino pulled at 40a43c. There is no fleece arriving, and we can give no quotations for it.

Iron Markets.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The market for both Scotch and American Pig is quiet, but holders are firm, and full prices are realized. Makers of the latter are still reluctant to sell much ahead, and importers of Scotch store freely. We only hear of 300 to 400 tons Scotch, in lots, at $43 for Eglinton, and $46@47 for Gartsherrie. Of other kinds, we notice 200 tons old Rails at $44; 200 do American Wrought, and 200 do No. 1 English Scrap, $40; 50 do Machinery, about $40; and 250 do American Railroad Chair, $95 cash. For Bar, &c., the market is very firm from store with a tendency to advance.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—Pig metal continues in good request, and prices are firmly maintained. Sales of 1,300 tons No. 1 Foundry at $42; 500 tons No. 2 at $39@40; 2,000 tons hard do at $37, and 1,000 tons Lehigh Crane Forge at $37.

Scotch Pig—There is no change to notice.

Blooms—Prices are steady, but there is not much doing.

Manufactured Iron—Continues in the same inactive state noted in our last.

BALTIMORE, June 2.—Pig is dull, but prices are nominally unchanged, and we quote Baltimore Charcoal Forge and Wheel at $50; Scotch at 41@50 from the yards; and Anthracite at $43@45 for No. 1 Ashland; $40@42 for No. 2 do, and $36@38 per ton for No. 3 do, according to the point of delivery.

CHICAGO, June 2.—The market is fairly active and steady at the following range: Common bar 5½ to 6; horse shoe iron, 7½ to 8½; common sheet iron 7½ to 8½; sheet iron charcoal, 10½ to 13½; sheet iron Juniata 12½ to 13; Norway nail rods, 11½ to 15; plow steel, German, 14 to 16; plow steel, cast, 17½ to 18½; spring and tire steel, English, 12½ to 15; tool cast steel, ordinary sizes, 30; tool cast steel, American, 25; blister steel, 22 to 26; Russia No. 10 to 16, 40c; Russia, Am. 1st quality, per bdl, 30; do do per sheet $2 to 28; do 2d quality, per bdl, 28 to 29; do do per sheet 30 to 32.

BOSTON, June 2.—The market for Pig iron is firmer, notwithstanding large receipts of Scotch, and a further material decline in the English markets. The latter is without quotable change here; but American Pig has advanced about $1 ₩ ton for small lots, with a reported scarcity of coal at the Pennsylvania furnaces, and some makers refuse to take orders ahead of production. The demand is quite vigorous, as the stocks of manufactured iron are much reduced, and consumers, long holding off, have at length been forced into the market.

Scotch Pig is steady and firm, with sales of No. 1 at $45 to 47 ₩ ton, as to brand, in small lots from store. American is in better demand and higher, with sales at a range of $41 to 47 ₩ ton, for the different numbers. Charcoal Pig is selling at a range of $45 to 75 ₩ ton, cash, the extreme rates for Vermont and car wheel iron. Bar iron is a shade better, with small sales of English and American at $100 to 105 ₩ ton for common and $110 to 115 for refined. Railroad iron is in fair demand at 55 to 56 ₩ ton, gold, for English, and $85, currency, for American. Boiler Plates are selling at 8c for flanges, 6c for C No. 1, and 5½c ₩ lb for common and tank. Russia sheet is quiet at 23 to 23c ₩ lb. English and American do are selling at 7 to 10c ₩ lb. Nails are selling at 6½ to 6¾c ₩ lb for assorted sizes.

Petroleum Markets.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The market for crude is dull and somewhat irregular—we quote at the close, 26½@27c for 40 to 47 gravity—the sales are 300 bbls in bulk, at 27c; 1500 do, in lots, 25 to 27½c for high and low gravities; 1500 do for July, 28c, in bulk, S. O. and 500 do for August, 23½c, S. O. Refined in bond, for present delivery, is very dull, but for future delivery, there is some inquiry; the sales are 1700 bbls at 40c, for L. S. to W. 45c for S. W., closing at 42½ to 43c for S. W.; 1000 do for June, 42½c B. O. for P. L. S. to W. and 44c B. O., last half for S. W.; 1750 do, for July, 43½c, B. O., for P. L. S. to W., and 44c B. O. first half for S. W.; 250 do S. W. for August, 46c B. O., 1250 do S. W. for September, 45c, B. O.; 1500 do S. W. for October, 49c B. O., and 10,000 gallons, in tin, 55c. Free is dull and neglected. 100 bbls Residuum sold at $5 50.

Received at New York since January 1st, 372,960 bbls. Same time in 1865, 182,991 bbls. Exported same time this year from New York, 11,421,858 gallons. From other ports, 7,548,641 gallons. Total, 18,870,479 gallons, against 4,163,129 gallons, same time last year.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—The fluctuations and downward movement in gold early in the week flattened the market, and prices fell off one cent ₩ gallon, but since, owing to the advance in gold there has been a reaction, and the concession has been fully recovered; sales of 4,000 bbls crude at 25@25½c; 2,000 bbls refined in bond, at 40@40½c—closing at 41½c bid, and 42c asked; 1,000 bbls deliverable first half of June, at 44c, s. o., 2,000 bbls all June, at 42@42½c, s. o.; 800 bbls July, at 43½c, s. o., 2,000 September, at 46½c, s. o., 500 bbls do at 47½c, b. o.; 2,000 bbls October at 47c, s. o.; 400 bbls do, at 47½c, s. o.; 200 bbls refined at 58@60c. Residuum in a small way at $5; and Benzine at 13a14c.

The receipts for the past week were of crude 3,568 bbls, and of refined 8,421 bbls. The foreign exports this week reach 1,660,368 gallons.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—We quote refined at 55 to 60c, duty paid. The market is steady.

BALTIMORE, June 2.—The market this week has been dull, the export demand having fallen off materially in consequence of the financial and commercial troubles in Europe, and we now quote refined at 41@42c in bond, and 58@60c ₩ gallon free. Benzine, we quote at 15c, in bond, and 35c free.

BOSTON, June 2.—The market for both crude and refined oil is very quiet, but very few transactions of magnitude either for present or future delivery. The late speculative movement evidently set in too early in the season to hold out, but the advance in prices which it effected has thus far been sustained.

Receipts continue very light at this point, but with the product of our local refineries added, the supply is fully equal to the present exigencies of trade.

We quote crude oil very quiet at 25@28c; refined in bond is dull and nominal at 43@45c; and do duty paid is in moderate request at 60@65c ₩ gallon for Western and Boston, including Kerosene. Naptha is firm and selling at 25@30c, as to gravity.

New York Grocery Market.

June 2—Coffee—Brazil continues depressed, the light demand and large stocks weighing heavily on the market. Our quotation are unchanged, but must be considered rather nominal, though we notice rather more inquiry from consumers, but only at low valuations. The steamer's advices to hand yesterday, to 8th May from Rio, are calculated rather to strengthen the views of holders, inasmuch as they speak of light shipment to the United States, a great scarcity, and high prices for prime qualities. The new crop, which is understood to be a full average, will not be in till September or October. Stock 110,000 bags. Exchange 24½d. Freight [illegible] nominal. The sales of Rio are 1,044 bags, per P[illegible], to arrive here from Wilmington, N. C., on private terms; 328 do here [illegible] besides which it is understood that 2,250 bags, per Redwing, in Baltimore, have changed hands at 19c, gold. We notice besides 300 bags Java at about 25½c, and 150 do Laguayra, 19c in gold.

Molasses—There was a general suspension of business yesterday, but the operations of Wednesday and Thursday were to a fair extent, the market remaining firm at the full prices of Tuesday last. The demand for home use continues good, and stocks still rule low. The sales are 347 hhds and 19 tcs Clayed Cuba at 47c; 14 hhds do, 46c; 260 hhds, 26 tcs and 29 bbls Cuba Muscovado (Sagua), 59c; 55 hhds do, in lots, 60@63c; 200 bbls Cuba Syrup, 82c; 147 hhds Barbadoes, 67½c; and 407 Porto Rico, in lots, 65@86c, mostly 70@80c, 4 months. By auction, 50 hhds Porto Rico sold at 67@75c; and 75 bbls, Texas, 75c, 4 months.

Rice—There is a steady fair demand, and the market is supported, especially for currency; the sales are 65 tcs Carolina, at $12@12 50, currency; 100 bags Rangoon, $7 12½, duty paid; 800 do, in bond, $3 80, both gold; 300 do, in lots, $9 25@9 75, currency, and 1,200 do, East India, to arrive, on terms we did not learn. Stock in New York June 1st, 12,787 bags East India cleaned.

Sugar—The market for Raw for the two business days (Wednesday and Thursday) was steady and uniform, with a fair demand both from Refiners and the Trade, at the currency of Tuesday last, closing with increasing strength at the close, as prices of Gold had an upward tendency. Refined is in moderate request, and prices have varied but little; we quote other than Stuart's, 16½ to 16¾c for hard, 15 to 15½ for Soft White, and 14 to 14½ for Yellow. The sales of Raw are 158 hhds. Cuba at 10½ to 11½c; 38 bags do, 10½; 200 hhds. Clarified do 15½; 371 hhds. Porto Rico, 10½ to 13½; 18 hhds, and 64 hhds Martinique, 11 to 12½; 20 hhds Guadaloupe, 13½; 141 bskts Java, 9½ to 10; 1207 bxs Havana, 9½ to 11¾; and 400 hhds Melado, 8¼, 4 mos. By auction, 155 hhds Muscovada, damaged, sold at 9¼ to 10½c cash. The stock 31st ult. was about 73,000 hhds, 90,000 bxs and 110,350 bags. The official statement will be made up to-day.

Tea—The market for large parcels, usually sold for Gold, is quite dull, owing to the advance in the precious metal, inasmuch as the selling prices in currency have not experienced a corresponding improvement. The operations embrace 500 hf. chests green, 830 Oolong, and 100 Souchong in bond. The cargo of 5,381 pkgs Oolong, received per Fanny Larrabee, has been shipped entire to London per F. B. Cutting.—*Price Current.*

Philadelphia Grocery Market.

June 2.—Coffee—The market continues very dull and prices are unsettled. A cargo of 1,300 bags Rio, received per Sea Egle, has arrived since our last issue, and remains unsold. Sales of 350 bags Laguayra at 19 a19¾c, gold; 480 bags do on secret terms; and 200 bags Rio at 22a26c, currency.

Molasses—There has been a good demand, and prices are fully 2 3c per gallon higher. Sales of a cargo of 425 hhds Manzanilla at 65c; one of 870 hhds, 30 tcs, Sagua Muscovado at 55a55c currency; a cargo of 448 hhds, 50 tcs, 20 bbls Trinidad Muscovado at 38c gold; 100 hhds do do at 58a62c, currency; a cargo of 420 hhds Cardenas at 38c, gold; 50 hhds (a deck load) of clayed Cardenas, common, at 46c; a cargo of 162 hhds Matanzas clayed at 47c; 100 hhds do do at 47a48c, currency; a cargo of 508 hhds, 50 tcs, do do at 48c; 121 hhds, 78 bbls Cienfugos, clayed, at 45a47c; 160 hhds do Muscovado at 58c; 78 hhds Sagua Muscovado at 65c; 76 hhds do clayed at 45c; 65 hhds Porto Rico at 70a78c; 20 bbls old crop New Orleans at 60c; 100 barrels Bee Hive Syrup at 35c. By auction, 10 hhds Cuba Muscovado at 52c, and 116 bbls New Orleans at 97ca$1 09.

Rice—There is a firm feeling in the market, but not much doing. Sales of 200 bags of Rangoon at 9⅛a10c. Carolina is scarce.

Sugar—The market has been rather feverish, prices varying with the fluctuations in gold, but there has been a good trade doing. The offerings have been small, and most of the receipts have been stored for higher gold values. Sales of 1,850 hhds Cuba at 8a8¾c, gold, and 10½a12½c. currency; 402 hhds Porto Rico at 9c, gold, and 11½a14c. currency; 2,800 bags Pernambuco at 8c, gold, and 124 bxs Havana at 11½a13½c, currency. For refined we have advanced our quotations ⅜a¼c ₩ lb. Stock on hand June 1st, 19,156 hhds, 7,283 boxes and 2,100 bags

Teas—Oolongs meet with a fair inquiry at full rates, but other descriptions are not much wanted. By auction, 1,160 bxs Fongtal, Chulang and Pouchong, sold by Mr. S. C. Cook, at 90a93½c.—*Commercial List.*

Tobacco Markets.

LOUISVILLE, June 1st.—The highest price ever paid for tobacco, either in this country or in Europe, was paid at the National Tobacco Fair yesterday, for a hogshead of Hart County, Ky., leaf, grown by Carpenter & Sturgeon. The price paid was $550 00. The sales yesterday were as follows:

1st premium $550; 3d premium $180; 3d do $120.
1st premium shipping leaf $25; 2d do $24; 3d do $23.
1st premium cutting leaf $115; 2d do $165; 3d do $47.
1st premium cigar leaf $40; 2d do $28 50; 3d do $49.
The ladies best hhd $100.
Best 10 hhds of manufacturing leaf sold at $37; 40 50, 48 82, 22 50, 18 50, 19 00, 25 00.
The 2d best 10 hhds cutting leaf $39 75, 29 00, 39 50, 30 00, 42 00, 26 50, 47 00, 20 00, 25 00, 27 50.
The third best 10 hhds cutting leaf $42 25, 30 00, 26 00, 26 50, 37 50, 29 00, 30 00, 21 00, 21 00, 35 00.

ST. LOUIS, June 1.—Holders are firm and reject bids freely. The best Missouri Tobacco, at the sales yesterday, brought $112 50.

CINCINNATI, June 2.—A fair demand is reported for the finer grades, and a moderate business is doing in the lower grades; prices, however, have not changed essentially.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—The market is more active. We note sales of 30 hhds Mason Co. Lugs and Leaf at 5 to 18c; 7 hhds Kentucky Leaf at 9c; 100 cases Penna. Seed Leaf at 4½ to 8c; black Manufactured at 52½ to 75c, and bright do. at 80 cents to $1 ₩ lb.

NEW YORK, June 2.—We note sales of 800 bales Havana Fillers, medium to fair quality, were sold at 65 to 75 cents, and good to fine at 80 to 95, currency, duty paid. Fine quality remains inquired after. Two hundred bales Havana were taken for export at 12 @ 16 cents gold, in bond; 70 bales ordinary Cuba brought 55 cents currency, duty paid; 150 bales H cut Yarn, brought on from Bremen, being of good quality, sold at 95 cents @ $1, duty paid.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

June 2.—The receipts of cattle yesterday were 1,272 head, and the day previous 3,028 head. The entered sales yesterday were 994 head. Total sales for the week 6,672 head. Prices yesterday ranged from $5 42 to 6 87½ for cattle averaging less than 1,000 lbs; from $6 00 to 7 65 for cattle averaging from 1,000 to 1,100 lbs from $7 00 to 7 75 for cattle averaging from 1,100 to 1 200 lbs; from $7 37½ to 8 62½ for cattle averaging over 1,200 lbs. About 1,000 head were left in the yards unsold. The market was comparatively dull, with a decline at the opening from the prices of the day previous, and a steady decline during the day, closing dull and quiet. The decline on the inferior grades was 37½ to 50c and on the best grades 25 to 37½c. The receipts of hogs yesterday were 2,509 head, and the day previous 6,237 head. Entered sales for the week 17,607 head. Entered sales yesterday, 3,171 head. Prices ranged from $8 65 for hogs averaging 160 lbs, to $9 55 per 100 lbs for choice assorted hogs averaging 290 lbs. Most of the sales were made at from $8 85 to 9 20 per 100 lbs. About 1,500 head remained unsold. Prices declined considerably through the day. The market closed dull and weak.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.
CHICAGO, June 2.

FLOUR was moderately active at $8 to 11,50 for fair to choice brands of Spring extras, and $12,50 for white Winter extras.

WHEAT opened dull at $165 for No. 1 Spring regular, but advanced to $1 65¾, the market closing steady at that figure; No. 2 Spring was quiet at $1 07 to 1 20 as to location, and rejected at 70c.

CORN was in good demand and steady at 52 to 53c for No. 1, 50 to 51c for No. 2, and 49 and 50c for rejected. No. 1 afloat, sold at 53 to 54c, and No. 2 at 52c.

OATS were fairly active at 32c for No. 1, and 30c for No. 2.

RYE was in fair request with sales of No. 1 at 68 to 69c and No. 2 at 60 to 62c.

BARLEY was dull with light sales of poor Western at 33c on track.

HIGH-WINES were steady at 23c in bond and $2 20 free.

PROVISIONS were quiet but firm, with meagre sales of mess pork at 31; sweet pickled hams at 17½c; and prime kettled lard at 22½c.

FREIGHTS were rather weak, closing at 12½c for corn to Buffalo.

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, June 2.—Flour steady. Wheat dull at $1 65 @1 65¾, and $1 00@1 03 for No 2. Corn active at 52¾@53c for No. 1; 50@52c for No. 2. Oats steady, at 32c for No. 1, and 30c for No. 2. Provisions firm. Bonded highwines at 23c. Freights firm and advanced ½c; corn 12½@13; wheat 14c to Buffalo. Receipts of flour, 11,500; wheat 68,000; corn 55,300; oats 205,000. Shipments—Flour 16,000; wheat 34,000; corn 218,000; oats 110,000.

New York Finance and Trade

Special Dispatch to Western Press.
NEW YORK, June 2.

MONEY.

The money market is very easy, and the demand on the Stock Exchange is fully met at six per cent., while some balances were loaned at five per cent.

DISCOUNTS.

Prime discounts are current at 6@7 per cent.

STOCKS.

The stock market was firm this afternoon towards the close, and there was a rally from the lowest point at the one o'clock board.

GOLD.

Gold closed at 141¼ after selling at 141⅝. The total export for the week was $6,870,997.

GOVERNMENTS.

The Government securities were firm this afternoon.

PETROLEUM AND MINING STOCKS

The market for petroleum and mining shares was quiet this morning with very little change of prices.

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEW.

The business of the week was light. Coffee depressed; Java 25½c; Rio 19c, gold. Cotton—Receipts 1,383 bales; middling uplands 38½c. Petroleum—Crude 26½@27c. Flour firmer; Ohio $9 85; Michigan extra $7 25@8 70. Pork—Mess $29 28@29 50. Bacon quiet. Sugar—Cuba 10½@11¼c; stock 73,000 hhds.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Money market easy at 6 per cent. Sterling quiet and firm, 109¾. Gold firm, opening at 141⅛, declining to 140¾, advancing to 141⅛, and closing at 141. Total exports of specie to-day $3,631,874. Government stocks quiet and steady. Freights to Liverpool are quiet and firm. The closing prices of stocks were: Canton, 60¼a61; Quicksilver, 52a52½; New York Central, 98¼; Erie, 61a61½; Reading, 108a108¾; Michigan Southern, 80¼a80½; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 84½a85; Rock Island, 92¾a93½; Northwestern, 31½a31¾; do preferred, 85¾a85⅞; Fort Wayne, 97⅜a97¾.

The *Commercial's* money article says: The stock market presents the usual Saturday dullness. The whole stock list is kept in suspense by the uncertainty as to the future course of Erie, now largely under the control of the speculative directors, and there is a disposition to defer operations until it is more apparent what is likely to be the course on the consol stock.

At the Board Erie was firmer, opening at 61⅞ and advancing to 62¼, but declining subsequently to 61½. New York Central remains firm at 97¾a98. 14 Cleveland and Pittsburgh the course appears to be toward lower prices under the realizing of the clique. Reading is firm at 109¼.

Governments continue firm at Thursday's quotations, except ten-forties which are ⅛ better. Money is a shade easier. The balance are offered freely at 5 per cent until Monday, but the general rate on call loans is 6 per cent. Discounts are active. Lenders are disposed to take liberally at current rates; prime names are quoted at 6a7 per cent. Gold is less active, but steady. Very great dissatisfaction is felt at the action of the Erie directors in accepting further loans from Mr. Drew. It appears that recently the Company borrowed a further sum from that director, making its total indebtedness to him $175,000 upon 28,000 shares of common stock as collateral. The 10,000 shares returned by Mr. Drew some months ago having been re-hypothecated to him, he has made further proposals to lend the Company any portion of $1,800,000, accepting as collateral the convertible bones of the Company at the rate of sixty cents on the dollar, so that in the event of the Company taking up the whole amount offered, the amount of those bonds hypothecated would be $3,000,000. The Company is to be at liberty to repay the loan, or any part, at pleasure, after ten days notice, or has the option of allowing it to run two years without liability to put up a further margin. Mr. Drew, on the other hand, stipulates for the right to convert the bonds into stock at pleasure, to return the collaterals in the form of stock, and to use the collaterals as he may please. Mr. Drew's proposal was accepted at the meeting of the Board of Directors held this week. No part of the loan has yet been taken up, but of course the acceptance of the offer implies that the Direction contemplate acting upon it.

New York Dry Goods Market.

DRY GOODS EXCHANGE.—NEW YORK, June 2.—Trade to-day rather quiet; market very strong and firm for all cotton goods. The business of the week has been more satisfactory. Prints—Allens, 18c; American, 19 @20c; Amoskeag, 18¾@19c; Cocheco, 21c; Dunnels, 19c; Freeman, 16½c; Garner & Co., 21c; Hamilton, 20c; Wauregan 17c. Shirts—No. 25, J W L, per doz. $15 00; No. 150, $24 00; No. 210, $25 00. Corsets—Thomson's French woven, B B, 12@13, gold; C C, $11 50@12 50, gold. Ginghams—Caledonia, 21c; Glasgow, 25c; Hartford, 21½c; Lancaster, 28c; Manchester, 28c. Printed Delaines—Armurra, 23½c; Hamilton, 22½c; Pacific, 22½c. Brown Sheetings—Pacific extra, 24c; Matowankeag, A, 22c; Amoskeag A, 25c; B, 24c; Appleton A, 23½c; Atlantic A, 25c; H, 24c; Augusta, 21; Bangor, 21; Broadway, 22½; Cohasset, 24; Dwight A, 22; Howard A, 21; Indian Head, 24; Laconia B, 22; Medford, 21½; Nashua Extra, 21½; Fine Brown Atlantic A, 22; do L, 23; Bedford, 16; Boston M, 16½, O, at 19; S at 20; Great Falls M, 21; Indian Orchard BB, 19; James, 22; Pacific A, 24½; Pacific L, 23. Sheetings and Shirtings, bleached—Billow A 20; Bartlett's 30; Bates, 29; Dwight 29; Forest Dale 30; Hill Sem. Idlem, 32½; Home 32½; Hooper, 26; James 30; Jamestown, 22; Lonsdale, 32; Masville Co, 24; Masonville, 32; Naumkeag W, 32½; New York Mills, 42½; Tuscara, 32½; Waltham, 31; Wamsutta, 35. Denims—Arlington, 42½; Amoskeag, 52½; Manchester, 42½; New York, 40; Pearl River, 42½; York, 50.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Cotton dull and drooping at 37 to 38c for middling, chiefly at 38c. Flour steady for medium to good grades, and dull and declining for common brands; $8 00 to 8 50 for extra state; $9 40 to 9 55 for extra round hoop Ohio, and $9 80 to 14 00 for trade brands, closing dull. Wheat quiet and without decided change at $2 38 for prime new No. 2 Milwaukee; $2 10 to 2 35 for common to good new No. 1 Milwaukee, and $1 77 for Chicago spring. Corn fully 2c lower for unsound and steady for sound at 79 to 79c, for unsound new mixed western; 79 to 82c for sound do; 85 to 86c for western yellow. New oats dull and heavy, white and old are scarce at 48 to 55c new, and 70c for old western. Petroleum dull at 27c for crude and 63c for refined in bond. Pork firm, with fair demand at $30 31½ to 30 68¾. New mess closing at $30 62 cash; $28 00 to 29 50 for old do, and $24 37 to 24 50 for prime. New mess for June, July, August and September, sellers and buyers option, at $30 50 to 31 00. Beef steady, at 16 to 21c for new plain mess, and $21 50 to 24 50 for new extra mess. Beef hams quiet and firm at $47 to 48. Cut meats steady at 11 to 13½c for shoulders, and 17 to 19½c for hams. Lard quiet and firm at 19 to 22½c, and small sales choice at 22¼ to 22½. Butter quiet and lower at 21 to 35c for Ohio, and 25 to 42 for State. Cheese dull at 18 to 20c. Bacon quiet and nominal.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, June 2.—Flour in moderate demand; Spring extra Western, $10 50@11 25. Extra State $9 50 to 10 50; white double extra Western, $12 to 14. Wheat scarce and unchanged. Corn dull at 69c for No. 1 mixed. Oats 44 to 45c for Chicago and Wisconsin. Barley and Rye nominal. Pork $31. Canal freights dull. Corn to New York 12 to 12½c. Receipts Flour [illegible] Canal exports—[illegible]

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—Petroleum quiet. Flour dull; superfine $7 75@8 50; extras $8 75@9 75. Wheat dull; good white $2 85a3 25. Corn firm at 88c. Coffee dull. Provisions quiet. Whisky—Pennsylvania at $2 24a2 26; Ohio at $2 28.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, June 2.—Cotton heavy at 35c. Flour and wheat steady and unchanged. Corn dull at 84a78c. Oats lower at 60a65c. Pork steady at $32. Lard quiet at 21¼a22c. Bacon steady and unchanged. Whisky scarce and advanced to $2 23, but held higher at the close.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, June 2.—Flour quiet. Wheat a shade lower; sales amber, $2 55 bus; new white, $2 65 bus; new amber, $2 24; [illegible] No. 1 Milwaukee, $2 [illegible] Corn 1c better; sales No. 1 mixed at 69c; yellow, 62c. Oats ½c better; sales at 42½c. Lake freights dull.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, June 2.—Flour steady. Wheat dull. Corn declined 1c. Oats firm. Receipts of flour 15,000; wheat 140,000; corn nominal; oats 20,000. Shipments—Flour 2,600; wheat 40,000.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, June 2—Cotton dull; sales 200 bales at 35a36c; to day's receipts 428 bales. Bank Sterling, 56 cents.

Louisville Provision and Whisky Market

June 1st.—Provisions and Lard—The market is firm, though Mess Pork was quiet at $31 50 in round lots. Bacon in good request, with a sale to a dealer of 14,000 pieces of shoulders at 13½c, loose. Small sales at 11½c. For a round lot of clear sides 19½c was refused, the prevailing rate being 19½c. Sugar Cured Hams range from 23c to 24c as to quality. Lard is fully sustained at 22a23c in tierces, and 23½a24c in kegs.

Whisky—The market is firm. We quote raw at $2 22½a2 23; rectified $2 23; new copper, free, $2 25, in bond, $2 50; old copper, $2 75a3 25.

Cincinnati Provision Market.

June 2.—Mess pork sold readily, the reported transactions covering about 1,100 barrels city at $31; 75 bbls country at $30, and 150 bbls old city at $30. Lard is quite firm at 22c. Bulk shoulders, country cut, though very good, sold at 12¾c, packed. City are held steadily at 12½c, loose. Bulk sides are quoted at 15¾c. Clear sides at 17¼c. Bacon shoulders are quiet at 14@14½c. Bacon sides at 17¼@17½c. Clear sides at 18½@19c. Sugar cured hams are steady at last quotations.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Per Pitts, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R

Feizer & Armstrong, 140 sacks middlings; W W Herron & Co, 165 sacks middlings; Watt & Wilson, 100 bbls flour; L H Voigt & Co, 165 bbls potatoes, 62 sacks buckwheat; F Sellers & Co, 1,709 bacon shoulders; W Linhart, 100 bbls flour; D Wallace, 200 bbls flour; R Dalzell & Co, 7 boxes cheese; Beckham & Long, 5 mowers; Blair & Woods, 1 box bacon, 2 bbls eggs; W J Meek, 1 bbl eggs; W Mullins, 3 cars scrap iron; A McClintock, 1 car hoops; H Riddle, 11 boxes cheese; 25 bbls flour; J Woods & Son, 3 cars pig iron; Knox & McKee, 100 bbls flour, Schomaker & Lang, 153 sacks barley, 100 bbls flour; Culp & Shepard, 100 bbls flour; Way & Stephens, 1 car potatoes; W G Johnson 2 bdls paper; L Langham, 1 car lumber; J Knox, 70 step ladders; A H English & Co. 25 bundles paper; H Rea, jr, 16 bbls eggs, 1 do beef; Garrard & Son, 467 sacks barley; Nimick & Co, 3 cars pig metal.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Ferguson & Co, 650 bushels wheat; W D Patterson, 650 sacks oats; Stevens & Co, 1 car potatoes; L H Voigt & Co, 294 bbls potatoes, 350 bushels do; M W Rigdon & Co, 1 car lumber; B Smith & Co, 1 do do; Nimick & Co, 50 tons pig iron; Park, McCurdy & Co, 400 slabs copper; Potter, Aiken & Shepard, 240 sacks potatoes, 30 boxes cheese; J Glenn, 249 sacks mill feed; J Woodwell, 1 grind stone; S Krosen, bundles wooden bowls; H Langkomp & Co, 15 do do; Herdman Keefer & Co, 44 bundles spokes; G Kennedy, 68 half barrels fish; E Heazelton, 75 boxes starch; 100 bbls flour; Adams & Co, 100 bbls lime; W W Wallace, 30 do do; B L Fahnestock & Co, 20 do do; Lorenze & Whiteman, 20 do do; T A Evans & Co, 30 do do; Schomaker & Lang, 5 cars barley, 3 hhds and 10 tierces hams; S Ewart & Co, 3 boxes bacon, 4 kegs lard; Lippincott, Fry & Co, 1 box glass; Head & Metzgar, 3 bbls eggs, 1 sack rags, 2 packages butter; Graff & Reiter, 50 boxes cheese, W P Beck & Co, 6 sacks rags; J S Dilworth & Co, 2 sacks yarns; J J Gillispie, 1 bbl eggs; R Dalzell & Co, 14 boxes cheese; J P Scott, 1 bbl turpentine; Newcomer Goe & Co, 1 keg fish; T C Jenkins, 2 bbls bacon; C H DeKnight, 50 bb's crude oil; J J Bender, 1 car nail kegs.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Page, Ziller & Duff, 37 beach blocks; G N Hoffstott, 19 sacks glue, 2 packages tails; C P Markle & Co, 96 bundles printing paper, 2 sks sacks, L Stemple & Co, 1 car tan bark; R H Palmer, 1 dump clay; J Porter, 105 feet free stone; Jones & Laughlin, lot old scrap twine; C P Markle, 55 bdls printing paper; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 38 coils rope, 3 sacks twine, 4 bales Manilla; Moorhead, 5 bundles sheet iron.

Pitts. Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad.

D Wallace, 1 car corn; W J Meek, 1 car potatoes; Culp & Shepard 1 car rye, 2 do corn; Seghmyer & Veskamp, 400 bbls flour; Keil & Ritchart, 1 car corn; M Steel & Son, 1 do do; McBane & Anjer, 1 do do; E R Leland, 2 cars wheat; William Bingham, 120 sacks oats.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Parkersburg.

PER STEAMER FOREST CITY.—R T Kennedy & Bro, 7,000 hoop poles; J H Riggs, 2 hogsheads sugar; Hubbard & Bro, 1 circular saw; Jas Splane, 76 packages furniture; Sellers, Canfield & Co, 30 oil barrels; J R Weldin, 10 bundles card boards.

Pitts. Brownsville & Geneva U. S. Mail Transportation Company.

J C Gabler, 216 boxes glass; J H Roberts, 3 barrels eggs; R C Schmertz, 71 boxes glass; Clarke & Sumner, 61 oil barrels.

Pitts. Brownsv. & Geneva Peoples' Line.

McCully & Co, 100 beach blocks; L D Dammelt, 1 box; M Rush, 2 kegs butter; L H Voigt, 3 bbls eggs; Little, Baird & Patton, 2 boxes bacon; J S Cunningham, 1 firkin butter; Calvin B Power, 1 wagon; John Connell, 1 casting; Shriver & Lazear, 1 bbl bacon; W H Smith & Co, 1 package bacon; John Gibson, Sons & Co, 207 sacks malt, 1,790 lumber; Stamm & Illig, 17 packages sundries; S S Fowler, 1 bbl soap; John S Cunningham, 2 half bbls wine; Mr S J Barris, 1 box; John Flack, 181 boxes window glass; Tareum & Applebaum, 5 bbls whisky; John Forsyth, 1 tub butter; M W Rankin, 1 box bacon; S N Wallace, 4 sacks corn.

Arrival and Sailing of Ocean Steamers.

TO ARRIVE.

SHIPS.	LEAVE	FOR	DAYS.
City of Boston	Liverpool	New York	May 16
Scotland	Liverpool	New York	May 16
Damascus	Liverpool	Quebec	May 17
City of Manchester	Liverpool	New York	May 18
Persia	Liverpool	New York	May 19
Celia	London	New York	May 19
Teutonia	Hamburg	New York	May 19
City of London	Liverpool	New York	May 23
Baltic	Bremen	New York	May 23
Africa	Liverpool	Boston	May 26
Scotia	Liverpool	New York	June 2
Allemania	Hamburg	New York	May 26

TO DEPART.

SHIPS.	LEAVE	FOR	DAYS.
Manhattan	New York	Hav. & V. C.	May 25
City of New York	New York	Liverpool	May 25
Virginia	New York	Liverpool	May 26
Bremen	New York	Bremen	May 26
Bavaria	New York	Hamburg	May 26
Evening Star	New York	New Orleans	May 26
George Cromwell	New York	New Orleans	May 26
Missouri	New York	Savannah	May 29
Java	New York	Liverpool	May 30
Tripoli	New York	Liverpool	May 30
Eagle	New York	Havana	May 30
Atlantic	New York	Bremen	May 31
City of Boston	New York	Liverpool	June 2
Denmark	New York	Liverpool	June 2
Britania	New York	Glasgow	June 2
Peretre	New York	Havre	June 2
Saxonia	New York	Hamburg	June 2
Huntsville	New York	New Orleans	June 2
San Salvador	New York	Savannah	June 2
Cuba	Boston	Liverpool	June 6
Bellona	New York	London	June 6
City of London	New York	Liverpool	June 9
Scotland	New York	Liverpool	June 9
Teutonia	New York	Hamburg	June 9
Persia	New York	Liverpool	June 13
Africa	Boston	Liverpool	June 20
Scotia	New York	Liverpool	June 27

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Only Manufacturers in the West of
HEAVY CORDAGE,
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ap3-3m

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED

Arrived.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Monon City.
James Rees	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Armenia	McCallam	St. Louis.

Departed.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Monon City.
James Rees	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Forest City	Gordon	Parkersburg.
Glasgow	Johnston	St. Louis.
Argonaut No. 2	Richmond	St. Louis.
Robert Moore	Maratta	Cincinnati.
Petrolia	Colby	Memphis.
Echo No. 3	Gordon	Oil City.
Chieftain	Abrams	Geneva.
Fayette	Cox	Geneva.
Laura	Lane	Geneva.

THE RIVER.—Last evening evening at twilight the marks on the Monongahela indicated five feet and rising. During Sunday forenoon we had steady rains. A fine rise is expected. The Allegheny marks indicated six feet six inches. Trade to Oil City has again opened up. The Echo No. 3 and Laura departed on Saturday. They will be followed to-day by others.

CAPT. ANDERSON'S new steamer, R. C. Gray, will be completed during the present week.

CAPT. WOODBURN'S new steamer, W. A. Caldwell, is progressing rapidly. She will be a model boat in every respect.

AMONG the first boats due will be the Nora, Capt. Devenny. She will have despatch for a return trip to Cincinnati.

THE steamer Armenia, Capt. McCallum, arrived from St. Louis. She reports business dull all the way round.

TRADE on the slack water continues very brisk. The rival packets Chieftain and Fayette left on Saturday evening with excellent trips of freight and crowded with passengers.

THE splendid side-wheel steamer "Bayard," Capt. George D. Moore, will leave this day, at 11 A. M., for Parkersburg. Passengers and shippers will bear this in mind.

THE new and handsome light-draught steamer "Pine Bluff," Capt. Taylor, made a short trial trip on Saturday. She will load for Memphis and Arkansas river direct on her trip round. She performed to the entire satisfaction of both owners and officers.

THE new and splendid passenger steamer "Importer," Capt. J. Noss, leaves this day positively for Cairo and St. Louis. This boat has fine speed and superior accommodations. Persons going that way will be well cared for on this boat.

THE first-class passenger steamer Columbia, Capt. R. J. Porter, leaves for St. Louis and St. Paul on Tuesday. She will go through without reshipping. The Columbia is one of the best boats of her class afloat, and is in charge of careful and experienced officers, who will see that passengers have the best of attention. Mr. Clark, who presides in the office, will be found both clever and attentive.

EXPLOSION OF THE CITY OF MEMPHIS.—Some person at Memphis has been imposing on the Cincinnati *Commercial* in regard to this boat. He says she was built at Pittsburgh in 1857—that when she exploded her boilers were sixteen years old. The young man is certainly good in figures. He further says, she had been condemned several times, and had no business to run. If the City of Memphis was not in a fit condition to run, the inspectors were wrong in furnishing her with papers. Let the matter be investigated.

Cincinnati.

June 2.—We condense the following from the *Enquirer*:

The weather yesterday was cloudy, and gave strong indications of rain, which may fall during the night. The river at this point was about stationary yesterday, with scant eight feet seven inches in the channel.

Tennessee and Cumberland are both falling, with about three feet and a half on Harpeth, and about the same on Colbert shoals.

There is scant four feet of water in the canal, and less than twenty-six inches on the falls, reported at Louisville.

The Mississippi and all the upper tributaries continue falling fast, and will soon be at the usual low water stage.

BUSINESS—There was very little to disturb the monotony of the landing yesterday. There is comparatively little freight offering, and the boats experience some difficulty in filling up. There were no arrivals outside of the regular packets.

The Lady Pike, running in the Savannah line, has been sold by her owner, Captain Munford, for $12,000, to parties interested in the above trade.

BURNING OF THE STEAMER OAK.—The steamer Oak, which was destroyed by fire near Atlanta, Georgia, on Monday night last, had on board a cargo consisting of five hundred and three bales of cotton, three bales of wool, and a large lot of merchandise. In two minutes after the discovery of the fire she was enveloped in flames. She had twenty-five persons on board, nine of whom perished in the flames or were drowned, among whom were the pilot, engineer, steward, cabin boy, four deck hands, and a negro girl. All the papers of the boat and letters were consumed. She was owned by Col. J. B. Presdee, and insured for $10,000.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—A taut cable broke on the Mollie Mohler, up the Missouri river, on Thursday, breaking the legs of three men, and throwing another out upon the bank, breaking two of his ribs.

The steamer Lamartine, which was sunk near Savannah some time since, has been successfully raised.

The *Commercial*, same date, says: The river has been on a stand, during the twenty-four hours ending last night, with four feet on the shoalest bars hence to Louisville. There is four feet in the canal. There is seven feet in the Lower Ohio. The Cumberland is falling, with four feet on Harpeth Shoals.

As is usual on Saturdays, there will be more departures than during any other day of the week. In addition to the daily packets, the Tahlequah, for Pittsburgh, and the Kate Robinson, for Memphis.

JEFFERSONVILLE, June 1, 7 P. M.—EDS. COM.—There is 26 inches in the steamboat pass over the falls. Weather cloudy with indications of rain. The following boats passed up to-day: Saint Cloud, Silver Spray and Memphis.

EVANSVILLE, IND., June 1, 7 P. M.—EDS. COM.—The weather to-day is cloudy, with the slightest sprinkle of rain. The river is falling very slowly. Business dull. Port List—Morning Star, Memphis to Louisville; Charmer and Superior, from Cairo; J. P. Webb, from Nashville; Tarscon from Louisville. The Charmer and Webb had over 100 hhds tobacco each. The Morning Star discharged 270 bales of cotton here. The Superior had 40 hhds of tobacco, and returned to Cairo with a moderate trip. The Charmer broke her shaft at the foot of Wabash Island, but spliced it and came through. She lies up to repair, and will be thoroughly overhauled. The Superior took her mails to-day, and will probably supply her place for the present. The J. P. Webb goes into the dry dock. The Myrtle takes her place and goes to Nashville to-night.

Louisville.

June 1.—We condense the following from the *Courier*:

The river continues to recede very slowly, with four feet one inch water in the canal last evening, by the mark. During the previous 24 hours it had fallen only an inch at the head of the falls, and three inches at Portland. The weather has assumed a more decided summer temperature, with a clear bright sky all day, and the thermometer at 78 at noon and rising. Though the weather has been unseasonably cool all the week, it did not bring either frost or snow in this locality, as was stated by other city papers.

On the falls last evening there were about 23 inches water in the pass down the Indian chute, and not much prospect of that channel cutting out, as it is as hard as adamant, and as smooth as glass. It is, however, the safer and surer pass just now, as the canal is again obstructed.

The Mississippi and all the upper tributaries continue falling fast, and will soon be at the low water stage.

The navigation of the lower Ohio is very precarious—the last arrival reporting but 4½ to 5 feet of water on Walker's Point, just above Hurricane Island.

The Wabash, Cumberland and Tennessee Rivers are all low, which rapidly runs off the water of the lower Ohio.

CANAL OBSTRUCTION.—The steamer Melnotte went into the canal day before yesterday with a lot of barges laden with hay, destined for New Orleans. One of the barges sunk in the canal, which was obstructed all day yesterday, to the detention of other boats.

The Imperial came in with four model barges, all destined for the upper Western rivers. Owing to the obstructions in the canal it was determined to take the falls, the only safe and sure chute. Oars or sweeps were rigged to the barges, and under the guidance of falls pilot Pink Varble they got over the falls.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
Have received a large and superior assortment of
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH LASTING,
Kid, Goat and Morocco Button
Congress and Lace Balmorals
FRENCH KID SLIPPERS,
TIES AND BUSKINS.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
CHILDREN'S FANCY SHOES,
ALL COLORS.
Also, a large stock of Gents', Boys' and Youths'
FRENCH CALF BOOTS,
BALMORALS and
CONGRESS GAITERS,
Which are sold at reasonable prices at
No. 31 Fifth Street.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
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RIVER PACKETS.

Monongahela River Packets.
PEOPLE'S LINE
OF STEAMERS
(INCORPORATED)
PITTSBURGH,
Monongahela City, Brownsville
AND GENEVA.

THIS COMPANY will run a daily boat between the above points, comprised of the new and splendid side-wheel steamers
CHIEFTAIN..........R. R. ABRAMS, Commander.
ELECTOR..........ROBT. PHILLIPS, "
(The ELECTOR is now being completed, and will take her place in the line in alternate days.
The CHIEFTAIN will leave Pittsburgh for all points on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 5 P. M.
Returning, leaves Geneva for Pittsburgh on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 A. M., and Brownsville at 4 P. M.
This Company have FIRST CLASS WHARF-BOATS at Monongahela City and Pittsburgh.
Freights Received at all Hours.
NO CHARGE for Commission on Eastern Freights.
THIS LINE will not Run Boats on the Sabbath.
APPLY ON BOARD OR TO
JOHN S. CUNNINGHAM,
AGENT.
On Wharfboat, foot of Grant St.
my11-tf

1866. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1866.
MONONGAHELA RIVER,
Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva
(UNION LINE)
PACKET COMPANY
Will run four daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva, and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:
FAYETTE..........CAPT. M. A COX.
TELEGRAPH..........CAPT. D. BUGHER.
FRANKLIN..........CAPT. G. W. CLARKE.
GALLATIN..........CAPT. A. S. CARLILE
These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., and 5 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure will be at 8 o'clock, a. m.
The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 5 p. m.; Brownsville daily at 5 a. m.
Returning—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m. and 4 p. m.
Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 10 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 12 o'clock m.
Leaves Monongahela City at 6 o'clock.
The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.
Freights Received at all Hours.
NO COMMISSION on Eastern Freights.
For further particulars, inquire of
Capt. J. H. ROBERTS,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant street Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
fe15 Brownsville, Penna.

Marietta & Parkersburg Packet Line
1866. 1866.
SPEED, SAFETY AND COMFORT
COMBINED,
PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, MARIETTA AND PARKERSBURG
DAILY PACKET LINE
Comprising the following first-class Side-wheel Passenger Steamers:
BAYARD..........GEORGE D. MOORE, Master.
LENI LEOTI..........J. HAMILTON, Master.
GREY EAGLE..........JOHN GORDON, Master.
DOWN TRIP—STEAMER URILDA.
Leaves Pittsburgh every Monday and Thursday, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
Leaves Wheeling every Monday and Thursday, at 9.30 P. M.
STEAMER LENI LEOTI.
Leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday and Friday, at 11 A. M.
Leaves Wheeling every Tuesday and Friday, at 9.30 P. M.
STEAMER GREY EAGLE.
Leaves Pittsburgh every Wednesday and Saturday at 11 A. M.
Leaves Wheeling every Wednesday and Saturday, at 9.30 P. M.
UP TRIP—STEAMER GREY EAGLE.
Leaves Parkersburg every Monday and Thursday a 2 P. M.
Leaves Wheeling every Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M.
UP TRIP—STEAMER URILDA.
Leaves Parkersburg every Tuesday and Friday at 2 P. M.
Leaves Wheeling every Wednesday and Saturday at 7 A. M.
STEAMER LENI LEOTI.
Leaves Parkersburg every Wednesday at 2 P. M., and Sunday at 7 A. M.
Leaves Wheeling every Thursday and Monday, at 7 P. M.
☞ Connections going down are made at Wheeling and Bellair with the Cleveland and Pittsburgh train, which leaves Pittsburgh at 5.05 P. M., and Cleveland at 2.25 P. M. Also, with train of Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, which leaves Chicago at 10 P. M.; and at Marietta with Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad, and with steamers to all points on the Muskingum river; and at Parkersburg with early train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and with Daily Line Steamers to Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Ironton, Portsmouth, Maysville and Cincinnati.
☞ On up trip, connections are made at Bellair with Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, 6.03 A. M. train, by which passengers arrive at Cleveland at 1.45 P. M., and at Chicago at 7.00 A. M. next morning.
JAMES COLLINS & CO., Agents,
At Wharfboat, foot of Wood st., Pittsburgh
Where freight will be received each day, up to 5.00 P. M. ja20

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENT.
1866.
NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,
FROM
St. Louis to Keokuk and Saint Paul.
One of the splendid side-wheel steamers of this line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, Stillwater, St. Paul, and Minne-ha-ha Falls.
Through receipts for freight and passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi River, on steamers running from this port and connecting with Northern Line Packets at St. Louis.
Thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to
JOHN FLACK, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to
ap24 R. C. GRAY.

St. Paul Packets.
For Keokuk, Rock Island, Dubuque, Winona and St. Paul,
TUESDAY, June 5—4 P. M.
The fine passenger steamer COLUMBIA, R. J. PORTER, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or
my29 JAMES COLLINS, Agents.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
WEDNESDAY, June 6—4 P. M.
The splendid passenger steamer LEONIDAS, F. MARATTA, commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or
my7 JAMES COLLINS, Agents.

Cincinnati and Louisville Packets.
For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
MONDAY, June 4—4 P. M.
The fine passenger steamer IMPORTER, J. NOSS, commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
je2 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Louisville and Tennessee River.
TUESDAY, June 5.
The new passenger steamer RAPIDAN, Capt. G. W. EVANS, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
my28 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents!

Portsmouth Packet Line.
Regular Pittsburgh and Portsmouth Packet, in place of Golden Era.
The splendid passenger steamer REVENUE, Captain W. H. KERR, will commence making regular trips in the trade on the 9th of MARCH, leaving Pittsburgh EVERY FRIDAY, at 4 P. M., taking freight for all intermediate points.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
mh8 JOHN FLACK, Agent.

Muskingum River Packets.
For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.
Every SATURDAY, at 4 P. M.
The new and splendid Passenger steamer JULIA No 2, WM. COULSON, Commander, J. C. McVAY, Clerk, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville,
EVERY TUESDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M. The regular passenger steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. C. R. STULL, will leave as announced above. Returning, leaves Zanesville every Friday at 7 A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

Smith's Ferry Packet.
For Smith's Ferry and Glasgow.
The new light draught steamer JAMES L. GRAHAM, runs regularly between Pittsburgh, Smith's Ferry and Glasgow, leaving Pittsburgh on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 o'clock, M., and Glasgow and Smith's Ferry on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board.
my29-1meod S. H. FERREE, Capt.

STEAMER BELL.
PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the STEAMER BELL are requested to present them for settlement at the office immediately.
je1 T. W. LOUGHREY, Captain.

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GROCERS,
COR. WOOD and WATER STS.,
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I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, m of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. have also the celebrated Hydralic Jacks, (Bla wood's patent,) for raising vertically or horiz tally 4, 7, 10 or 15 tons. Please examine them.
CHARLES MAGGI, Agent,
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I am prepared to furnish Steam Engines so much approved of for Oil Wells and other purposes, on the shortest notice, having different sized Engines on hand, and finishing others. The public can be accommodated with almost any size they want. The work to show for itself. WILLIAM FISHER, Fifth Ward, between Mechanic and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh dec21-tf

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☞ Especial attention invited to their Adjustable Cut-Off, recently patented, for Stationary Engines.
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Insurances effected in the above Companies, which are strictly FIRST CLASS, and worthy the CONFIDENCE and patronage of the community.
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Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor.
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
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MANUFACTURERS.

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PITTSBURGH & McKEESPORT
CAR COMPANY,
MANUFACTORY, McKEESPORT, PA.
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This company is organized under the General Manufacturing Laws of the State of Pennsylvania, with ample capital and facilities for doing an extensive business. We respectfully solicit orders for the manufacture of BOX, GONDOLA and RAILROAD COAL CARS PIT CARS, SCREEN BEARERS and BARS complete Railroad Rollers, Pit Wagon Wheels, Frogs and Turnouts for Coal Roads, Railroad Car Wheels and Castings, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Plows, Plow Points Cultivators, and Foundry Castings in general.
IRON AND METAL TURNING,
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ap22-2aw T. J. CRAIG.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
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BAR, HOOP, SHEET and PLATE IRON,
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Warehouse and Office.
120 WATER, AND 158 FRONT.
Branch House,
NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 RIVER ST.,
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JENNINGS & CO.,
Machinists and Manufacturers of their
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,
For Oil Wells,
No. 220 Rebecca St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
These tools are warranted made of pure Low Moor Iron, hammered expressly for our use. Improved Sheriffs, Grabs, Extra Joints, Jars, Bits, Reamers, &c., always on hand.
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